THE FINAL WORD

WHAT SCRIPTURE TEACHES ABOUT GOD AND THE GOSPEL



NAME:

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Contents

SECTION ONE TRAINING SESSIONS	01
Session One Are Mormons Christians?	02
Session Two Who Is God?	
Session Three What Is the Gospel?	A .
Session Four How Do We Know What's True?	
Session Five What Is Your Authority?	
Session Six How Do We Engage with Mormons?	
SECTION TWO	. 07
REQUIRED READING	87
Reading Plan	88
Reading Quizzes	
Nedding Quizzes	J.
SECTION THREE	
TRIP JOURNAL PROCESSING THE TRIP	111
Day One	
Day Two	121
Day Three	127
Day Four	133
Day Five	139
Day Six	145
Day Seven	151
Day Eight	157
SECTION FOUR	465
TRIP DEBRIEF TAKING YOUR EXPERIENCE HOME	165
Feeling Word Summary	166
Main Takeaway Summary	
Ten-Year Takeaway	
Two-Minute Story	
Action Items to Consider	
The After Survey	
SECTION FIVE	
TRIP RESOURCES HELPFUL TOOLS ON AND AFTER THE TRIP	185
Packing List, Guidelines & Expectations, and I.E. Jobs	
Temple Square Tour Info	
Conversational Surveys	
Helpful Articles, Charts, and Sheets	
Helpful Videos, Books, and Online Resources	287
SECTION SIX	
NOTES	291
INOTES	291

Students, Read This Now.

You're about to embark on MAVEN's Biblical Immersive Experience, where the Bible will be challenged like never before. You'll dialogue with dedicated Mormons who say they are Christians, yet will use the Bible to declare a different Jesus, a false god, and a work-based path to Heaven. You'll encounter devoted Mormons of all kinds, who will challenge the orthodox biblical claims in order to point you toward Mormonism, which they believe is true Christianity.

Why would we create an experience like this?

Because we're not afraid and you shouldn't be either. See, we think the Bible is inerrant and unchanging, and we also know that every objection and argument Mormons provide against the Bible are inconsistent and unsound. So, we're not afraid of putting the Bible to the test.

We are going to purposefully expose you to a different biblical worldview because we've discovered such exposure actually helps inoculate you from those false views. Why do people get a flu shot? To inoculate themselves from the flu virus. Think about it. We purposely expose ourselves to a virus in order to protect from the uirus. That's exactly what we'll do with you during the Biblical Immersive Experience. You will walk through a number of challenges to your faith so you can see firsthand that Christianity and the Bible can stand up to the toughest questions any Mormon can ask.

Not only will The Biblical Immersive Experience give you confidence that God is real. Not only will you grow in your ability to show others compelling biblical evidence for God, Jesus, and the true Gospel. You will also see how the truth of Jesus Christ transforms how we live.

We pray that God's Holy Spirit will give you a love for the lost and a passion to go and make disciples of Jesus.



The Before Survey

Before diving into the Biblical Immersive Experience, take a few minutes to complete this survey. Answer the questions as honestly and as thoroughly as you can.

Short Answers...

1.	To the best of your ability, write your definition of the Trinity Be as precise and accurate as possible.
2.	From memory, what biblical passages would you cite to
	support the doctrine of the Trinity?
3.	From memory, what biblical passages support the Christian view of salvation and what's required?
	•
4.	Why is the Bible trustworthy and authoritative?

Ra	te Yourself
	the following questions, rate yourself using the following
SCC	die:
	1 = Completely uncomfortable2 = Not very comfortable
	3 = A bit hesitant 4 = Fairly confident
	5 = Completely comfortable & confident
6	How confident are you that the Bible is the authoritative
0.	Word of God?
	12
7.	How comfortable are you standing up for Christian truth
	and values with your close friends and family?
	1
8.	How comfortable are you in your ability to share the Gospwith unbelievers?
	1



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SECTION ONE

TRAINING SESSIONS

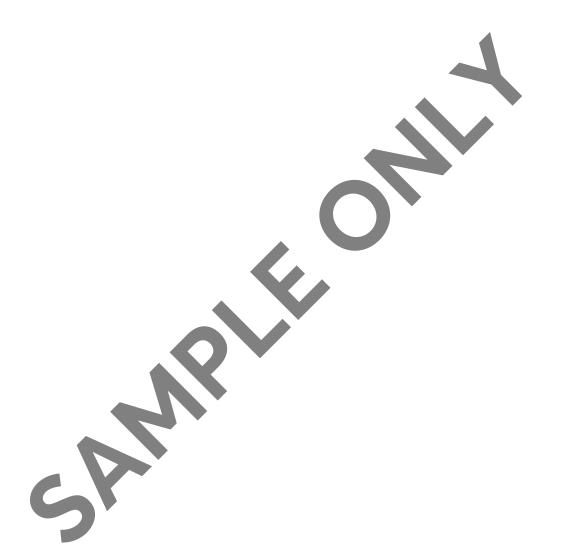
THE FINAL WORD: WHAT SCRIPTURE TEACHES ABOUT GOD AND THE GOSPEL

Section One of this guidebook is an interactive engagement tool to help you dive deep into the truth that will be taught during the six-session teaching series, *THE FINAL WORD*.

Before you engage Mormons, you first need to study and learn the key biblical truths about Christianity. In this section you will find the following tools for each session:

- Session Outlines: During each session, track along with the teachings by filling in the blanks and taking notes.
- Session Reviews: After each session, take a minute to quiz yourself on what you retained by completing, from memory, each session's review.
- Session Discussions: Lastly, dialogue with your team about each topic, using the discussion questions.

Don't be a passive listener, be an active learner. Use these tools!



Session One

Are Mormons Christians?

"When it comes to God and the gospel, there is an impossible theological gulf between Mormonism and Christianity."

Brett Kunkle

Session One Outline

	re Mormons Christians? sk a clarification question	
•	What do you mean by	
Pc	ossibility #1	
1.	Mormonism is just another under	
Hi Jo pr	nderstanding Mormon story seph Smith is the founder, first ophet, and president of the ormon church and was given his st vision in 1820.	
let all re	(NASB) ut if any of you lacks wisdom, thim ask of God, who gives to generously and without proach, and it will be given to	

(Pearl of Great Price)
"My object in going to inquire of the Lord was to know which of
all the sects was right, that I might know which to join, No
sooner therefore, did I get possession of myself, so as to be
able to speak, then I asked the personages who stood above
me in the light, which of all the sects was right (for at this time
it had never entered into my heart that all were wrong)—and
which I should join. I was answered that I must join none of
them, for they were all wrong; and the personage who
addressed me said that all their creeds were an abomination in
his sight; that those professors were all corrupt; that: 'they draw
near to me with their lips, but their hearts are far from me, they
teach for doctrines the commandments of men, having a form
of godliness, but they deny the power of thereof."
(Book of Mormon)
"And he said unto me: behold there are save two churches only;
the one is the church of the lamb of God, and the other is the
church of the devil; wherefore, whose belongeth not to the
church of the lamb of God belongeth to that great church,
which is the other of abominations; and she is the whore of all the earth."
the earth.
Ask two more clarification
questions
What is the meaning of
?
• Which
do I belong to?

Possibility #1 Conclusion

Mormonism can't jus	t be another	of
"Mormonism is Christianit, and the same, and they ar in the minutest detail."		
	Bruce McConkie	Mormon Doctrine
Possibility #2		
 Mormonism is to Christianity 		
Ask another clarificatior question		
Aren't Christians also	?	

"Latter-Day Saints believe that, through the priesthood conferred to Joseph Smith by the ministries of angels, the authority of act in God's name was brought back to the earth. This is 'restored' not 'reformed,' Christianity. Their belief in a restored Christianity helps explain why most Latter-Day Saints converts, from the 1830s to the present, converted from other Christian denominations. None of these converts thought they were leaving Christianity; they are simply grateful to learn about, and become part of, the restored church of Jesus Christ, which they believe offers a more complete and rich Christian church spiritually, organizationally, and doctrinallu."

> www.churchofJesusChrist.org | Teachings of Presidents of the Church: Joseph Smith, Chapter 8: The Everlasting Priesthood

According to the LDS Church	
There was an of	
the Christian Church	
Possibility #2 Conclusion	
Mormonism is <i>NOT</i> identical to Christianity	
What Mormons really mean is	
Mormons are the Christians	
Memory Verse (NIV)	
"Now this is eternal life; that they may know you, the only true God, land Jesus Christ, whom you have sent."	
Differences Can Have Huge Consequences	
Mutually claims	
The Most Important Question	
• What is?	

the	truth subjective truth is something at is true for the subject. It's a rsonal preference.	
•	truth	
	ojective truths are facts. They e true whether anyone believes	
	em or not.	
	ur Key Questions to Ask Your ormon Friends	
1.	Who is?	
2.	What is the	
3.	How do we know?	
4.	What is our?	
W	hat Is Love?	
	ove is not [just] an affectionate feeling ved person's ultimate good as far as it	
	ou pure de la comparta del comparta de la comparta de la comparta del comparta de la comparta del la comparta del la comparta de la comparta del la comparta del la comparta de la comparta de la comparta de la comparta de la comparta del la comparta	C.S. Lewis Theologian
	(NASB)	
	Let us not love with the word or	
	th tongue, but in deed and	
tru	ıth "	

(NASB)	
"Lovedoes not rejoice in unrighteousness, but rejoices with the truth."	
What Is Tolerance?	
To recognize and respect others' beliefs without sharing them, to bear or put up with someone or something not necessarily liked.	
Classical Tolerance	
All people are	\bigcirc
All ideas are not	
All are not equal	
Then God said, "Let us make mankind in our image, in our likeness" So God created mankind in His own image, in the image of God He created them; male and female he created them.	

(NIV)	
"But in your hearts revere Christ as	
Lord. Always be prepared to give	
an answer to everyone who asks	
you to give a reason for the hope	
that you have. But do this with	
gentleness and respect, keeping a	
clear conscience, so that those	
who speak maliciously against	
your good behavior in Christ may	
be ashamed of their slander. For it	
is better, if it is God's will, to suffer	
for doing good than for doing	
evil."	
Two Ways to Engage Boonle	
Two Ways to Engage People Who Don't Believe What We	
Believe	
Delleve	
1. Know we believe	Y
and we believe it.	
2. Do this with &	-
Love & Truth	
(NIV)	
"You yourselves are our letter,	
written on our hearts, known and	
read by everyone. You show that	
you are a letter from Christ, the	
result of our ministry, written not	
with ink but with the spirit of the	
living God, not on tablets of stone	

(NIV)	
"This is my command: love each other."	
(NIV)	
"If the world hates you"	
(NIV)	
"If the world hates you, keep in mind that it hated me first. If you	
belonged to the world, it would	
love you as its own. As it is, you do not belong to the world, but I	
have chosen you out of the world.	
That is why the world hates you.	
Remember what I told you: 'A servant is not greater than his	
master.' If they persecuted me,	
they will persecute you also."	
(NIV)	
The apostles were brought in and	
made to appear before the	
Sanhedrin to be questioned by	
the high priest. "We gave you strict orders not to teach in this	
name," he said. "Yet you have filled	
Jerusalem with your teaching and	
are determined to make us guilty of this man's blood."	
or this mans blood.	
Acts 5:29 (NIV)	
But Peter and the apostles	
answered, "We must obey God	

(ESV)

They called the apostles in and had them flogged. Then they ordered them not to speak in the name of Jesus, and let them go. The apostles left the Sanhedrin, rejoicing because they had been counted worthy of suffering disgrace for the name. Day after day, in the temple courts and from house to house, they never stopped teaching and proclaiming the good news that Jesus is the Messigh.



Session One Review

Test yourself on what you retained from Session One. Once you've completed this review, grade yourself. Answers are found in your session outline. *Grade* = ___/5

Fill-in-the-Blank...

1.		clarifying question should you ask on the control of the control o	when told that
	•	What do you mean by	
2.	Who i	is Joseph Smith?	
	•	Joseph Smith is the, fir and, of the Mormon characteristics given his first vision in	nurch and was
3.	What Christ	do Mormons really mean when the tians?	y say they are
	•	Mormons are the	_ Christians
4.	What	are four key questions you should o	ask a Mormon?
	D	Who is?	
	V	What is the?	
		How do we know?	
	•	What is our	?

5. What is classical tolerance?

All people are _______

All ideas are not ______

• All _____ are not equal

Session One Discussion

With your team, take time to discuss the content of this session.

- What has been your usual response to the question, "Are Mormons Christians"?
- 2. Does it really matter if Mormonism is just another denomination of Christianity?
- 3. How can love and truth help when having a discussion with Mormons?
- 4. What one question do you have after today's teaching?
- 5. How much time might it take a Mormon to carefully examine the biblical claims of God and convert to Christianity? How long are you willing to walk with someone on that journey?



Session Two Who Is God?

"A careful study of LDS theology reveals a host of characteristics separating the Mormon God and the Christian God."

Brett Kunkle

Session Two Outline

Who Is God?

The Mormon View of God...

"He who often thinks of God, will have a larger mind than the man who simply plods around this narrow globe ... the most excellent study for expanding the soul, is the science of Christ, and Him crucified, and the knowledge of the godhead in the glorious trinity. Nothing will so enlarge the intellect, nothing so magnify the soul of man, as a devout, earnest, continued investigation of the great subject of the deity."

Charles Spurgeon | Theologian

The standard works... King James The Book of Doctrine and Pearl of (D&C) "The father has a body of flesh and bones as tangible as man's; the son also, But the holy ghost has not a body of flesh and bones but is a personage of spirit."

"It is the first principle of the gospel to know for a certainty the character of God ... I am going to tell you how God came to be God. We have imagined and supposed that God was God from all eternity. I will refute that idea, and take away the veil, so that you may see."

Joseph Smith | King Follett Discourse

"I have always declared God to be a distinct personage, Jesus Christ a separate and distinct personage from God the Father, and that the Holy Ghost was a distinct personage and a spirit: and these three constitute three distinct personages and three Gods. If this is in accordance with the New Testament, lo and behold? We have three Gods anyhow, and they are plural: and who can contradict it!"

Joseph Smith | History of the Church, Vol. 6, p.473-479

"As man is God once was. As God is man may be."

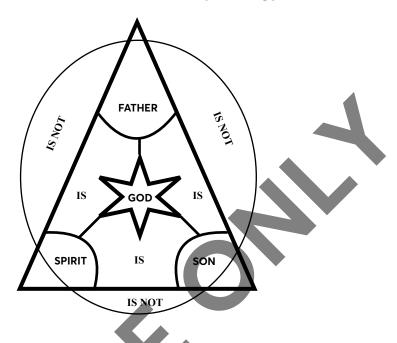
Lorenzo Snow | Mormon Prophet

The Mormon view summarized

•	Thehasn't	
	eternally been God	
•	is a separate	
	divine being	
•	The	
ı	is a separate divine being	
Cł	nristian View vs. Mormon View	
•	Christians have one	
•	Mormons have a radically	
	different	

(NIV)	
"Now this is eternal life: that they	
may know you, the only true God,	
and Jesus Christ, whom you have	
sent."	
The Christian View of God	
• is a Trinity	
	
Two things you'll find when doing	
a careful study of the Trinity	
,	
1. The Trinity is not	
,	
2. The Trinity is	
"Within the one being that is God, there	
coequal, coeternal, and distinct person	s, namely, the father, the son,
and the Holy Spirit."	
	James White Theologian
Logical Foundations for the	
Trinity	
	
God is one	
(one being)	
God is three	
(three persons)	
 God is Father, Son, Holy Spirit 	
	
	

Illustration 1: The Most Accurate Trinity Analogy



The logical explanation summarized	
• The is not illogical	
Biblical Foundations for the Trinity	
Foundation #1	
There's only God	
Foundation #2	
There are distinct persons	
Foundation #3	
Each distinct person is God	
Bible Study on Foundation #1	
There's only one God	
"Here, O Israel! The Lord is our	
God, the Lord is one!"	
5	

(NASB)	
"You are my witnesses," declares	
the Lord, "and my servant whom I	
have chosen, in order that you	
may know and believe me, and	
understand that I am he. Before	
me there was no God formed, and	
there will be none after me. I, even	
I, am the Lord; and there is no	
savior besides me."	
(NIV)	
This is what the Lord says—	
Israel's king and redeemer, the	
Lord almighty: "I am the first and I	
am the last; apart from me there	
is no God."	
A Mormon's typical response	
7,1,10,11,0,11,0,11,0,11,0,11,0,11,0,11	
There's only one God for this	
A helpful question to ask	
 Can you show me a place in 	
the where	
there is more than one	
?	
(NIV)	
"Now this is eternal life: that they	
know you, the only true God"	
•	

Bible Study of Foundation #1 concludes	
The Bible teaches there is one	
Bible Study on Foundation #2	
There are three distinct persons	
(NIV)	
"As soon as Jesus was baptized,	
he went up out of the water. At	
that moment heaven was opened,	
and he saw the Spirit of God	
descending like a dove and	
lighting on him. And a voice from	
heaven said, 'this is my Son, whom I love; with him I am well pleased."	
Tiove, with him ram well pleased.	
(NIV)	
"Going a little farther, he fell with	
his face to the ground and	
prayed, 'My Father, if it is possible,	
may this cup be taken from me.	
Yet not as Kwill, but as you will."	
Bible Study of Foundation #2	
concludes	
The Father, Son, and Holy	
Spirit are from	
one	

Bible Study on Foundation #3	
Each distinct person is fully God	
,	
(ESV)	
"In the beginning was the Word,	
and the Word was with God, and	
the Word was God."	
the Word was dod.	
(NASB)	
"I and the Father are one."	
I and the Father are one.	
/ / 40.04 () / 40.05	
<u>John 10:31</u> (NASB)	
"The Jews picked up stones again	
to stone him."	
John 10:32 (NASB)	
"Jesus answered them, 'I showed	
you many good works from the	
Father; for which of them are you	
stoning me?'"	
storning me.	
John 10:33(NASB)	
"The Jews answered Him, "For a	
good work we do not stone You,	
but for blasphemy; and because	
You, being a man, make Yourself	
out to be a God."	
• Jesus was	
claiming to be	

(NIV)	
"Then Peter said, 'Ananias, how is	
it that Satan has so filled your	
heart that you have lied to the	
Holy Spirit and have kept for	
yourself some of the money you	
received for the land? Didn't it	
belong to you before it was sold?	
And after it was sold, wasn't the	
money at your disposal? What	
made you think of doing such a	
thing? You have not lied to men	
but to God."	
(NIV)	
"The Spirit of the Lord spoke	
through me; his Word was on my	
tongue. The God of Israel spoke,	<u> </u>
the rock of Israel said to me:	
'When one rules over men in	
righteousness, when he rules in	
the fear of God"	
God is three in	
being	
(NASB)	
"baptizing them in the name of	
the Father and of the Son and of	
the Holy Spirit"	
(50) ()	
(ESV)	
"In the beginning God created the	
heavens and the earth."	

(NI	V)				
"In the beginning was the Word, and the Word was with God, and the Word was God. He was with God in the beginning, Through Him all things were made; without Him nothing was made that has been made."					
Illustration 2: Everything That Exists					
ALL THINGS THAT NEVER CAME INTO BEING	ALL THINGS THAT CAME INTO BEING THINGS				
KEY QUESTION: According to John 1:3, in which box does Jesus logically belong? B.O.M. passages to consider (B.O.M.) "And Zeezrom said unto him: thou sayest there is a true and living God? And Amulek said: yea, there is a true and living God. Now Zeezrom said: is there more than one God? And he answered, no."					

(B.O.M.)	
"And now Abinadi said unto them:	
I would that ye should understand	
that God himself shall come down	
among the children of men, and	
shall redeem his people. And	
because he dwelleth in flesh he	
shall be called the Son of God,	
and having subjected the flesh to	
the will of the Father, being the	
Father and the Son—The Father, because he was conceived by the	
power of God; and the Son,	
because of the flesh; thus	
becoming the Father and Son—	
And they are one God, yea, the	
very Eternal Father of heaven and	
earth."	· .
Overall Bible Study Conclusion	
The Bible is	
through and through	
The Mormon view of God is	
different	
Calvetian and the manual and	
Salvation and the gospel are Trinitarian	
Trintalian.	

(NIV)	
"But when the goodness and loving kindness of God our Savior appeared, he saved us by the washing of regeneration and renewal of the Holy Spirit, whom he poured out on us richly through Jesus Christ our Savior"	
(NASB)	
"Go therefore and make disciples of all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit"	
(ESV)	
"Pray then like this: 'Our father in heaven'" (ESV)	
"No one comes to the Father except through me."	
"According to the riches of his glory he may grant you to be	
strengthened with power through his Spirit in your inner being, so	
that Christ may dwell in your	
hearts through faith"	
(NIV)	
"Whoever does not love does not	
know God, because God is love."	

Session Two Review

Test yourself on what you retained from Session Two. Once you've completed this review, grade yourself. Answers are found in your Session Two outline. $Grade = ___/5$

C	::1	11_1	in	-+	h	e-	R	٦	n	b	
•	• 11	ш-	ın	Ι=Т	n	e-	ы	ıa	n	κ	 _

1.		are the four books/scriptures (the Standard Works)
	•	
	•	
2.	Are th	e Mormon God and the Christian God the same?
	Explai	
	•	
3.	What	is the Christian view of God?
		is a Trinity
4.		are the two things you'll find when doing a careful of the Trinity?
		The is not illogical
	•	The is biblical

5.	What are the three biblical foundations for the Trinity and
	one supporting scripture reference for each?

• There's only _____ God

• There are _____ distinct persons

Scripture Reference: _______

Each distinct person is ______God

Scripture Reference:

Session Two Discussion

With your team, take time to discuss the content of this session.

- 1. Define the Mormon's view of God.
- 2. Define the Christian's view of God.
- 3. What makes the Mormon view of God different from the Christian view of God?
- 4. What does it matter if Mormons view God different from the Christian view of God?
- 5. What's confusing you after this session?





Session Three

What Is the Gospel?

"According to LDS scriptures, the highest heavenly reward is only achieved through perfect obedience. Therefore the 'good news' of Mormonism is an 'Impossible Gospel.""

Brett Kunkle

Session Three Outline

What Is th	e Gospel?			
•	= Good Ne	ews -		
The "Good Mormons.	d News" According 	to		
you have g and priests namely, by	is eternal life—to kn ot to learn how to be to God, the same as going from one sma a great one; from gr	e Gods you all Gods h Ill degree to ace to gra	urselves, and nave done be o another, and ce, from exa	to be kings efore you, nd from a smal
	ust learn to be yourself	D&C)		
they have they be fro everlasting then shall because a them. The because th	I they be Gods, bed no end; therefore, s om everlasting to g, because they con they be above all, Il things are subject a shall they be God ney have all power, are subject unto the	cause shall ntinue; t unto ds, and		
• Mormo	ins can become the	air		

	e Process of Exaltation in the E	
Sto	age #1:	
•	Humans pre-existed as children	
Sto	age #2:	
•	The spirit takes on a body on	
Sto	age #3: The	
	ree separate heavenly agdoms	
1. 2. 3.	The Celestial Kingdom Terrestrial Kingdom Telestial Kingdom	
3.	Telestial Kingdom	
•	For, evil doers, and the people	
2.	Terrestrial Kingdom	
	For the deceived and people	
1.	Celestial Kingdom	

For who are good and faithful	
Where takes place	
The goal is for Mormons to reach exaltation—become God.	
Biblical Evidence of 3 Kingdoms? Mormons will use this passage for support	
"There are also celestial bodies, and bodies terrestrial: but the glory of the celestial is one, and the glory of the terrestrial is another. There is one glory of the sun, and another glory of the moon, and another glory of the stars: for one star differeth from another star in glory."	
Get a Mormon to keep reading (KJV)	
"So also is the resurrection of the dead. It is sown in corruption; it is raised in incorruption"	

The Impossible Gospel Approach	
Opening question to Mormons	
If you died today are you sure all your sins are and you'll get the best your religion has to?	
Mormons: "Yes, if I repent and keep all the commandments."	
Follow-up questions	
How many do you have to repent of?	
How many ? do you have to ?	
Take Mormons to (D&C)	
"Behold, he who has repented of	
his sins, the same is forgiven, and I,	
the Lord, remember them no more. By this ve may know if a	
man repenteth of his sins—	
behold, he will confess them and	
forsake them."	
Follow-up question	
How do you repent?	
Mormon answer: "All the time."	

More follow-up questions	
Do you ever repent of the sin?	
• What's it mean to something?	
What happens if you a past sin?	
(D&C)	
"And now, verily I say unto you, I	
the Lord, will not lay any sin to	
your charge; go your ways and sin	
no more; but unto that soul who	
sinners shall the former sins return,	
saith the Lord your God."	
	<u></u>
Mormons may reference grace,	
and refer you to their scriptures	
(B.O.M.)	
"For we labor diligently to write, to	
persuade our children, and also	
our brethren, to believe in Christ,	
and to be reconciled to God; for	
we know that it is by grace that	
we are saved, after all we can do."	
—	
Follow-up questions	
What does it mean after all we	
2	
can	
Have you done everything	

do better than we can."

Spencer Kimball | The Miracle of Forgiveness Ch. 12. The Abandonment of Sin

(D&C)	
"For I the Lord cannot look upon	
sin with the least degree of	
allowance."	

(B.O.M.)	
"And I say unto you again that he	
cannot save them in their sins; for	
I cannot deny his Word, and he	
hast said that no unclean thing	
can inherit the kingdom of	
heaven; therefore, how can ye be	
saved, except ye inherit the	
kingdom of heaven? Therefore, ye	
cannot be saved in your sins."	
The Impossible Gospel Summary	
The impossible Cosper cummary	
 Mormons must be perfect to 	
reach	
The Piblical Gernel	
The Biblical Gospel	
(NIV)	
As it is written: "there is no one	
righteous, not even one; there is	
no one who understands, no one	
who seeks God. All have turned	
away, they have together become	
worthless; there is no one who	
does good, not even one."	
(NIV)	
Now we know that whatever the	
law says, it says to those who are	
under the law, so that every	
mouth may be silenced and the	
whole world held accountable to	
God. Therefore no one will be	
declared righteous in his sight by	
observing the law; rather, through	

(NIV)	-
"All of us have become like one	
who is unclean, and all our	
righteous acts are like filthy rags;	
we all shrivel up like a leaf, and	
like the wind our sins sweep us	
away."	
"No man knows how bad he is till he h	as tried very hard to be god
The true Christian's nostril is to be con-	tinually attentive to the inne
cesspool."	
•	
·	C.S. Lewis Theolog
,	C.S. Lewis Theolog
(NASB)	C.S. Lewis Theolog
"But now apart from the law the	C.S. Lewis Theolog
(NASB) "But now apart from the law the righteousness of God has been	C.S. Lewis Theolog
"But now apart from the law the righteousness of God has been manifested, being witnessed by	C.S. Lewis Theolog
"But now apart from the law the righteousness of God has been manifested, being witnessed by the law and the prophets, even	C.S. Lewis Theolog
"But now apart from the law the righteousness of God has been manifested, being witnessed by the law and the prophets, even the righteousness of God through	C.S. Lewis Theolog
"But now apart from the law the righteousness of God has been manifested, being witnessed by the law and the prophets, even the righteousness of God through faith in Jesus Christ for all those	C.S. Lewis Theolog
"But now apart from the law the righteousness of God has been manifested, being witnessed by the law and the prophets, even the righteousness of God through	C.S. Lewis Theolog
"But now apart from the law the righteousness of God has been manifested, being witnessed by the law and the prophets, even the righteousness of God through faith in Jesus Christ for all those	C.S. Lewis Theolog
"But now apart from the law the righteousness of God has been manifested, being witnessed by the law and the prophets, even the righteousness of God through faith in Jesus Christ for all those who believe; for there is no	C.S. Lewis Theolog
"But now apart from the law the righteousness of God has been manifested, being witnessed by the law and the prophets, even the righteousness of God through faith in Jesus Christ for all those who believe; for there is no distinction; for all have sinned and	C.S. Lewis Theolog
"But now apart from the law the righteousness of God has been manifested, being witnessed by the law and the prophets, even the righteousness of God through faith in Jesus Christ for all those who believe; for there is no distinction; for all have sinned and fall short of the glory of God,	C.S. Lewis Theolog

(NASB)	
"Now to the one who works, his	
wage is not credited as a favor,	
but as what is due. But to the one	
who does not work, but believes in	
him who justifies the ungodly, his	
faith is credited as righteousness,	
just as David also speaks of the	
blessing on the man to whom	
God credits righteousness apart	
from works: blessed are those	
whose lawless deeds have been	
forgiven, and whose sins have	
been covered. Blessed is the man	
whose sin the Lord will not take	
into account."	
Gospel of grace	
•	
	•
·	
• Through in Christ	
He freely gives the gift of	
Mormon's pushback	
(NIV)	
"Faith by itself is dead"	

Biblical clarification
(NIV)
"For it is by grace you have been saved, through faith—and this is not from yourselves, it is the gift of God—not by works, so that no one can boast."
(NIV)
"What shall we say, then? Shall we
go on sinning so that grace may increase? By no means! We are
those who have died to sin; how
can we live in it any longer?"
(NIV)
"For we are God's handiwork,
created in Christ Jesus to do goodworks, which God prepared in
advance for us to do."
The Mormon Equation
• = eternal life
The Biblical Equation
= eternal life + works

Two Important Theological Words		
1		
2		
The Good News		
	(NIV)	
"But when the kindness and of God our savior appeared saved us, not because of	, he	
righteous things we had dor because of his mercy. He sa through the washing of rebir	ved us rth	
and renewal by the Holy Spi whom he poured out on us generously through Jesus Ch	nrist	
our savior, so that, having be justified by his grace, we mig become heirs having the ho eternal life."	ght	

Session Three Review

Test yourself on what you retained from Session Three. Once you've completed this review, grade yourself. Answers are found in your Session Three outline. *Grade* = ____/5

Fill-in-the-Blank...

1.	What	is	the	gospel?	
----	------	----	-----	---------	--

2. What is the three-stage process of exaltation in the Mormon worldview?

•	Stage #1			

3. What are the three separate heavenly kingdoms?

•	The		kingo	lom

4. What is the highest goal for all Mormons?

• _____

5. What is the biblical equation for salvation?

• ______ + _____



Session Three Discussion

Discuss with your team the material you just reviewed.

1. What makes the Mormon gospel impossible?

2. How is the biblical gospel different from the Mormon gospel?

3. Explain the process of exaltation.

4. What is the difference between justification and sanctification?

5. Are you confused? Why?



Session Four

How Do We Know What's True?

"Truth is always about something, but reality is that about which truth is."

C.S. Lewis

Session Four Outline

How Do We Know What's True? You need to learn philosophy	
• —	
Thinking carefully about questions that matter	
(NASB)	
"See to it that no one takes you captive through philosophy and empty deception, according to the tradition of men, according to the elementary principles of the world, rather than according to Christ." Three Major Branches of	
Philosophy	
1 is the study of reality	
2 is the study of knowledge	
3 deals with moral questions	

Еp	pistemology	
Th	e study of knowledge	
Th	ree types of knowledge	
1.		
	knowledge—knowing that	
2.	Knowledge by	
	knowing who or knowing of	
3.		
	knowledge—knowing how	
	(NIV)	
man	ow this is eternal life: that they ay know you, the only true God, ad Jesus Christ, whom you have nt."	
	opositional Knowledge hat is knowledge?	
•	Knowledge is justified belief	
	Belief is a mental attitude of or	
	affirmation	
•	Truth is that which	
	corresponds to	

"If you say that it is and it is, or you say that it isn't and it isn't, that's true. If you say that it isn't and it is, or you say that it is and it isn't, that's false."

Aristotle | Greek Philosopher

• Justification is the	
why we believe something	
Why Do You Believe What You Believe?	
Asking Mormons and Christians their why	
Mormons will point to (D&C)	
"But, behold, I say unto you, that you must study it out in your mind; then you must ask me if it be right, and if it is right I will cause that your bosom shall burn within you; therefore, you shall feel that it is right." (NIV) "If any of you lacks wisdom, you should ask God, who gives generously to all without finding fault, and it will be given to you."	

(B.O.M.)	
"And when ye shall receive these	
things, I would exhort you that ye	
would ask God, the eternal father,	
in the name of Christ, if these	
things are not true; and if ye shall	
ask with a sincere heart, with real	
intent, having faith in Christ, He	
will manifest the truth of it unto	
you, by the power of the holy	
ghost. And by the power of the	
holy ghost ye may know the truth	
of all things."	
The Ferm Bucklesses with the	
The Four Problems with the	
Mormon View of Knowledge	
Problem #1: This method isn't used	
in any other area of	
in any other area of	
Problem #2: Relying on personal	
alone is	-
problematic	
problemate	
Problem #3: This method has real	
problems	
p. a.	
Problem #4: The Mormon view of	
knowledge	
the biblical view	

Problem #1	
Ask them	
 Do you to know that George Washington was the first president of the United States? 	
Do you pray to know that your spouse you?	
Do you pray to know that is wrong?	
Problem #2	
• testimonies	
Ask	
Have your feelings ever been	
Problem #3 (B.O.M.)	
Ask with a sincere heart, with real intent, having faith in Christ, he will manifest the truth of it unto	
you, by the power of the holy ghost"	

Problem #4	
Biblical passage about how we	
know what we know	
(NASB)	
"The brethren immediately sent	
Paul and Silas away by night to	
Berea, and when they arrived,	
they went into the synagogue of	
the Jews. Now these were more	
noble-minded than those in	
Thessalonica, for they received	
the Word with great eagerness,	
examining the scriptures daily to	
see whether these things were so."	
What does God say about the	
human heart?	
(NASB)	
"The heart is more deceitful than	
all else and is desperately sick;	
who can understand it?"	
Three more helpful passages	
(NASB)	
"I am amazed that you are so	
quickly deserting him who called	
you by the grace of Christ, for a	
different gospel; which is really	
not another; only there are some	
who are disturbing you and want	
to distort the gospel of Christ. But	
even if we, or an angel from	
heaven, should preach to you a	

gospel contrary to what we have preached to you, he is to be accursed!"	
(NASB)	
"For such men are false apostles,	
deceitful workers, disguising	
themselves as apostles of Christ.	
No wonder, for even Satan	
disguises himself as an angel of light."	
(NASB)	
"Be of sober Spirit, be on the alert.	
Your adversary, the devil, prowls	
around like a roaring lion, seeking	
someone to devour."	
Remember Jesus' Words	
(NIV)	
"Now this is eternal life: that they	
may know you, the only true God,	
and Jesus Christ, whom you have	
sent."	

Session Four Review

Test yourself on what you retained from Session Four. Once you've completed this review, grade yourself. Answers are found in your Session Four outline. $Grade = ___ / 5$

				_		
H١	ш	-11	n-tr	ne-B	Ian	v

1.	What is philosophy?	
		carefully about
	th	at
2.	What are the three major I	oranches of philosophy?
	•	is the study of reality
	·	is the study of knowledge
		deals with moral questions
3.	What are the three types of	of knowledge?
		_ knowledge—knowing that
	Knowledge by	
		_ knowledge—knowing how
4.	What is knowledge?	
	 Knowledge is justified 	ed belief
5.	What is truth?	

Truth is that which corresponds to _______



Session Four Discussion

With your team, take time to discuss the content of this session.

1.	Why is understanding philosophy important when figuring out what's true?
2.	Why is believing something on the sole basis of a personal experience problematic?
3.	What is the primary reason a Mormon believes what they believe? How can you cause them to question this basis?
4.	Why should a Christian believe what they believe?
5.	How would you define truth? Why might this be important



Session Five

What Is Your Authority?

"Many refuse to accept the reality of a personal God because they are unwilling to submit to His authority."

Kurt Bruner

Session Five Outline

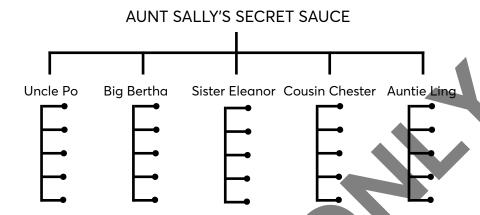
W	hat & Who Is Our Authority?	
•	Mormons and Christians think	
	the Word of God	
•	Mormons call the Book of Mormon	
	testament of Jesus Christ	
•		
	King James BibleBook of MormonDoctrine and CovenantPearl of Great Price	s
Te	ormons point to the Old stament for the coming of the bok of Mormon (NASB)	
to an the on Ep Isr	he Word of the Lord came again me saying, "And you, son of an, take for yourself one stick and write on it, 'For Judah and for e sons of Israel, his companions en take another stick and write it, 'For Joseph, the stick of ohraim and all the house of ael, his companions.' Then join em for yourself on to another	r

into one stick, that they may	
become one in your hand."	
Keep reading the passage	
(NASB) "When the sons of your people speak to you saying 'Will you not declare to us what you mean by these?""	
(NASR)	
"And I will make them one nation in the land, on the mountains of Israel; and one king will be king for all of them; and they will no longer be two nations and no longer be divided into two kingdoms." Christians will point to (NASB) "I testify to everyone who hears the words of the prophecy of this book: if anyone adds to them, God will add to him the plagues	
which are written in this book; and if anyone takes away from the words of the book of this prophecy, God will take away his part from the tree of life and from the holy city, which are written in this book."	

Mormons' reply to Revelation 22	
(NASB)	
"You shall not add to the word which I am commanding you, nor take away from it, that you may keep the commandments of the Lord your God which I command you.	
Joseph Smith violates Revelation 22:18	
·	
"Wherefore, thou seest that after the book hath gone forth through the hands of the great and abominable church, that there are many plain and precious things taken away from the book, which is the book of the lamb of God." (A of F) "We believe the Bible to be the Word of God so far as it is translated correctly." Key Questions to Ask a Mormon	
1. Can you show me which particular of	

	the Bible have been translated incorrectly?	
2.	Which portions of the Bible do you avoid?	
3.	What do you mean the Bible has been?	
Tre	ansmission	
ls	what we have what they wrote?	
•	The of the Bible refers to how the Bible has been passed along through the	
es	o things you must know for tablishing the authority of the ole	
1.	Do we have what the original authors?	
2.	Is what they wrote what really	

Analogy: How Aunt Sally's Recipe Gets Passed Along (Transmitted)



Find the Errors

Circle the different variations in Aunt Sally's recipe. How many are there?

- Add 1 cop of finely chopped garlic, and boil.
- Add 1 cup of finely chipped garlic, and boil.
- Ad 1 cup of finely chopped garlic, and boil.
- Add 1 cup of finely chopped garlic, and bowl.
- Add 1 cup of finely chopped glaric, and boil.
- Add 1 cup # finely chopped garlic, and boil.
- Add 1 cup of finely chopped garlic, nd boil.
- · Add 1 cup of fly chopped garlic, and boil.

Three questions scholars ask about manuscripts, helping them determine how reliable the copy of the original is...

- 1. How many _____ do we have?
- 2. How _____ are the manuscript copies that we have?
- 3. How _____ are the variations?

1.	How many copies do we have?	
•	More than	
	Greek manuscript copies	
•	More than	
	pages of text	
•	Over	
	Latin manuscripts	
•		
	handwritten manuscripts of the New Testament	
2.	How early are the manuscripts we have?	
Gr	aph 1: Total Early New Testamen	t Manuscripts
	12 Second Century 64 Third Century + 48 Fourth Century 124 Manuscripts Within First	300 Years of NT Writings
Ot	ther Ancient Documents	
ŀ	Livy & the earliest	
	copy is years after	
	the original	
•	Tacitus —	
	& earliest copy is	
	- vears after	

the original	
• Suetonius — & earliest copy is years after the	
original	
• Total of	
3. How significant are the textual variations?	
% of the variations are what scholars call insignificant variations	
Transmission conclusion	
• We can accuratelythe	
original New Testament documents we have	
what was originally written!	
Historicity Are the things written what really happened?	
When it comes to the questions of historicity we want to apply two tests.	
• tests	

•tests	
External Tests	
Matthew 26:3 (NIV) "Whose name was"	
• Luke 3:2 (NIV) "During the high-priesthood of Annas and"	
Caiaphas Ossuary	
Discovered in December of	
 Inscribed on the ossuary were the words "Yehosef Bar Kayafa," translated as "Joseph, Son of Caiaphas" 	
Dead Sea Scrolls	
Discovered in	
Internal Tests	
The principle of	
Historicity conclusion	
The Bible has been	
transmitted	

 What they wrote is 	
history	
Bible vs. Book of Mormon	
There is no manuscript evidence	
for the Book of Mormon, only	
Joseph Smith's word.	
There have been more than	
changes to	
the Book of Mormon since its	
first printing in 1830	
Examples from the Book of	
Mormon	
(D.O.M. 1030)	
(B.O.M. 1830)	
"Behold, the virgin which thou seest, is the mother of God"	
seest, is the mother of dod	
(B.O.M. 1981)	
"Behold, the virgin which thou	
seest, is the mother of [the son of]	
God"	
(B.O.M. 1830)	
"Behold the lamb of God yea,	
even the eternal father"	
(DOM 1001)	
(B.O.M. 1981)	
"Behold the lamb of God yea, even the [the son of] eternal	
father"	
idenom.	
External test examples from the	

Book of Mormon	
"And it came to pass that he called the name of the river, Laman, and it emptied into the Red Sea; and the valley was in the borders near the mouth therefor."	
There is river in all of Arabia	
(B.O.M.) "And after they had slain the messiah, who should come, and after he had been slain he should rise from the dead, and should make himself manifest, by the holy ghost, unto the gentiles." • The reference was not known in 600 B.C. when these events were happening	
"And it came to pass that as I, Nephi, went forth to slay food, behold, I did break my bow, which was made of fine steel" • Steel was not in the New World before 1492	
External tests conclusion	

There is no	
evidence for the Book of	
Mormon	
One more example providing	
evidence against the Mormon	
scriptures—The Lost Book of	
Abraham	
Homework Assignment: Go to	
YouTube and look for "The Lost	
Book of Abraham" for the full	
story.	
Session Review	
Mormons and Christians both	
believe God has given us his	
Where Christians and Mormons	
differ on the Bible	
 Christians—the Bible glone is God's word 	
God's word	
• Mormons—the Bible is God's	
but it's	
been messed up	
One final question to ask a	
Mormon: "What do you make of	
God's promises to protect His	
word?"	

(NASB) "The grass withers, the flower fades, but the word of our God stands forever." (NASB) "For truly I say to you, until heaven and earth pass away, not the smallest letter or stroke shall pass from the law until all is accomplished." (NIV) For, "All men are like grass, and all their glory is like the flowers of the field; the grass withers and the flowers fall, but the Word of the Lord stands forever."

Session Five Review

Test yourself on what you retained from Session Five. Once you've completed this review, grade yourself. Answers are found in your Session Five outline. $Grade = ___/5$

-: 1	l-in-	46.	DI.		
-11	ı-ın-	·TNE	- 101	nnk	

ΓII	i-in-the	е-ыапк
1.	What	are The Standard Works for Mormonism?
	•	
	•	
	•	
2.		are the two things you must know for establishing the rity of the Bible?
	•	Do we have what the original authors?
	•	Is what they wrote what really?
3.	Rough	nly how many Greek manuscript copies are there?
	•	More than Greek manuscript copies
4.		nany manuscripts do we have within the first 300 of the New Testament writings?
	7	manuscripts
Tru	ue or F	alse?
5.		_ There is historical evidence for the Book of Mormon.

Session Five Discussion

With your team, take time to discuss the content of this session.

1.	What does transmission mean and how does it work?
2.	What role does history play in validating the authenticity of a historical document?
3.	In what ways do Mormons and Christians differ when it comes to the Bible?
4.	What's the difference between the internal tests and the external tests that we apply to the Bible?
5.	What's challenging you most from today's session? Why?



Session Six

How Do We Engage with Mormons?

"If I have only an hour with someone, I will spend the first 55 minutes asking questions and finding out what is troubling their heart and mind, and then the last 5 minutes I will share something of the truth."

Francis Schaeffer

Session Six Outline

How Do We Engage with Mormons?

(N	IIV)
"Now this is eternal life: that the may know you, the only true G and Jesus Christ, whom you ho sent."	ey od,
Eternity is at stake	
Four Tips for Engaging with Mormons	
1. Be	
Analogy: Why We Must Be Patient	Z
MORMON VIEW OF GOD	BIBLICAL VIEW OF GOD
The goal of each conversation with a Mormon	
• Put a their shoe	in
2. Start with	

The benefits of starting with	
questions	
You your Mormon friends	
It takes the off of you	
Two specific questions to ask in order to help you understand what someone believes and why they believe it	
• What do you by that?	
How did you come to that?	
What to say when you don't know how to answer a question	
• "	
3. Keep (NIV)	
"Love the Lord your God with all your heart, and with all your soul, and with all your mind"	
4. Be	

John 1:14 (NASB) And the Word became flesh, and dwelt among us, and we saw His glory, glory as of the only begotten from the Father, full of grace and truth.	
1 Peter 3:15 (NIV) But in your hearts revere Christ as Lord. Always be prepared to give an answer to everyone who asks you to give the reason for the hope that you have. But do this with gentleness and respect	
(NIV)	
"I thank my God every time I	
remember you in all my prayers	
for all of you, I always pray with	
joy because of your partnership in	

the gospel from the first day until now..."

Session Six Review

Test yourself on what you retained from Session Six. Once you've completed this review, grade yourself. Answers are found in your Session Six outline. *Grade* = ____/5

Fil	II-ir	-the	-B	lan	k
				u	Л

	I III the Blank
1.	What's the first tip for engaging a Mormon?
	• Be
2.	What's the second tip for engaging a Mormon?
	Start with
3.	What's the third tip for engaging a Mormon?
	• Keep
4.	What's the fourth tip for engaging a Mormon?
	• Be
5.	What is the goal of each conversation with a Mormon?
	To put a in their

Session Six Discussion

With your team, take time to discuss the content of this session.

- 1. Why must we engage with Mormons?
- 2. What's a reasonable goal for each **conversation** we have with a Mormon? Why?
- 3. Why is it important to start with questions? How might asking good questions be helpful?
- 4. What happens if you can't answer a question? What do you say?
- 5. What questions do you still have after this session?



MAVEN



SECTION TWO

REQUIRED READING

THE AMBASSADOR'S GUIDE TO MORMONISM by Brett Kunkle WITNESS TO MORMONS IN LOVE by Daniel G. Thompson

To prepare for your Biblical Immersive Experience you are required to read <u>The Ambassador's Guide to Mormonism</u> and <u>Witness to Mormons in Love</u>, as well as to take a series of quizzes after each section of reading.

As you read, write notes in the margin, underline, and use a highlighter to make it easier to go back and study for each quiz. Don't read just to fulfill the requirement but read to grow in your knowledge!

In Section Two you'll find the following tools to help you:

- Reading Plan: Use the reading plan to help you gauge what you need to read before each quiz. Do not save reading until the last minute. Cramming won't work!
- Tabbing Assignment & Suggested Readings: Consider diving even deeper into your studies by tabbing your Bible and reading some or all of the suggested books listed.
- Reading Quizzes: After you read the appropriate chapters, you will then take the quiz assigned to that reading plan. Copy the quiz ahead of time as your study guide!

Enjoy your reading. Schedule when you'll read and make sure you're not just reading because you were told to!

Reading Plan

- 1. THE AMBASSADOR'S GUIDE TO MORMONISM by Brett Kunkle
- 2. WITNESS TO MORMONS IN LOVE by Daniel G. Thompson

Due By	<u>Chapters</u>
Quiz 1	Book 1 <u>The Ambassador's Guide to Mormonism</u> All Chapters
Quiz 2	Book 2 <u>Witness to Mormons in Love</u> Chapters 1 - 4
Quiz 3	Book 2 <u>Witness to Mormons in Love</u> Chapters 5 - 7
Quiz 4	Book 2 <u>Witness to Mormons in Love</u> Chapters 8 - 10
Quiz 5	Book 2 <u>Withess to Mormons in Love</u> Chapters 11 - 14

Preparedness: You will be taking quizzes on each section of reading assigned. You must bring your required readings, your guidebook, and be on time for the quizzes. If you forget your book, your guidebook, or are late for a quiz, points will be deducted.

"Read, mark, learn, and inwardly digest."

Book of Common Prayer

Tabbing Assignment

Buy the <u>Mormon Triple Combination</u>, which can be purchased online for \$9.75 at www.store.churchofjesuschrist.org. This will be one of your most referenced resources while on your trip.

Take some marking tabs, a highlighter or pen, and go to pages 276 through 281 where you will find the <u>Cheat Sheet for Witnessing to Mormons</u> by R.M. Sivulka. Tab each passage listed on these pages, making them easy to reference while in conversations with Mormons.

Suggested Readings

Here are some additional readings, which are highly encouraged, but not mandatory, to read as you prepare for your Biblical Immersive Experience.

Books

- Sharing the Good News with Mormons: Practical Strategies for Getting the Conversation Started by Eric Johnson and Sean McDowell
- 2. Mormonism 101 by Bill McKeever & Eric Johnson
- 3. The Miracle of Forgiveness by Spencer Kimball (Kimball was a Mormon prophet)



Reading Quizzes

Test Yourself. How Well Have You Read & Studied?

Reading Quiz #1

Now that you've read <u>The Ambassador's Guide to Mormonism</u>, go through this quiz as a study guide first. Feel free to make a copy on another sheet of paper for practice but wait to officially take this quiz until your leader gives permission.

1.	Are Mormons Christians? Why or why not? (pgs. 1-9)
2.	What is the Great Apostasy? (pg. 4)
3.	What are the two Columbo Tactic questions? (pg. 20)
	• Question #1
	• Question #2
4.	What do Mormons believe the Godhead consists of? Where does this doctrine come from? (pg. 22)
5.	What is the Mormon view of God? (pg. 24)
	God is not a being.
	God the Father was a

	•	God the Father has a	of	_ &
	•	God the Father became		
	•	Jesus was created by the		١
	•	Jesus is a separate god from the		
6.	W	hat is the Orthodox Christian view of	God? (pg. 24)	
	•	God is ak	peing.	
	•	God the Father was never a		
	•	God is a		
	•	God the Father has always been		
	•	Jesus has always an things.	d	all
	•	Jesus is the second	of the	·
7.		hat are four passages from the Bible ticulate the true gospel of grace? (pg	. 36)	est
	•			

	•	
	•	
	•	
	•	
9.	What is central to the defense of Mormo Mormon doctrine, and the existence of t	
	(pg. 46)	
		·
10	What are two important obgreator trait	atrou moust bours
10.	. What are two important character traits while engaging your Mormon friends an	
	Willie engaging your Floring that as an	a rairmy. (pg. 0 1)
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	. 0	

Quiz #1 Grading Rubric

Grading is done on the honor system so please be 100% honest as you fill out your grading rubric.

1.	Did You Read: If you read <u>The Ambassador's Guide to Mormonism</u> in its entirety (not just some of it) then give yourself 50 points. There are no partial points here—you either get 50 or 0. Reading 99% doesn't get you there.
	Points =
2.	Questions Correct: Every question you got right, give yourself 5 points. There are 50 points available here.
	Points =
3.	Preparedness: If you forgot your book, subtract 10 points. If you forgot your guidebook, subtract 10 points. If you were late for this quiz, take away 1 point for each minute late. Add up how many total points you need to subtract. Points = -
4.	Your Grade: Total your points from number 1 and number 2, subtract any points from number 3, and put your final score below.
	Total Points =/100
	Grade =%
If v	ou received a 70% or above, vou pass! If vou did not, please

If you received a 70% or above, you pass! If you did not, please schedule a makeup date with your leader.

Reading Quiz #2

Now that you've read Chapters 1, 2, 3, and 4 of <u>Witness to Mormons in Love</u>, go through this quiz as a study guide first. Feel free to make a copy on another sheet of paper for practice but wait to officially take this quiz until your leader gives permission.

1.	In your own words, what is the LDS definition of Adam? Who was he before his earthly life? What did he help with? (pg. 1 & 122)
2.	What happened to the gold plates, the only ancient
	manuscript of the Book of Mormon? (pg. 5)
3.	What two LDS buzz words will be helpful to remember as you witness to Mormons? (pg. 7)
4.	LDS people believe the Bible to be the Word of God as far as it is What does this
	mean? (pg. 10 & 11)

5.	What is an anachronism? (pg. 14)
6.	What is the difference between circumstantial evidence and archeological proof? (pg. 17)
7.	Explain Truth vs. Error in your own words, (pg. 19)
8.	Why is the idea that "Families Can Be Together Forever" truer for Christians than Mormons? (pg. 21)
9.	What should you ALWAYS attempt to do as you conclude a conversation with a Mormon? (pg. 25)
10.	Do both good and evil spirits exist in our world today? (pg. 27)

Quiz #2 Grading Rubric

Grading is done on the honor system so please be 100% honest as you fill out your grading rubric.

1101	rest as you fill out your grading rabile.
1.	Did You Read: If you read Chapters 1-4 of Witnessing to Mormons in Love in their entirety, not just some of it, then give yourself 50 points. There are no partial points hereyou either get 50 or 0. Reading 99% doesn't get you there.
	Points =
2.	Questions Correct: Every question you got right, give yourself 5 points. There are 50 points available here.
	Points =
3.	Preparedness: If you forgot your book, subtract 10 points. If you forgot your guidebook, subtract 10 points. If you were late for this quiz, take away 1 point for each minute late. Add up how many total points you need to subtract.
	Points = -
4.	Your Grade: Total your points from number 1 and number 2, subtract any points from number 3, and put your final score below.
	Total Points =/100
	Grade =%

If you received a 70% or above, you pass! If you did not, please schedule a makeup date with your leader.

Reading Quiz #3

Now that you've read Chapters 5, 6, and 7 of <u>Witness to Mormons in Love</u>, go through this quiz as a study guide first. Feel free to make a copy on another sheet of paper for practice but wait to officially take this quiz until your leader gives permission.

1.	Who is speaking in Isaiah 43, 44, and 45? Why is this significant? (pg. 29)
2.	In your own words, what does John 14:7-11 teach about Jesus and the Father? (pg. 31)
3.	How can Christians claim Jesus was conceived by the Holy Ghost and still believe He is the Son of God? (pg. 32 & 33)
4.	How does the image of man help us understand the image of God? (pg. 36)
5.	According to the Bible, can there be more than one true and living God? Explain. (pg. 41)

n the LDS law of eternal
RD/Jehovah mean? Why is the s name important as you witne 15)
35, 39; Psalm 100:3, Isaiah 44:6; n for LDS people? (pg. 46)
both the Book of Mormon and God. (pg. 49)
of God. (pg. 135)

Quiz #3 Grading Rubric

Grading is done on the honor system so please be 100% honest as you fill out your grading rubric.

1.	Did You Read: If you read Chapters 5-7 in <u>Witness to</u> <u>Mormons in Love</u> in their entirety (not just some of it) then give yourself 50 points. There are no partial points here—you either get 50 or 0. Reading 99% doesn't get you there.
	Points =
2.	Questions Correct: Every question you got right, give
	yourself 5 points. There are 50 points available here.
	Points =
3.	Preparedness: If you forgot your book, subtract 10 points. If
	you forgot your guidebook, subtract 10 points. If you were
	late for this quiz, take away 1 point for each minute late. Add up how many total points you need to subtract.
	Points = -
4.	Your Grade: Total your points from number 1 and number 2,
•	subtract any points from number 3, and put your final score below.
	Total Points =/100
	Grade =%
If v	ou received a 70% or above, vou pass! If vou did not, please

If you received a 70% or above, you pass! If you did not, please schedule a makeup date with your leader.

Reading Quiz #4

Now that you've read Chapters 8 through 10 of <u>Witness to Mormons in Love</u>, go through this quiz as a study guide first. Feel free to make a copy on another sheet of paper for practice but wait to officially take this quiz until your leader gives permission.

1.	Who is the one and only true living God? (pg. 51)
2.	Summarize Jesus' prayer in John 17. (pg. 52)
3.	Do the Bible and Book of Mormon agree or disagree with the Creed formed at the Council of Nicea? Why or why not? (pg. 53)
4.	What passages in the Bible can be used to show the "Most High" is the LORD (Jehovah God)? (pg. 55)
	Tilginistre Zerke (serievan esa): (pg. es)

5.	Why is the LDS gospel so deceptive and hard for Christians to grasp? (pg. 56)
6.	Why is it vitally important for Christians to fully understand LDS terminology before witnessing to LDS people? (pg. 6-7)
7	Write out the clightly altered Evangelism Evaluation
7.	Write out the slightly altered Evangelism Explosion questions.Question #1
	• Question #2
8.	Explain in your own words what it means to be born again. Support your answer with the Bible. (pg. 61 & 62)

9.	Are all people children of God figuratively or literally? (pg. 65 & 66)
10.	Why can we say with confidence that no one will be able to stand in the judgement and tell God, "You never gave me a chance?" (pg. 68-70)

Quiz #4 Grading Rubric

Grading is done on the honor system so please be 100% honest as you fill out your grading rubric.

	ggg
1.	Did You Read: If you read Chapters 8, 9, and 10 in their entirety (not just some of it), then give yourself 50 points. There are no partial points here—you either get 50 or 0. Reading 99% doesn't get you there.
	Points =
2.	Questions Correct: Every question you got right, give yourself 5 points. There are 50 points available here.
	Points =
3.	Preparedness: If you forgot your book, subtract 10 points. If you forgot your guidebook, subtract 10 points. If you were late for this quiz, take away 1 point for each minute late. Add up how many total points you need to subtract. Points =
4.	Your Grade: Total your points from number 1 and number 2, subtract any points from number 3, and put your final score
١	Delow.
	Grade =%
If v	vou received a 70% or above you pass! If you did not inlease

If you received a 70% or above, you pass! If you did not, please schedule a makeup date with your leader.

Reading Quiz #5

Now that you've read Chapters 11, 12, 13, and 14 in <u>Witness to Mormons in Love</u>, go through this quiz as a study guide first. Feel free to make a copy on another sheet of paper for practice but wait to officially take this quiz until your leader gives permission.

1.	What is one reason for sharing the "Impossible Gospel" with
	LDS people? (Section 41)
2.	After reading Spencer Kimball's quotations, what is your impression of <i>The Miracle of Forgiveness?</i> (Section 42)
3.	Define, in your own words, the LDS definition of perfection. (pg. 84 & 146)
4.	How do good works relate to our salvation?
5.	What passage from the Bible does NOT allow LDS prophets to change the gospel of Jesus Christ in any way? (pg. 88)

6.	What heretical doctrine arises from the LDS concept of the preexistence of spirits? (pg. 91)
7.	How are Joesph Smith's plural marriages a problem for the LDS Church today? (Section 50)
8.	How many false prophesies does it take to disqualify a prophet? (pg. 104)
9.	How do we know for certain Jesus is "that prophet" spoken of in Deuteronomy 18:15-19? (pg. 109)
10.	Which LDS racism quote is most offensive to you? Why?
	<u> </u>

Quiz #5 Grading Rubric

Grading is done on the honor system so please be 100% honest as you fill out your grading rubric.

	, , , ,
1.	Did You Read: If you read Chapters 11 through 14 in their entirety (not just some of it), then give yourself 50 points. There are no partial points here—you either get 50 or 0. Reading 99% doesn't get you there.
	Points =
2.	Questions Correct: Every question you got right, give yourself 5 points. There are 50 points available here.
	Points =
3.	Preparedness: If you forgot your book, subtract 10 points. If you forgot your guidebook, subtract 10 points. If you were late for this quiz, take away 1 point for each minute late. Add up how many total points you need to subtract. Points = -
4.	Your Grade: Total your points from number 1 and number 2
	subtract any points from number 3, and put your final score below.
	Total Points = /100

If you received a 70% or above, you pass! If you did not, please schedule a makeup date with your leader.



MAVEN



SECTION THREE

TRIP JOURNAL

PROCESSING THE TRIP

Congratulations! Your Biblical Immersive Experience has begun. You've read two books, taken five quizzes, which you got a 70% or higher on, and have taken great notes on six teaching sessions. Wow! You have prepared well. You have worked hard, and now's the time to see your work pay off. Don't forget, you won't remember everything. It's alright to say you don't know or to pull out this guidebook to review. That's why you have it. Use it on the trip.

This section is to give you space to process your days with God and your team. Processing is important. You will be given space each night to debrief the day. You'll do this alone and then share it as a team to end your night.

- Morning Time with God: Start each morning with God by engaging in His word.
- Daily Reflection: Use the reflection pages to process the day's activities, people, main takeaways, and feelings. Don't miss one of the most significant parts of each day—processing it with God, yourself, and others. Each day has much to offer.
- Evening Prayer: Prayer is important. End each evening in prayer. Engage in a variety of creative prayer practices throughout this section to foster intimacy with God.





Where Are You?

As you are entering into this trip, where are you? What distractions are you bringing into this experience? What hopes do you have as you head into an incredible journey? What are you afraid of while on the Biblical Immersive Experience? We need to know where we are in order to move forward.

DISTRACTIONS What distractions are you bringing into this Biblical Immersive Experience?	
NEEDS What do you need to receive during this Biblical Immersive Experience?	

HOPES	
What do you hope to get out of	
your Biblical Immersive	
Experience?	
Experience.	-
FEARS	
What are you nervous about, as	
you head into this	
Biblical Immersive Experience?	

Opening Prayer

This is a time to express yourself (spiritually, mentally, and emotionally) to God.

Prayer of Petition

The week has begun. You just processed through your distractions, needs, hopes, and fears for the week. Now lift these up as a request to God. What do you need from Him this week? Ask for these things.

Lord,	
	•
	Amen.

Do not be anxious about anything, but in every situation, by prayer and petition, with thanksgiving, present your requests to God.

Philippians 4:6

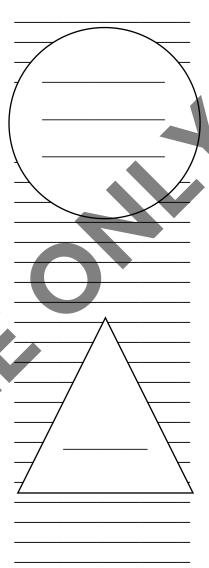
Daily Reflection

Process your day. It's important. Take time to examine the day's events. Use the questions and evening prayer exercise to help you see how God was working throughout your day.

ACTIVITIES What event(s) are sitting with you from today? What event(s) do you want to remember?	
PEOPLE	
Who is someone you met for the first time today? Who are they? What did you think about them?	

MAIN TAKEAWAY...

What did you learn today about yourself, God, life, or others, which you'd like to remember? It can be simple or complex.



I FEEL...

What one word would you use to describe how you are feeling about today's experiences? Examples: overwhelmed, frustrated, excited, hopeful, and so on.

Evening Prayer

Prayer is one of the most important disciplines in the life of a Christian. It's one way to talk to God. Take time now to use today's prayer exercise to be with the Creator.

Prayer for Letting Go and Receiving

Find a comfortable position. Close your eyes and take a few deep breaths.

First, think about concerns or issues that you might need to set aside or let go. Take a few minutes to pray through the areas of your day you need to let go of and give to God. Release any burdens, frustrations, or distractions from your day. In Matthew 11:28 Jesus encourages us to give him our burdens so we may find rest. Give him your problems from the day. Find rest in Him.

Second, think about needs you may have for this week. Ask humbly to receive from God whatever he has for you. Ask the Holy Spirit to fill you with love, joy, peace, patience, kindness, goodness, gentleness, and self-control.

As you enter into today's evening prayer, be sure to take it slow. Take deep breaths throughout this prayer. Be with God. Let go of what you need and receive what He has for you.

Journ	al any thoughts	s if needed		





Morning Time with God

Find a comfortable position for the next thirty minutes to be in God's Word. Go through this morning's exercise alone at first, then take the final 10 minutes to share together as a team.

SCRIPTURAL PRAYER

Though it is short, he passage for each morning relates directly to the study you have done to prepare for this trip and is to be read in context of its surrounding scripture. Think about the passage in light of the study and reading you have done to prepare for the conversations you will have. If you are not sure how it fits, read the larger section of scripture and/or get guidance from your leader or Maven guide.

Passage

Psalm 139:23-24

Reading

Slowly read the entire passage two times.

- Read 1
- Read 2

Meditation

Think carefully about what you've just read. Reflect upon the meaning of the passage in its context. Reflect on how it fits with the larger narrative of the Bible. Think about how it relates to the study sessions you have been doing.

Another reading—if necessary

Contemplation

Give the scripture time to saturate your soul. If necessary, read it again. Ask the Holy Spirit to help you understand the meaning and how it may specifically relate to you in your relationship to Christ. Read the passage again, and notice which phrase, word, or image you are drawn to. Focus on it. Why might it be significant to you, on this day?

- Read 3
- Phrase, Word, or Image:

Prayer

Speak to the Lord in your heart, prompted by the word or phrase you took from the passage. With the Holy Spirit, form a single sentence prayer based upon it. It can be a prayer of adoration, confession, renewal, petition, intercession, affirmation, or thanksgiving.

• Sing	e Sentence Prayer:

Response

Take a few minutes to present yourself before God in silence. Sit in His presence. Yield your life to Him. If your mind wanders, redirect your mind to the passage.

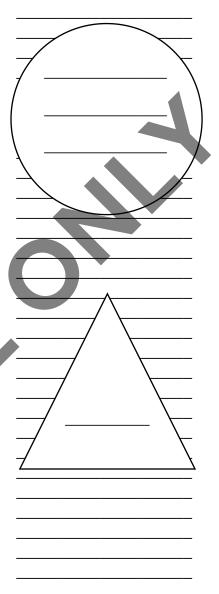
Daily Reflection

Process your day. It's important. Take time to examine your day. Use the questions and evening prayer exercise to help you see how God was working throughout your day.

ACTIVITIES	
What did you do today? What one activity specifically stood out to you?	
PEOPLE Who stood out to you today? Why?	

MAIN TAKEAWAY...

What do you want to take away from today? What did you learn that'll be important to remember?



I FEEL...

Use one word to describe how you are feeling about today's experiences.

Evening Prayer

Prayer is one of the most important disciplines in the life of a Christian. It's one way to talk to God. Take time now to use today's prayer exercise to be with the Creator.

Six Word Prayer

Ernest Hemingway introduced the Six Word Memoirs years ago with his famous short story, "For Sale: Baby shoes, never worn." Each word was well-chosen and vital to the message he was conveying. In the same way, think of what you want to say to God at the end of this day and choose your words carefully.

In six words only, write a prayer to God. Structure your prayer however you'd like.

Lord,		
		_
		– Amen.

Day Three

Immersing Deeper in the Experience...

Morning Time with God

Find a comfortable position for the next thirty minutes to be in God's Word. Go through this morning's exercise alone at first, then take the final 10 minutes to share together as a team.

SCRIPTURAL PRAYER

Though it is short, he passage for each morning relates directly to the study you have done to prepare for this trip and is to be read in context of its surrounding scripture. Think about the passage in light of the study and reading you have done to prepare for the conversations you will have. If you are not sure how it fits, read the larger section of scripture and/or get guidance from your leader or Maven guide.

Passage

Ephesians 2:8-10

Reading

Slowly read the entire passage two times.

- Read 1
- Read 2

Meditation

Think carefully about what you've just read. Reflect upon the meaning of the passage in its context. Reflect on how it fits with the larger narrative of the Bible. Think about how it relates to the study sessions you have been doing.

Another reading—if necessary

Contemplation

Give the scripture time to saturate your soul. If necessary, read it again. Ask the Holy Spirit to help you understand the meaning and how it may specifically relate to you in your relationship to Christ. Read the passage again, and notice which phrase, word, or image you are drawn to. Focus on it. Why might it be significant to you, on this day?

- Read 3
- Phrase, Word, or Image:

Prayer

Speak to the Lord in your heart, prompted by the word or phrase you took from the passage. With the Holy Spirit, form a single sentence prayer based upon it. It can be a prayer of adoration, confession, renewal, petition, intercession, affirmation, or thanksgiving.

• Sing	e Sentence Prayer:

Response

Take a few minutes to present yourself before God in silence. Sit in His presence. Yield your life to Him. If your mind wanders, redirect your mind to the passage.

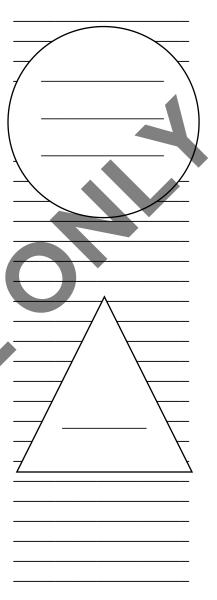
Daily Reflection

What did God teach you today? What activity stretched you? Take time to process your day with God. It's important!

ACTIVITIES What one activity from today stretched you most? Write about it.	
PEOPLE What conversation stuck out most to you today? Why? Who was it with?	

MAIN TAKEAWAY...

What do you want to take away from today? What did you learn that'll be important to remember?



I FEEL...

Use one word to describe how you are feeling about today's experiences.

Evening Prayer

Be still. Get comfortable. Pray. Pray honestly. Pray creatively. Prayer can be simple—pray simply. Be with God.

Prayer Art

Spend time in silence. Think about the day. Thank God for it. Spend time reflecting on a scene you always want to remember. Draw it here as a prayer of thanksgiving to God. If you feel awkward trying to draw a prayer, then compose a short prayer to God in words.

Day Four

Keep Pushing Even When You Are Tired...

Morning Time with God

Find a comfortable position for the next thirty minutes to be in God's Word. Go through this morning's exercise alone at first, then take the final 10 minutes to share together as a team.

SCRIPTURAL PRAYER

Though it is short, he passage for each morning relates directly to the study you have done to prepare for this trip and is to be read in context of its surrounding scripture. Think about the passage in light of the study and reading you have done to prepare for the conversations you will have. If you are not sure how it fits, read the larger section of scripture and/or get guidance from your leader or Maven guide.

Passage

Psalm 90:1-2

Reading

Slowly read the entire passage two times.

- Read 1
- Read 2

Meditation

Think carefully about what you've just read. Reflect upon the meaning of the passage in its context. Reflect on how it fits with the larger narrative of the Bible. Think about how it relates to the study sessions you have been doing.

Another reading—if necessary

Contemplation

Give the scripture time to saturate your soul. If necessary, read it again. Ask the Holy Spirit to help you understand the meaning and how it may specifically relate to you in your relationship to Christ. Read the passage again, and notice which phrase, word, or image you are drawn to. Focus on it. Why might it be significant to you, on this day?

- Read 3
- Phrase, Word, or Image:

Prayer

Speak to the Lord in your heart, prompted by the word or phrase you took from the passage. With the Holy Spirit, form a single sentence prayer based upon it. It can be a prayer of adoration, confession, renewal, petition, intercession, affirmation, or thanksgiving.

•	Single Sentence Prayer:	

Response

Take a few minutes to present yourself before God in silence. Sit in His presence. Yield your life to Him. If your mind wanders, redirect your mind to the passage.

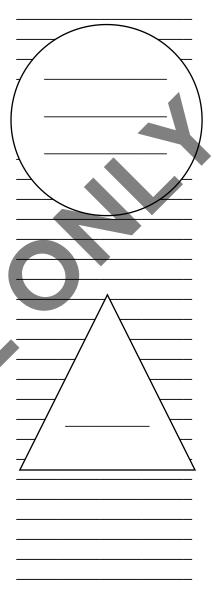
Daily Reflection

Process your day with God. What did He teach you? What activity stretched you? Write, think, pray. Share with your team at the end what God is up to.

ACTIVITIES	
What did you do today? Make a list, or simply highlight the parts of your day you remember.	
PEOPLE Who do you have on your heart from today? Write about them.	

MAIN TAKEAWAY...

What do you want to take away from today? What did you learn that'll be important to remember?



I FEEL...

Use one word to describe how you are feeling about today's experiences.

Evening Prayer

Be in conversation with God. Pray. It's important.

Poetry Prayer

King David wrote songs and poetry to his King; these are the
Psalms. Tonight, write to your King in the form of poetry. Use
any type of poetry you'd like—sonnet, free-verse, haiku, etc.
Remember, this is just for you & God. No one else will read this
—unless you choose to share it.



Morning Time with God

Find a comfortable position for the next thirty minutes to be in God's Word. Go through this morning's exercise alone at first, then take the final 10 minutes to share together as a team.

SCRIPTURAL PRAYER

Though it is short, he passage for each morning relates directly to the study you have done to prepare for this trip and is to be read in context of its surrounding scripture. Think about the passage in light of the study and reading you have done to prepare for the conversations you will have. If you are not sure how it fits, read the larger section of scripture and/or get guidance from your leader or Maven guide.

Passage

Romans 3:20

Reading

Slowly read the entire passage two times.

- Read 1
- Read 2

Meditation

Think carefully about what you've just read. Reflect upon the meaning of the passage in its context. Reflect on how it fits with the larger narrative of the Bible. Think about how it relates to the study sessions you have been doing.

Another reading—if necessary

Contemplation

Give the scripture time to saturate your soul. If necessary, read it again. Ask the Holy Spirit to help you understand the meaning and how it may specifically relate to you in your relationship to Christ. Read the passage again, and notice which phrase, word, or image you are drawn to. Focus on it. Why might it be significant to you, on this day?

- Read 3
- Phrase, Word, or Image:

Prayer

Speak to the Lord in your heart, prompted by the word or phrase you took from the passage. With the Holy Spirit, form a single sentence prayer based upon it. It can be a prayer of adoration, confession, renewal, petition, intercession, affirmation, or thanksgiving.

•	Single Sentence Prayer:	

Response

Take a few minutes to present yourself before God in silence. Sit in His presence. Yield your life to Him. If your mind wanders, redirect your mind to the passage.

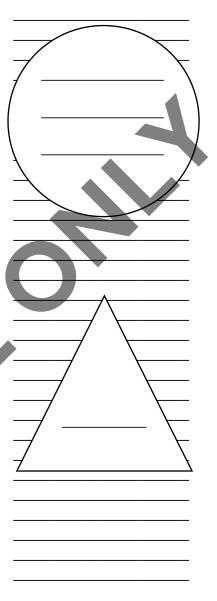
Daily Reflection

Process your day now. Don't go to bed without taking time to sit silently in your activities, people, takeaways, and feelings from your day. You need to process.

ACTIVITIES	
What was your favorite part of today? Why?	
PEOPLE Whose life encouraged you	
today? Why?	

MAIN TAKEAWAY...

What do you want to take away from today? What did you learn that'll be important to remember?



I FEEL...

Use one word to describe how you are feeling about today's experiences.

Evening Prayer

What do you want to talk with God about tonight? Do you believe prayer can change things? Pray as though your prayer matters—it does!

Prayer Journal

Write out in sentence and paragraph form an in-depth prayer to God. Be specific, sincere, and vulnerable. Just write. Be honest, simple, and pray to God like you would talk to a friend.

Lord,	
	•
	>

Amen.



Morning Time with God

Find a comfortable position for the next thirty minutes to be in God's Word. Go through this morning's exercise alone at first, then take the final 10 minutes to share together as a team.

SCRIPTURAL PRAYER

Though it is short, he passage for each morning relates directly to the study you have done to prepare for this trip and is to be read in context of its surrounding scripture. Think about the passage in light of the study and reading you have done to prepare for the conversations you will have. If you are not sure how it fits, read the larger section of scripture and/or get guidance from your leader or Maven guide.

Passage

Malachi 3:6

Reading

Slowly read the entire passage two times.

- Read 1
- Read 2

Meditation

Think carefully about what you've just read. Reflect upon the meaning of the passage in its context. Reflect on how it fits with the larger narrative of the Bible. Think about how it relates to the study sessions you have been doing.

Another reading—if necessary

Contemplation

Give the scripture time to saturate your soul. If necessary, read it again. Ask the Holy Spirit to help you understand the meaning and how it may specifically relate to you in your relationship to Christ. Read the passage again, and notice which phrase, word, or image you are drawn to. Focus on it. Why might it be significant to you, on this day?

- Read 3
- Phrase, Word, or Image:

Prayer

Speak to the Lord in your heart, prompted by the word or phrase you took from the passage. With the Holy Spirit, form a single sentence prayer based upon it. It can be a prayer of adoration, confession, renewal, petition, intercession, affirmation, or thanksgiving.

•	Single Sentence Prayer:	

Response

Take a few minutes to present yourself before God in silence. Sit in His presence. Yield your life to Him. If your mind wanders, redirect your mind to the passage.

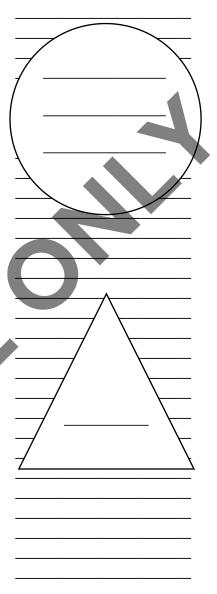
Daily Reflection

Shh ... Sit quietly. What happened today? What did you learn about yourself? Take time now to rethink your day before going to bed.

ACTIVITIES	
What did you do today? Did any specific thing stick out, which you want to remember?	
PEOPLE	
Who frustrated you today? Why? Write about it.	
6	

MAIN TAKEAWAY...

What do you want to take away from today? What did you learn that'll be important to remember?



I FEEL...

Use one word to describe how you are feeling about today's experiences.

Evening Prayer

What is on your heart right now? Pray about it. You can share anything with God.

Short Focusing Prayer

Often, as we progress in our prayer time, our mind will wander and we may not notice for a moment or even a few minutes that we are just back to thinking of concerns of our day. When this happens, we can refocus our minds on God and our communication with him by using two simple steps.

Step 1 - Take a few seconds to slow down, take a few deep breaths, and calm down before the Lord. By thinking about our breathing and body for a moment and taking a couple of deep breaths, we can refocus our mind and body.

Step 2 - Think of a biblical name for God that you connect with, for example: Jesus, Lord, Yahweh, Messiah, Savior. Then make request of Him or tell Him something that will re-center your mind on prayer. A very common form of this is called the "Jesus Prayer" and it goes like so: "Lord Jesus Christ, Son of God, have mercy on my soul." It may be as simple as "Jesus, help me focus on you."

Feel free to write your prayer below and use it tonight and in the future. It is not a magic formula, but rather just a way to help get yourself back on track when your mind wanders.



Morning Time with God

Find a comfortable position for the next thirty minutes to be in God's Word. Go through this morning's exercise alone at first, then take the final 10 minutes to share together as a team.

SCRIPTURAL PRAYER

Though it is short, he passage for each morning relates directly to the study you have done to prepare for this trip and is to be read in context of its surrounding scripture. Think about the passage in light of the study and reading you have done to prepare for the conversations you will have. If you are not sure how it fits, read the larger section of scripture and/or get guidance from your leader or Maven guide.

Passage

Galatians 1:6-9

Reading

Slowly read the entire passage two times.

- Read 1
- Read 2

Meditation

Think carefully about what you've just read. Reflect upon the meaning of the passage in its context. Reflect on how it fits with the larger narrative of the Bible. Think about how it relates to the study sessions you have been doing.

Another reading—if necessary

Contemplation

Give the scripture time to saturate your soul. If necessary, read it again. Ask the Holy Spirit to help you understand the meaning and how it may specifically relate to you in your relationship to Christ. Read the passage again, and notice which phrase, word, or image you are drawn to. Focus on it. Why might it be significant to you, on this day?

- Read 3
- Phrase, Word, or Image:

Prayer

Speak to the Lord in your heart, prompted by the word or phrase you took from the passage. With the Holy Spirit, form a single sentence prayer based upon it. It can be a prayer of adoration, confession, renewal, petition, intercession, affirmation, or thanksgiving.

•	Single Sentence Prayer:	

Response

Take a few minutes to present yourself before God in silence. Sit in His presence. Yield your life to Him. If your mind wanders, redirect your mind to the passage.

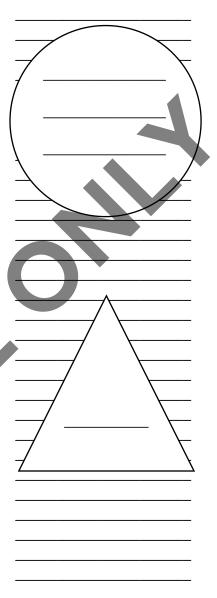
Daily Reflection

Sit quietly. What happened today? What did you learn about yourself? Take time to rethink your day before going to bed.

ACTIVITIES What did you do today? Did any specific thing stick out to you from today you want to remember?	
PEOPLE Who loved you well today? How? Write about it.	

MAIN TAKEAWAY...

What do you want to take away from today? What did you learn that'll be important to remember?



I FEEL...

Use one word to describe how you are feeling about today's experiences.

Evening Prayer

What is on your heart right now? Pray about it. You can share anything with God.

Psalm Prayer

King David set many of his prayers to God in song and poetic verse. We may not be poets or particularly artistic, but we can use the poetry and written prayers of others to help us pray. Pick a Psalm appropriate to your situation and circumstance and "pray it" to God. If you cannot think of one, try Psalm 1.



Morning Time with God

Find a comfortable position for the next thirty minutes to be in God's Word. Go through this morning's exercise alone at first, then take the final 10 minutes to share together as a team.

SCRIPTURAL PRAYER

Though it is short, he passage for each morning relates directly to the study you have done to prepare for this trip and is to be read in context of its surrounding scripture. Think about the passage in light of the study and reading you have done to prepare for the conversations you will have. If you are not sure how it fits, read the larger section of scripture and/or get guidance from your leader or Maven guide.

Passage

Acts 14:15

Reading

Slowly read the entire passage two times.

- Read 1
- Read 2

Meditation

Think carefully about what you've just read. Reflect upon the meaning of the passage in its context. Reflect on how it fits with the larger narrative of the Bible. Think about how it relates to the study sessions you have been doing.

Another reading—if necessary

Contemplation

Give the scripture time to saturate your soul. If necessary, read it again. Ask the Holy Spirit to help you understand the meaning and how it may specifically relate to you in your relationship to Christ. Read the passage again, and notice which phrase, word, or image you are drawn to. Focus on it. Why might it be significant to you, on this day?

- Read 3
- Phrase, Word, or Image:

Prayer

Speak to the Lord in your heart, prompted by the word or phrase you took from the passage. With the Holy Spirit, form a single sentence prayer based upon it. It can be a prayer of adoration, confession, renewal, petition, intercession, affirmation, or thanksgiving.

•	Single Sentence Prayer:	

Response

Take a few minutes to present yourself before God in silence. Sit in His presence. Yield your life to Him. If your mind wanders, redirect your mind to the passage.

Daily Reflection

Think deeply about your day. Examine all you did, reflect on those you met, ask what you want to take from today, and test yourself on how you're feeling right now. Process.

ACTIVITIES	
What took place the last 24	
hours? Anything stand out?	
PEOPLE	
Who stuck out to you today?	
Why?	

MAIN TAKEAWAY...

What did you learn about yourself today? How'd you learn this??

I FEEL...

Use one word to describe how you are feeling about today's experiences.

Evening Prayer

Did you know prayer cannot be taken away from you? Most of what we have can be stolen, but not prayer. Prayer is your communication with God. Pray. Pray continually. Pray tonight.

Prayer of Thanksgiving

God

Take time tonight to write out in sentence and paragraph form an in-depth prayer of thanksgiving to God. Be specific, sincere, and vulnerable. Pour out your thanksgiving to God.

004,	
Thank you for	
Y	

Amen.



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SECTION FOUR

TRIP DEBRIEF

TAKING YOUR EXPERIENCE HOME

Your Biblical Immersive Experience has come to an end. What you learned about God, yourself, and others will stick with you forever. The experience will live on if you take time now to revisit your trip journal to understand what God did.

Here you have five tools to guide you through a reflection on your experience.

- Feeling Word Summary: Go back. Catalogue your feelings from each day. What do you find?
- Main Takeaway Summary: Rewind. List each main takeaway you wrote. What themes do you see?
- Ten-Year Takeaway Summary: Use the themes found in your takeaways to find one long-lasting takeaway.
- Two-Minute Story: Sharing your story from this trip will keep it alive. Write out your story.
- Action Items: Don't stop. Keep pursuing truth, seeking goodness, and creating beauty as you get home. How might you do that?

Let this Biblical Immersive Experience be a launching pad into your next season with God. Go home. Make the changes you need. Find the answers you didn't get. Seek God. Share.

Feeling Word Summary

What were you feeling throughout your trip? Go back now to your evening reflections from each day and write down your feeling words. Sit with each feeling for a second before moving on to the next one. Why did you feel that way?

Feeling Words...

•	 pg. 118
•	pg. 125
•	pg. 131
•	pg. 137
	pg. 143
	pg. 143 pg. 149
	pg. 155
	pg. 155 pg. 161
	- J- J

Your Analysis...

Study your feelings as a whole from the week. What sticks out? Why? Is there a theme? Put a P next to each positive feeling. Place an N next to each negative feeling. Does this tell you anything? Write your insight here. Be honest. Be real. What do you see?

 		_
	 	_
		_
		_
		_
		_
		_

Main Takeaway Summary

What were your main takeaways from each day? Did you learn a lot of new things? Were your takeaways practical, spiritual, or both? Go back and organize each main takeaway sentence below. Sit with each one as you write it down.

Main Takeaways...

•	 pg.	118
•	 pg.	125
•	 pg.	131
•		
•	pa.	143
	pg. pg. pg.	149
	na.	155
	pg.	161
	 ı- J.	

Your Analysis...

Educate yourself on your list above. What do you see? What do you learn? Write about it.

Ten-Year Takeaway

Ten years from now what do you want to remember from this Immersive Experience? Not memories per se, but what takeaway do you want to hang onto over the next decade? Maybe it's "Truth exists" or "God wants me to be concerned about what I eat" or a million other things. Write around the box your thoughts, and then when you're ready write down in one sentence one takeaway from this trip you want to stick with you forever.

	·
My Ten-Year Takeaway	
5	

Two-Minute Story

Debriefing Your Biblical Immersive Experience

Introduction

Two-Minute Story

Experiences are created as a vehicle for building memories, or another way of putting it—creating stories with God. Stories are powerful as we use these to share what God has done in our lives during your Immersive Experience. When you get home from the Biblical Immersive Experience, what's the first question your parents, grandparents, friends, teachers, or your dog asks you?

"How was the Immersive Experience? Tell me all about it."

Sometimes this question is energizing, but many times it is overwhelming, as it can be hard to articulate an experience on the spot in a way a person can connect with. Often people ask wanting to listen for only two minutes. Often my responses are simple, "The trip was good. I had a lot of fun." Over the years, however, I have been challenged that this answer is not sufficient as I lose an opportunity to share with another person what God just did in my life.

We can use Two-Minute Stories as an awesome vehicle to easily and effectively share our God-stories from the Immersive Experience, because soon we will be asked about the experience. This time we'll have a heartfelt and God-honoring story!

As your trip is coming to an end, take some time now to prayerfully and thoughtfully think through a story you could share with others, which would best sum up your experience. Use the brainstorming sheet, outline template, and rough drafts to guide you through your Two-Minute Story creation process. Have fun with this and make it your own.

Instructions

Two-Minute Story

Follow these instructions as you shape your story.

1. Use a captivating opening sentence (a good hook),

Example: "This week was pretty bizarre. I finally spoke after a whole year of silence, and I learned a really powerful lesson from a weird source."

Alyssa S., Biblical Immersive Experience 2017

2. Use scripture to support your main takeaway.

Example: I didn't change anyone's minds or feelings about Mormonism. I learned God uses each and every conversation for His own plan and purpose. Like in Luke 5:12-15 when a man with leprosy recognized that by God's will only, he can be healed. I may never know what will happen to the people I had conversations with on my Biblical Immersive Experience. But I know God used every word of mine to share love and speak truth to others who have never heard truth.

Michelle W., Biblical Immersive Experience 2017

3. Write a story which implicitly answers one question...

- What did God teach you about humility on this trip?
- What did you learn about yourself? How did you?
- What did you learn about God? How did you learn that?
- How did God challenge you?

4. Consider the following tips when writing your story

- Give Specific Details—names, colors, feelings, etc.
- Be Personable—talk about what you learned.
- Finish Strong—tie your ending into your hook.

Example Story

Two- Minute Story

God moved in me while at the Biblical Immersive Experience in Utah. Through hearing the testimonies and ministries of locals and transplants in Utah, God revealed to me the full truth and validity of His word. Through conversations with Mormons, God revealed to me the power of His gospel. Through enjoying and resting in His nature, God revealed to me His beauty and creativity.

Still, God had more of His Spirit that He made known to me on the second-to-last night. I led our team in a discussion of how we, or they, were going to take the lessons learned through the week and apply them in new, creative avenues at youth group next year. That was one of the most incredible, heart-breaking experiences of my life.

Spending the majority of my life in youth group the past seven years, watching new leadership build upon everything I felt such a personal connection to, brought up indescribable feelings within me. Through my years in youth group, God built me up as a leader, as I prayed daily for God to grow me like the Levites described in Malachi 2, as a "priest who guards knowledge, and a leader who people should seek instruction from." God used me in great ways, but now He has new plans for me and new leaders in the youth group who are stronger and better equipped than me.

My life is worth nothing to me unless I use it for finishing God's work of telling others God's Gospel, and now I have a new mission field in college. Although leaving my youth group is hard, whatever happens, whether my heart or my flesh fails, God is the strength of my heart and my portion forever.

Luke S., Biblical Immersive Experience 2017

Outline

Two-Minute Story

Use this outline as a tool to create your story's roadmap.

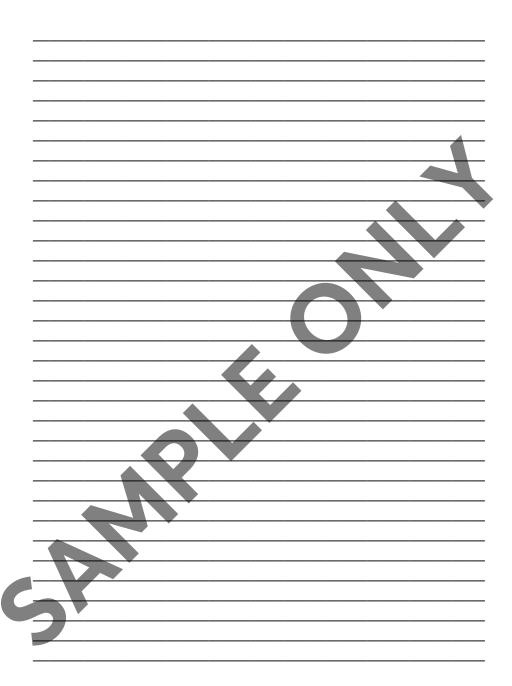
•	The Title of Your Story
I.	Opening Sentence (Hook)
II.	Body ParagraphsWhat question are you implicitly answering?
	What scripture are you sharing?
V.	Closing Sentence (Tie in Your Opening & Close Out Story

Now go find a leader to read your outline to. Once they've given input and approved it, go write your story!

Rough Draft

Two- Minute Story

Title



Give your rough draft to a student for another round of thoughts and edits. Then write your final draft.

Final Draft

Two- Minute Story

Title

Full Name (Drinted)

Congratulations! Now, go find your MAVEN Field Guide so they can take a photo, which by doing you're giving them permission to share and use as they see fit. Now go share your story with others.

Action Items to Consider

If you would like to continue sharing your faith and pushing yourself in your spiritual walk, here are some possible challenges to help you along. Fill it out, share it with your teammates for accountability.

Share the Truth with Your Friends...

 Regularly seek out spiritual discussions with nonbelievers.

Read the Word...

•	Read	the	Bible	in	one	year.
---	------	-----	-------	----	-----	-------

- Read the Bible _____ times per week.
- Read the Bible for _____ minutes a day.

Be with God in Prayer...

- Pray every day for minutes.
- Drive in silence _____ times a week.
- Desire to grow in knowledge, wisdom, and character.
- Go on a Prayer Walk _____ times a month.

Study...

- Read one or more of the books in the suggested reading list and resource list.
- Read one or more of the blogs on the list of resources.
- Visit one or more of the websites listed in the trip resource section.

Action Step(s)...

'nat acti	ion are you going to take? How are you (going to
ccomplis	sh this?	
		4
-		
7		



The After Survey

Before your first training you took *The Before Survey* to gain insight for where you were. Now, with trainings, readings, quizzes, and the trip over we want you to survey again to see how far you've come.

To the best of your ability, write your definition of the Trinity.

Short Answers...

Be as precise and accurate as possible.
From memory, what biblical passages would you cite to
support the doctrine of the Trinity?
•
From memory, what biblical passages support the Christian view of salvation and what's required?
view of survetion and what's required:
Why is the Bible trustworthy and authoritative?
181

5.	In one to two sentences, explain what the gospel is.
Fo	ate Yourself In the following questions, rate yourself using the following Italian
	1 = Completely uncomfortable 2 = Not very comfortable 3 = A bit hesitant 4 = Fairly confident 5 = Completely comfortable & confident
6.	How confident are you that the Bible is the authoritative Word of God?
7.	1
/.	and values with your close friends and family?
0	1
8.	How comfortable are you in your ability to share the Gospel with unbelievers? 1



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SECTION FIVE

TRIP RESOURCES

HELPFUL TOOLS ON AND AFTER THE TRIP

In this section you will find a variety of helpful resources. Some of these you'll be instructed to use as tools before the trip, while on the trip, and for after the trip.

Here are the tools you'll find in this section...

- Packing List
- Guidelines & Expectations
- Immersive Experience Jobs
- Salt Lake City Temple Tour
- Salt Lake City Temple Tour Questions
- BYU Campus Talks
- BYU Door-to-Door
- Mormon Conversational Survey
- The Jesus Survey: One survey and an answer sheet.
- Helpful Articles, Charts, & Sheets
- Helpful Videos, Books, & Online Resources

You may get stumped. You won't have every answer. That's okay. But, don't just leave it at that. Go find answers. Keep studying.

Packing List

What to Bring...

Important | Read this "what to bring" list with the mission trip purpose at the forefront of your minds. And be prepared to sacrifice your "personal rights" or desires for the good of the group. MAVEN has a NO ELECTRONICS policy, so please leave your phones and other electronic devices at home.

Necessary Items

Look at the weather report before you pack. Consider how many days you'll be gone. Keep packing simple. Use travel size items when applicable.

□ Casual Clothing (still keep nice though)
 Note to Girls: Utah is a very conservative place, so pack
respectfully. No low-cut shirts, spaghetti straps, or tight shirts
—nothing that shows cleavage or midriffs. You will have to
"cover up" if your shirt is considered too tight, low-cut, etc.
· Note to Guys: Do not dress sloppily (i.e., showing your boxers
ripped clothing). Bring things like jeans, shorts, polos, button
downs, t-shirts, etc.
□ Grubby Clothes (for hiking and working out in)
□ Sweatshirt or Jacket
☐ Shoes: Walking or Hiking
□ Sandals
□ Towel. For showering, swimming, etc
☐ Bathing Suit (needs to be modest)
□ Toiletries: i.e., soap, shampoo, deodorant
□ Earplugs
□ Sleeping Bag & Pillow
□ Air Mattress or Sleeping Pad: we are sleeping on floors
□ Book 1: <u>The Holy Bible</u> : the actual book—no electronics
□ Book 2: The Ambassadors Guide to Mormonism

☐ Book 3: Witness to Mormons in Love
☐ Book 4: MAVEN's Biblical Immersive Experience Guidebook
☐ Book 5: <u>Triple Combination of Mormonism Scriptures</u>
□ Daypack/Backpack
□ Water Bottle
☐ Meal Money
Optional
□ Snacks
☐ Sun Protection: sunscreen, hat, sunglasses
☐ Basketball Shoes
□ Flashlight
□ Camera: phone cameras aren't allowed
☐ Spending Money: for snacks, souvenirs, etc
□ Weather-Dependent: hat or beanie, gloves, or sweaters
☐ Weather-Dependent: modest swimsuits, bug repellent, etc
What Not to Bring
☐ Any Electronics: no DVD players, no iPods, no video games.
□ Cell Phones: Leave these at home, but if you must bring one
it must stay turned OFF during the majority of the trip. If
your leadership allows you to bring them, there will be
designated times to call your parents. We know from years
past that cell phones can be a HUGE distraction from God's
work on this trip.

Notes on Packing...

Everything but your sleeping bag must fit into ONE duffel bag or suitcase. This suitcase CANNOT be huge—think small, think reusable clothing. Remember, people almost never pack too little; they pack too much! You may use a backpack to carry non-clothes items like your Bible, trip resources, books, or camera.

Guidelines & Expectations

In order to get the most out of our time on the Immersive Experience, it's important to get on the same page with some important guidelines and expectations.

Please read through each expectation, checking the box to indicate you've read and agreed to what's being asked of you. If you aren't comfortable with an expectation, please come talk to a group leader so we can get on the same page.

I AGREE TO...

☐ Be Present: I understand that the goal of this trip is to grow my relationship and show others who Christ is through who we are, what we do, and what we say. With that, I commit to being present both physically and mentally. ☐ Be Positive: I commit to maintaining a positive attitude and being flexible when things don't go my way. I commit to not gossiping or spreading negativity through the group, but rather will approach a leader for guidance and counsel. I commit to striving for a Christ-like attitude in all that I do. I will try my best to not complain, murmur, or spread negativity throughout the group. □ Don't Be Messing Around: Messing around includes, but is not limited to: No Drugs, Vaping, Juuls, Alcohol, or Tobacco, or anything of the sort | No Firearms, Fireworks, or Weapons of any kind | No Wrestling or Horseplay | No Guys in the Girls' room | No Girls in the Guys' room | No altering your physical appearance | No Electronic Devices ☐ **Be Modest:** Girls—No spaghetti straps, short shorts, bare midriff. Guys—no short shorts or tank tops. I commit to never being alone with someone of the opposite gender unless in the open where others can see us.

 □ Clean Up After Yourself: Don't put thin away. Keep bathroom, meeting room, □ Sacrifice for Others: I understand that sacrifice for others. I commit to making willingly. 	kitchen clean. I will be asked to
□ Pursuit of Excellence: I commit to purs	uing excellence in all
that I do (Colossians 3:23).	
Protect the Team: I will keep all proble of the team and commit to working th	
manner during Team Time (Matthew 18 will be honest about my feelings. I will and help my leaders if need be.	3). I will not stuff but
☐ Staying Safe: I commit to using wisdor	
while traveling. I commit to staying wit to NOT wandering around and keeping	
be safe" at the forefront of my mind.	-
have a buddy with me at all times and	will not wander away
from the group alone at any point. □ Pursuing Jesus: I commit to pursuing J	esus and trying to live
according to 1 Peter 1.16, "Be holy beca	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
recognize I'm not perfect but I will striv	e to live like Jesus did.
I know that the point is not to achieve pe	orfaction or to bo
made righteous by my works or actions.	
strive to be more like Jesus in all that I th	
I agree to follow all guidelines and rules i	n order to take away
any distractions that may hinder me from	
relationship with God and building a hec	
my time on the Immersive Experience.	
X:	X:
Signature	Date
X:	
Print Name	

Immersive Experience Jobs

One of the great parts of our Immersive Experience is we get to work together in everything we do. This won't be a trip where any of us are just going to be served, but we will all be serving each other to ensure the trip runs smoothly.

You will be assigned to a specific job (possibly with others), which is your responsibility to complete with excellence during the trip. Below is each job description. Mark yours.

Job Descriptions

Key-Bearer: You are in charge of all keys. Whatever vehicle you are assigned to will be the keys you keep track of always. Collect each time you arrive to a destination.
Morning Time with God Lead: You are in charge of facilitating devotions each morning for the group. You don't need to teach but simply be a leader in gathering everyone together, entering the team into this time, and closing out when ready.
Sous Chef: You are in charge of putting out & cleaning up the breakfast and lunch supplies each morning for everyone (when necessary). You are also in charge of making sure the cooler(s) are packed & ready to go for the day—safely placed in the room or vehicle it belongs in for that day. You'l need to follow all directions from your Chef.
Bell Hop: You are in charge of making sure all luggage is packed and loaded in the vehicles each time we are traveling. You will need to make sure everyone's luggage is

loaded and unloaded safely by the time of departure.

Housekeeping: You and your team are responsible for cleaning up the trash in the vehicles each night. You will have trash bags to discard trash into each evening.
Paparazzi: Your job is to document the trip! You will use the given camera to take pictures of the trip and make sure we get a group picture at some point.
Worship: Your job is to lead our team in Musical Worship each night during our Reflection Time. You will be in charge

of 1-3 songs each night depending on our timing.

My job is



Salt Lake City Temple Tour

Instructions

The Purpose

- Learn about Mormon history/culture.
- Engage in meaningful conversations with the missionaries and other visitors (who may be LDS or could be seeking truth, just visiting, etc.).

The Do's...

- Introduction: "We're interested in different religions/worldviews and while in the area decided to visit Temple Square with some friends."
- Tour in small groups (minimum of 3 and maximum of 5).
- Smile, be friendly, make small talk, and ask questions of the missionaries and other visitors.
 - Tip: Remove sunglasses so people can see your eyes!
- · Visit and take tours of the listed locations below.
- Ask related/appropriate questions based on the tour information.
- Ask questions you may already know the answers to. This is appropriate to build rapport with people.
- Sign up to have LDS missionaries visit you at home.

- If there's conflict, politely end the conversation and leave.
- If security asks you to leave, do so immediately.
- If a conversation goes well, exchange contact information.

The Priority Locations...

- The Temple Square Visitor Centers—Take the tour.
- Museum of Church History and Art—Take the tour.
- Brigham Young House—Take the tour.
- Movies to Watch—Ask for movie times at the North Visitor Center
 - Joseph Smith
 - The Testaments

The Optional Locations...

- The Church Office Building—Visit the 26th floor observation deck for the beautiful view and for a good place to take pictures.
- The Joseph Smith Memorial Building—There's a good LDS bookstore in the basement.
- Conference Center—Take a peek but don't do a tour unless you've done everything else and have extra time.

The Do Not's...

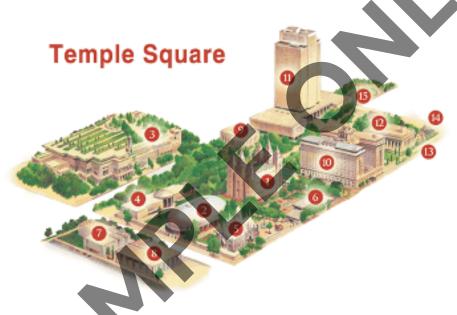
- Do not hand out any literature.
- Do not stay in uncomfortable situations.
- Do not implicate yourself or others, including MAVEN staff. You have the right to withhold personal information.

Some Possible Conversation Questions...

- Where are you from?
- How long have you been on your mission?
- Why would someone want to become a Mormon?
- What is your story/testimony?
- I've been studying Mormonism and wondered if I could ask you about...
 - the nature of God, Jesus, forgiveness, repentance, eternal life, the Book of Mormon, truth, or something else.
 - How does this match up with the biblical account?

Salt Lake City Temple Square Discussion Notes and Questions

Questions to Ask LDS Tour Guides and Missionaries, Written from a Christian Perspective



- 1. Salt Lake Temple
- 2. Tabernacie
- 3. Conference Center
- 4. North Visitors' Center
- 5. Assembly Hall
- 6. South Visitors' Center
- 7. Museum of Church History and Art
- 8. Family History Library
- 9. Relief Society Building

- 10. Joseph Smith Memorial Building
- 11. Church Office Building
- 12. Church Administration Building
- 13. Lion House
- 14. Beehive House
- 15. Brigham Young Historic Park



"Why is there a need for a temple? The Bible tells us that the days of the temple are gone. Aren't we supposed to be the living temple of God?"

A strong argument can be made from the Bible that there is no longer a need for a temple or temple system at all. These passages strongly suggest that believers are the new temple of God:

- Acts 17:24 (KJV) God that made the world and all things therein, seeing that he is Lord of heaven and earth, dwelleth not in temples made with hands...
- 1 Corinthians 3:16-17 (KJV) Know ye not that ye are the temple of God, and that the Spirit of God dwelleth in you? If any man defile the temple of God, him shall God destroy; for the temple of God is holy, which temple ye are.
- Hebrews 9:11-12 (KJV) But Christ being come an high priest of good things to come, by a greater and more perfect tabernacle, not made with hands, that is to say, not of this building; neither by the blood of goats and calves, but by his own blood he entered in once into the holy place, having obtained eternal redemption for us.
- Hebrews 9:24 (KJV) For Christ is not entered into the holy places made with hands, which are the figures of the true; but into heaven itself, now to appear in the presence of God for us.

"Who gets to go inside the Temple? What if I can't afford to pay a tenth of my income to the church? Could I still get a temple recommend?"

One must possess a current temple recommend being allowed admission to the temple. An interview will be conducted privately, and the member is asked a series of questions about his or her life. The member must be able to demonstrate that he or she is morally clean and has been keeping the Word of Wisdom (i.e., abstaining from coffee, tea, tobacco, alcohol, and addictive drugs). The member must be paying a full tithe to the church. The member must be following all the teachings of the Church. The member must not be reading or affiliating with the works or member of any group that is critical of the church.

"Does the Book of Mormon teach anything about the need for a temple? Why do we need to enter a temple when, according to the Bible, Jesus is the only high priest we need? Why do you have priests at all?"

The LDS church has established a Temple and Priesthood system, but the Book of Mormon mentions nothing at all about the need for a temple, and the Bible clearly tells us that Jesus is the only priest and mediator between God and man:

• Hebrews 9:6-12 Now when these things were thus ordained, the priests went always into the first tabernacle, accomplishing the service of God. But into the second went the high priest alone once every year, not without blood, which he offered for himself, and for the errors of the people: The Holy Ghost this signifying, that the way into the holiest of all was not yet made manifest, while as the first tabernacle was yet standing: Which was a figure for the time then present, in which were offered both gifts and sacrifices, that could not make him that did the service perfect, as pertaining to the conscience; Which stood only in meats and drinks, and divers washings, and carnal ordinances,

imposed on them until the time of reformation. But Christ being come an high priest of good things to come, by a greater and more perfect tabernacle, not made with hands, that is to say, not of this building; Neither by the blood of goats and calves, but by his own blood he entered in once into the holy place, having obtained eternal redemption for us.

"Why do they perform temple ceremonies for eternal marriages when the Bible says that no one will be given to marriage in heaven, and there is no example of this type of ceremony in the Old Testament?"

The Bible is clear about the role of marriage in the next life, and the teaching of the Bible mentions no requirement for eternal marriage vows:

• Luke 20:34-36 And Jesus answering said unto them, The children of this world marry, and are given in marriage: But they which shall be accounted worthy to obtain that world, and the resurrection from the dead, neither marry, nor are given in marriage: Neither can they die any more: for they are equal unto the angels; and are the children of God, being the children of the resurrection.

The only eternal marriage in the Bible is the spiritual marriage of the believer to Christ.

• 2 Corinthians 11:2 I have espoused you to one husband [Christ], that I may present you [the Christians] as a chaste virgin to Christ.

Christians are to be united in a spiritual union with Jesus, not an actual marriage.

• Romans 7:4 Wherefore, my brethren, ye also are become dead to the law by the body of Christ; that ye should be married to

another, even to him who is raised from the dead, that we should bring forth fruit unto God.

"I understand that you do baptisms for the dead in the temple. Why do you baptize for the dead when Paul does not advocate the practice for Christians (in the only passage in the Bible where he mentions it)?"

There is much confusion about the issue of baptism for the dead. Before we even look at the issue, it's important to remember a basic principle of scripture. We should never establish a spiritual requirement from a single Bible passage, especially if the passage is not critically clear. And baptism for the dead is only mentioned ONCE in the Bible, and only in passing:

• 1 Corinthians 15:29 Else what shall they do which are baptized for the dead, if the dead rise not at all? Why are they then baptized for the dead?"

Now, notice that Paul is not advocating this practice. He merely makes a passing reference to some group that had such a practice. His emphasis throughout that chapter is on the resurrection. Had baptism for the dead been a primary function of the early church, surely there would be more teaching on it than this casual reference. Also, notice that Paul uses pronouns like "we," "I," "you," etc. throughout the chapter because he is talking about either himself of the Corinthian believers. When he gets to this passage, he switches to "they" twice because he is talking about what OTHER people are doing. It's almost as if he is trying to make a point with this extreme example: "hey, even those nutty people who baptize the dead know that the resurrection will take place!"

"Why do you baptize for the dead when the Book of Mormon is silent about this and even teaches against it?"

In the Book of Mormon, the word "baptism" appears twenty-five times. The word "baptize" appears twenty-eight times. The word "baptized" appears eighty-five times, and the word "baptizing" appears six times. In all those passages, the doctrine of baptism for the dead is never mentioned! While you may still argue that the doctrine of baptism of the dead has been removed from the Bible, it cannot be true that the doctrine was removed from the Book of Mormon, because the Catholics never had the Book of Mormon! In addition, the Book of Mormon condemns the very ideas that led to the practice of baptism for the dead. It clearly proclaims that there is no chance for a person to repent after death if he has known the gospel and has rejected it.

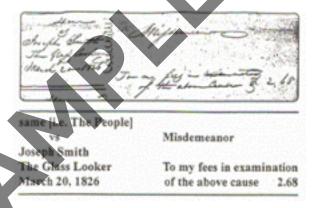
Alma 34:32-35 For behold, this life is the time for men to prepare to meet God; yea, behold the day of this life is the day for men to perform their labors... And now, as I said unto you before, as ye have had so many witnesses, therefore, I beseech of you that ye do not procrastinate the day of your repentance until the end; for after this day of life, which is given us to prepare for eternity, behold, if we do not improve our time while in this life, then cometh the night of darkness wherein there can be no labor performed. Ye cannot say, when ye are brought to that awful crisis, that I will repent, that I will return to my God. Nay, ye cannot say this; for that same Spirit which doth possess your bodies at the time that ye go out of this life, that same Spirit will have power to possess your body in that eternal world. For behold, if ye have procrastinated the day of your repentance even until death, behold, ye have become subjected to the spirit of the devil, and he doth seal you his; therefore, the Spirit of the Lord hath withdrawn from you, and hath no place in you, and the devil hath all power over you; and this is the final state of the wicked.



Museum of Church History and Art

"Is it true that Joseph Smith was arrested for 'Glass Gazing'?"

Before Joseph married Emma Hale, he was found guilty of "glass gazing." Rev. Wesley P. Walters found documentation for this 1826 suit recently (in 1971), in the basement of the courthouse. These records proved the charges against Joseph Smith and were an embarrassment to the LDS church. One of the witnesses testifying against him was Isaac Hale, father of Emma, his future wife. Isaac refused to allow his daughter to marry Joseph Smith, so in January 1827, 21-year-old Emma eloped with Joseph to Palmyra, New York. Here is a copy of the court docket and the language from the warrant that was issued:



"Warrant issued upon oath of Peter G. Bridgeman, who informed that one Joseph Smith of Bainbridge was a disorderly person and an imposter. Prisoner brought into court March 20, 1826. Prisoner examined: says that he came from town of Palmyra, and had been at the house of Josiah Stowel in Bainbridge most of [the] time since; had [a] small part of time been employed in looking for mines, but

the major part had been employed by said Stowel on his farm, and aoina to school. That he had a certain stone which he had occasionally looked at to determine where hidden treasures in the bowels of the earth were; that he professed to tell in this manner where gold-mines were a distance under ground, and had looked for Mr. Stowel several times, and had informed him where he could find these treasures, and Mr. Stowel had been engaged in digging for them. That at Palmyra he pretended to tell by looking at this stone, where coined money was buried in Pennsylvania, and while at Palmyra had frequently ascertained in that way where lost property was, of various kinds; that he had occasionally been in the habit of looking through this stone to find lost property for three years, but of late had pretty much given up on account its injuring his health, especially his eyes, making them sore; that he did not solicit business of this kind, and had always rather declined having anything to do with this business...And therefore the Court find the Defendant guilty."

"Why are there so many variations and changes in the first vision account of Joseph Smith?"

It is hard to deny that Smith changed his story about the first vision he had, and because of this, it is often difficult to reconstruct the true history of what happened. Here is a quick list of the variations in the first vision account:

- 1827 Joseph Smith, Sr. and Joseph Smith, Jr. give an account to Willard Chase, as related in his 1833 affidavit.
 - Joseph says the gold book was found in the context of his money-digging activities. There is no mention of a revival. Joseph says he is approximately 17 (1823) when he has a vision. He is then 21 (1827) when he finally retrieves the plates. Several years before obtaining the plates, a 'Spirit' appeared to Joseph in a vision telling him of a record on gold plates.

- **1827** Martin Harris gives account to Rev. John Clark, as published in his book <u>Gleanings by the Way</u>, printed in 1841, pp. 222-229.
 - No revival. The vision occurs after an evening of moneydigging. Joseph is approximately 18-19 (1824-25) when he has a vision. An 'angel' appeared to Joseph in a vision telling him he has been chosen to be a prophet and bring forth a record on gold plates.
- 1830 Joseph Smith is interviewed by Peter Bauder, (recounted by Bauder in his book <u>The Kingdom and the Gospel of Jesus Christ</u>, printed in 1834, pp. 36-38).
 - No revival is mentioned. In fact, Joseph could give Bauder no "Christian experience," i.e., no conversion experience or manifestation of saving grace in his life. No age is mentioned. Joseph claimed an 'angel' told him where to find a secret treasure.
- 1832 Joseph Smith handwrites the earliest know attempt at an 'official' recounting of the 'First Vision, from History,' 1832, Joseph Smith Letterbook 1, pp. 2, 3
 - Joseph now says he started serious study of the scriptures at age 12 and felt convicted of sins. He also says that he determined all churches were wrong. He makes no mention of a revival and omits all information about the money-digging context of the first accounts. Joseph now says that he is 15 (in his 16th year) when he had a first vision, and now adds a second vision that occurs at the age of 17 (he says he again prayed and then had the second vision). Joseph claimed to see 'Jesus' in the first vision at 15, and an 'angel' at the second vision (this angel told him where to find the plates).

- 1834-35 Oliver Cowdery, with Joseph Smith's help, published the first history of Mormonism in the LDS periodical Messenger and Advocate, Kirkland, Ohio, Dec. 1834, vol. 1, no. 3.
 - Joseph says a revival stirred in him a desire to "know for himself of the certainty and reality of pure and holy religion." Joseph says he is 17 (1823) when he had the vision in his bedroom. Joseph claimed an 'angel' appeared to him.
- 1835 Joseph gave an account to Erastus Holmes on November 14, 1835, originally published in the <u>Deseret News</u> of Saturday, May 29, 1852.
 - No motivation for the vision was given. Joseph says that he was 14 (1820) when he had the vision. Says he had a vision of 'angels.'
- 1838 This account became the official version, now part of Mormon Scripture in the <u>Pearl of Great Price</u>, Joseph Smith —History, 1:7-20. Though written in 1838, it was not published until 1842 in <u>Times and Season</u>, March 15, 1842, vol. 3, no 10, pp. 727-728, 748-749, 753.
 - Joseph says a local revival caused him to wonder which church was right, it had never occurred to him all were wrong. He says that at age 14 (1820) he had a vision in a grove. Three years later has yet another vision of an angel. Joseph says that in the first vision, he had a vision of two personages. One identifies the other as his son (by implication God the Father and Jesus, but not explicitly stated), in the second vision, he only sees an 'angel.'
- 1844 Joseph describes the vision while writing a chapter on Mormonism in "An Original History of the Religious

Denominations at Present Existing in the United States," edited by Daniel Rupp.

- Joseph says he began reflecting on the importance of being prepared for the future state, but upon inquiring found a great conflict of religious opinion. There is no mention of a revival. Joseph says that at the age of 14 (1820) he had a vision in a grove. Three years later he has a second vision. He had a vision of two personages, but they are unidentified. Three years later he says he has a vision of a single personage (same description as pervious personages) which is identified as an angel.
- 1859 Martin Harris is interviewed in <u>Tiffany's Monthly</u>, 1859, New York: Published by Joel Tiffany, vol. v.—12, pp. 163-170.
 - Joseph found the plates using the seer stone in the context of money-digging. There is no mention of a revival at all. Joseph is at the age of 21 (1827) at the time of the vision. An angel' appeared to Joseph after finding the plates and told him it [Book of Mormon] was God's work and Joseph must "quit the company of the moneydiggers."

"Is it true that Joseph died in a gun battle? Is it true that he killed two men and wounded a third?"

It is absolutely true that Joseph was killed while he was in custody in a Carthage Jail. There is no need to make light of this issue, and his killing was absolutely immoral. Justice should not be served in this way. But it is interesting to note that Mormon history usually fails to mention that Joseph Smith died in a gun battle in which he too had the opportunity to fire shots that resulted in the killing of two men and wounding of a third, as official church records show. (History of the Church, 6:616-618)

"Why was Joseph in jail to begin with?"

Joseph was in jail for several reasons that seem to reflect the surprising nature of someone who is supposed to be the spiritual leader of a religious sect. He had been accused of adultery and heresy, and he was also accused of burning down the newspaper printing press that made these charges public. His accusers were not un-respected men. They were Austin Cowles, First Counselor to Joseph Smith, and William Law, his Second Counselor!



"This place looks a lot like a church, but without a cross. Why aren't there any crosses on Mormon assembly halls, wards, stakes, or temples? Does the LDS church understand the role of the cross?"

The absence of the Cross is perhaps the most striking feature of Mormon religious buildings that claim to hold believers in Christ. There is a reason why the cross is missing however, and it has more to do with the source of Mormon salvation, than anything else. Remember what the cross represents:

After All, Only the Cross Reconciles (Pays) Our Debt We cannot DO anything on our own that would earn us our salvation.

• Ephesians 2:14-16 For he himself is our peace, who has made the two one and has destroyed the barrier, the dividing wall of hostility, by abolishing in his flesh the law with its commandments and regulations. His purpose was to create in himself one new man out of the two, thus making peace, and in this one body to reconcile both of them to God through the cross, by which he put to death their hostility.

After All, the Cross Is Where God Does ALL the Work
The cross is important because it helps us to recognize that
GOD does ALL the work in saving us.

 Galatians 6:12-16 Those who want to make a good impression outwardly are trying to compel you to be circumcised. The only reason they do this is to avoid being persecuted for the cross of Christ. Not even those who are circumcised obey the law, yet they want you to be circumcised that they may boast about your flesh. May I never boast **except in the cross of our Lord Jesus Christ**, through which the world has been crucified to me, and I to the world. Neither circumcision nor uncircumcision means anything; what counts is a new creation.

The Cross Demonstrates the Power of God to Save Us
The cross is a symbol of GOD's power that helps us to take the focus off of our own efforts.

1 Corinthians 1:17-19 For Christ did not send me to baptize, but to
preach the gospel—not with words of human wisdom, lest the
cross of Christ be emptied of its power. For the message of the
cross is foolishness to those who are perishing, but to us who are
being saved it is the power of God.

There are no crosses on Mormon buildings because the LDS church still teaches that the individual believer can save himor herself through a series of good works. The believer is then the source of salvation, not what Jesus did on the cross.





Tabernacle and Conference Center

"I understand that these spaces have been used as teaching venues, is that true? Is it true that Mormon Prophets and Elders used these spaces to teach that black people are unfortunate because of the color of their skin?"

In a 1939 general conference speech, Elder George F. Richards taught that "The Negro is an unfortunate man. He has been given a black skin. But that is as nothing compared with that greater handicap that he is not permitted to receive the Priesthood and the ordinances of the temple, necessary to prepare men and women to enter into and enjoy a fulness of glory in the celestial kingdom."

"Is it true that they still use these spaces to teach that men can become Gods?"

Conference spaces have been used historically to teach this doctrine:

- "It is a 'Mormon' truism that is current among us and we all accept it, that as man is God once was and as God is man may become." (Elder Melvin J. Ballard, General Conference, April 1921)
- "From President Snow's understanding of the teachings of the Prophet on this doctrinal point, he coined the familiar couplet: 'As

man is, God once was; as God is, man may become.' This teaching is peculiar to the restored gospel of Jesus Christ." (Marion Romney (1st Presidency) General Conference, October 1964)

"Is it true that Mormon Leaders still use the Conference Center to teach that the Mormon Church was the only true church?"

Sometimes LDS guides and believers will lament the fact that they feel like they are under attack from mainline Christianity. But it is important to recognize that the LDS church has always been the first to cast a stone, claiming that the Christian church has apostatized and fallen away from the truth which is represented now ONLY in Mormonism:

• "Joseph Smith was the prophet of the Restoration of the true gospel...President Gordon B. Hinckley is the Lord's prophet for our day. He and 14 other Apostles are special witnesses of Christ in the only true Church on the earth." (Gary J. Coleman, of the Seventy, speaking at the April 2000 LDS General Conference, Ensign, May 2000, p. 29)



North Visitors' Center

"I see that there is a model of the temple here in the NVC. Why do LDS believers think there is still a need for a temple when the Bible teaches otherwise?"

There is a strong biblical case that can be made related to Temples. The Bible clearly teaches that there is no need for temples, and that Christian believers are now themselves the temples of God:

- Acts 17:24 (KJV) God that made the world and all things therein, seeing that he is Lord of heaven and earth, dwellers not in temples made with hands...
- 1 Corinthians 3:16-17 (KJV) Know ye not that ye are the temple of God, and that the Spirit of God dwellers in you? If any man defiles the temple of God, him shall God destroy; for the temple of God is holy, which temple ye are.
- Hebrews 9:11-12 (KJV) But Christ being come an high priest of good things to come, by a greater and more perfect tabernacle, not made with hands, that is to say, not of this building; Neither by the blood of goats and calves, but by his own blood he entered in once into the holy place, having obtained eternal redemption for us.
- **Hebrews 9:24 (KJV)** For Christ is not entered into the holy places made with hands, which are the figures of the true; but into heaven itself, now to appear in the presence of God for us.

"Does the LDS church teach that the Christian faith has fallen away from the truth, and that the LDS faith is a restoration of that truth? Does the LDS church teach that the denominational fragmentation of Christianity is proof of the fallen nature of Christianity? If so, why are there so many fragments within Mormonism? Doesn't this prove that the LDS church is equally fallen?"

A lot of the Visitor Center tour will deal with the restoration of the "lost Gospel." The LDS church will point to denominationalism as a proof that the Christian Church is in need of restoration. But today there are approximately 140 Mormon (or Josephite) churches. Compare this to Christianity. If Mormonism had been around as long as orthodox Christianity, it would have splintered approximately 1865 times into separate groups! And even though there are a number of different Christian denominations, we find ourselves intermingling and worshipping and serving on missions trips without conflict. All the while, these Mormon splinter groups each claim unique and divine authority for themselves and exclude all others.

"How was Joseph able to carry the gold plates and run three miles from where he found them, back to his home?"

If the gold plates were as they are presently described, they would weigh over 200 pounds.

"Is it true that the LDS church teaches unusual doctrines like the ideas that Jesus and Lucifer were brothers? Can you find biblical support for these doctrines?"

Much of the time LDS members are uncomfortable discussing these types of doctrines, because they know they fly in the face of the Bible and are considered repulsive to Christians around the world. But this Lucifer Doctrine is accepted and taught by the church:

• Mormon President Spencer W. Kimball: "The LDS church teaches that it was in the preexistent world that Jesus and Lucifer, two elder 'brothers' (sexually begotten sons of God as we all are), vied before the 'council of the gods' for the honor of becoming the Savior of mankind. The plan that Jesus proposed was approved by the council's majority vote. In anger, Lucifer drew one-third of the brothers and sisters into rebellion against the council's decision. He then became the Devil and his followers the demons."

Mormon Apostles and Prophets also teach that Jesus was begotten in the flesh (sexually) by Elohim (who is an exalted man); that Jesus was married to the sisters of Lazarus and to Mary Magdalene; converted water to wine at one of His own weddings; and had his wives and children present at his Crucifixion.

"If the Book of Mormon is true, why did over half of the first 11 witnesses to the Book of Mormon leave the Church?"

History shows us that, unlike the original twelve apostles of Christianity, the eleven first witnesses of the Book of Mormon were unable to stay in the very church they once so proudly proclaimed.

• Some of the witnesses of the Book of Mormon, who handles the plates and conversed with the angels of God, were afterwards left to doubt and to disbelieve that they had ever seen an angel." (Brigham Young, Journal of Discourses, v. 7, page 164)

The "Three Witnesses" The first three witnesses listed on the Book of Mormon are Oliver Cowdery, David Whitmer, and Martin Harris. Look at what happened with these three men:

Oliver Cowdery Cowdery was baptized on 05/05/1829 and was eventually excommunicated on 04/12/1838. A year before he was excommunicated, he, along with Whitmer and Harris, pledged his loyalty to a prophetess who used a black seer stone and "danced herself into the trenches" ("Biographical Sketches" Lucy Smith pp. 211-213). He confronted Joseph Smith with a charge of adultery with Fanny Alger in 1838. At that time, he also accused him of teaching false doctrine (that polygamy is required for salvation) and of lying! Smith denied the affair initially and said that Cowdery was the true liar. Church records, however, show that Alger was Smith's first 'spiritual wife' (in addition to his legal wife, Emma), so it appears that Cowdery was telling the truth. After leaving the church, Cowdery became a Methodist and he denied the Book of Mormon entirely (according to the "Times and Seasons" vol. 2, page 482, the "Improvement Era" January 1969 p. 56 and "Oliver Cowdery—The Man Outstanding" (Joseph Greehalgh) 1965 p. 28). He also publicly confessed his sorrow and shame for his connection to Mormonism ("The True Origin of the Book of Mormon," Charles Shook, 1914, pp. 58-59).

The LDS church claims that Cowdery never denied his original testimony about the Book of Mormon, but this flies in the face of the article that they published in the "Times and Seasons" in 1841 which states just the opposite! In addition, the LDS church also claims that Cowdery later rejoined the church in 1848 and was re-baptized in October of that year. But it is clear from church history that Cowdery was accused in 1848 of "trying to raise up the kingdom again" with the apostate William E. McLellin (according to "The Mormon Frontier, Diary of Hosea Stout," vol. 2, p. 336), and Smith described Cowdery as a thief, a liar, a perjurer, a counterfeiter, an adulterer, and a leader of a gang of "scoundrels of the deepest degree" (Senate document 189,

02/15/1841 pp. 6-9 and the "Comprehensive History of the Church, B.H. Roberts, vol. 1, pp. 438-9).

• David Whitmer Whitmer was originally baptized into the church in June of 1829 but was later excommunicated on 4/13/1838. He said that he only witnessed the golden plates "by the eye of faith," and he later had two conflicting stories about what he actually saw ("Millennial Star" vol. XL, p. 771). Like Cowdery and Harris, he pledged his loyalty to a prophetess who used a black seer stone and "danced herself into the trenches" in 1837 ("Biographical Sketches" Lucy Smith, pp. 221-213). After leaving the church, he never returned, and in 1847 he declared that he was to be the prophet of the New Church of Christ (in a letter in "Ensign of Liberty" 5, 1848).

The LDS church says that Whitmer never denied his testimony about the Book of Mormon, but history reveals that Whitmer was thrown out of town roughly and his family was robbed by Mormons (John Whitmer's "History of the Church," p. 22). Smith described Whitmer as a "dumb beast to ride" and "an ass to bray out cursings instead of blessings" (History of the Church, vol. 3, p. 228).

• Martin Harris Harris was baptized into the church on 4/6/1836 but was excommunicated on the last week of December 1837. He tried a number of religions before and after Mormonism. He was a Quaker, a Universalist, a Restorationist, a Baptist, and a Presbyterian before becoming a Mormon. After his excommunication in 1837, he again changed his mind and belonged to 8 more religions, including the Shakers and a number of Mormon splinter groups. He came back to the main group in 1842 and was re-baptized on 11/7/1842. But by 1846, Harris had joined the apostate James J. Strong and was preaching against the LDS church in England ("Church Chronology," Andrew Jansen, 1899, p. 51, and "Millennial Star" vol. 8, 11/15/46 pp. 124-128).

The LDS church says that Harris never denied his testimony about the Book of Mormon, but Harris himself said that his later testimony for Shakerism was greater than it was for Mormonism. He even said that the Shakers' "Holy Sacred and Divine Roll and Book" was also delivered by an angel (Martin Harris, "Witness and Benefactor" BYU 1955 Thesis, Wayne Gunnel p. 52, and the "Braden Kelly Debate" p. 173).

The "Eight Witnesses" Of the eight additional witnesses listed in the opening pages of the Book of Mormon, it should be noted that three left the church by even the most conservative measurements of the Church itself. The 1989 edition of the Book of Mormon Student Manual for Religion 121 and 122 published by the LDS church admits these departures:

Jacob Whitmer Baptized April 11, 1830 Apostatized in 1838, Never returned to the Church

- John Whitmer
 Baptized June 1829
 Excommunicated March 10, 1838
- Hiram Page
 Baptized April 11, 1830

 Apostatized 1838

Six of the first eleven witnesses listed in the Book of Mormon eventually left what they once claimed was true. Compare that to the first 12 apostles of the Christian Church, all of whom defended their faith to the bitter end, eventually dying before they would ever deny the truth of the orthodox Gospel and the scriptures that are now called the New Testament. The Bible

tells us that Jesus would never let true believers fall from his hands:

John 17:12 "While I was with them in the world, I kept them in thy
name: those that thou gavest me I have kept, and none of them
is lost, but the son of perdition; that the scripture might be
fulfilled."

"I've noticed several displays depicting the history of the Americas according to the Book of Mormon. Why is there no archeological support for any of this history?"

If the Book of Mormon story is true, shouldn't there be some evidence of just one of the 38 major cities it describes? There is absolutely NO such evidence. If an LDS member claims that any city on this continent is, in fact, one of the cities listed in the Book of Mormon, they should be able to name the city, identify it on a map, and tell us why this is true. No archeologist on the planet will claim to know this with certainty because there is no evidence of any of the Book of Mormon cultures to be found anywhere on the continent. There are no discoveries of the literally thousands of coins that should be left from these cultures and that are described in the Book of Mormon. There are no remains of cities, buildings, or cultures. There are no archeological discoveries of the weaponry that was described in the Book of Mormon either.

In the Visitor Center at Temple Square in Salt Lake City (and in many other visitor centers around the country), the LDS church displays a mural depicting Jesus visiting the "Americas." He is seen at one standing in front of two Temples. But these two Temples (El Castillo and El Caracol) were built in approximately 1000 AD and are almost 600 years too late to be in the landscape of the stories of the Book of Mormon (the Nephite Era)! This appears to be a deliberate misrepresentation of the archeology of the area.



Beehive House

"Did Brigham Young teach that you must be a polygamist to be saved?

Many present-day Mormons will deny that the church ever truly believed that polygamy was necessary for salvation, but Brigham Young clearly talked about the matter:

"We are told that if we would give up polygamy—which we know to be a doctrine revealed from heaven and it is God and the world for it—but suppose this Church should give up this holy order of marriage, then would the devil, and all who are in league with him against the cause of God, rejoice that they had prevailed upon the Saints to refuse to obey gone of the revelations and commandments of God to then." ... "Will the Latter-day Saints do this? No." (Brigham Young, Journal of Discourses 11:239)

"The only men who become Gods, even the Sons of God, are those who enter into polygamy. Others attain unto a glory and may even be permitted to come into the presence of the Father and the Son; but they cannot reign as kings in glory, because they had blessing offered unto them, and they refused to accept them." (Brigham Young, Journal of Discourses, volume 11, p. 269)

"Now if any of you will deny the plurality of wives, and continue to do so, I promise that you will be damned; and I will go still further and say, take this revelation, or any other revelation that the Lord has given, and deny it in your feelings, and I promise that you will be damned." (Brigham Young, Journal of Discourses, volume 3, p. 266)

"Some people have supposed that the doctrine of plural marriage was a sort of superfluity, or non-essential to the salvation or exaltation of mankind ... I want here to enter my solemn protest against this idea, for I know it is false." (Brigham Young, Journal of Discourses 20:28, July 7, 1878)

"Did Joseph Smith teach that you must be a polygamist to be saved?"

It is clear from Mormon history that Joseph was practicing polygamy and had already received a number of women that he considered to have been 'given' to him by God himself, even BEFORE he ever wrote about a revelation regarding polygamy. These relationships then needed to be clarified for Emma, and so, according to Mormon history (in the DHC), Joseph wrote D&C 132. It was obviously not received well by the person for whom it was written, but Section 132 openly declares that God ordains polygamy:

• D&C 132:4, 6 For behold, I reveal unto you a new and an everlasting covenant; and if ye abide not that covenant, then are ye damned; for no one can reject this covenant and be permitted to enter into my glory. . And as pertaining to the new and everlasting covenant, it was instituted for the fulness of my glory; and he that receiveth a fulness thereof must and shall abide the law, or he shall be damned, said the Lord God.

"Did many other LDS leaders also teach that Polygamy was required for Salvation?"

Joseph Smith and Brigham Young clearly defined a theology of plural Celestial Marriage that even Brigham considered to be an affliction that was to be endured by women. But it was a necessary endurance that was required in order to be saved to a Celestial Kingdom. Other leaders within the church also affirmed this truth:

• "Where did this commandment come from in relation to polygamy? It also came from God ... When this commandment was given, it was so far religious, and so far binding upon the Elders of this Church that is was told them if they were not prepared to enter into it, and to stem the torrent of opposition that would come in consequence of it, the keys of the kingdom would be taken from them. When I see any of our people, men or women, opposing a principle of this kind, I have years ago set them down as on the high road to apostasy, and I do to-day; I consider them apostates, and not interested in this Church and kingdom." (John Taylor, Journal of Discourses 11:221)

"Polygamy is a divine institution. It has been handed down direct from God. The United States cannot abolish it. No nation on earth can prevent it ... I will defy the United States, I will obey God." (John Taylor, Salt Lake Tribune, January 6, 1880)

"Some quietly listen to those who speak against the Lord's servants, against his anointed, against the plurality of wives, and against almost every principle that God has revealed. Such persons have half-a-dozen devils with them all the time. You might as well deny 'Mormonism,' and turn away from it, as to oppose the plurality of wives. Let the Presidency of this Church, and the Twelve Apostles, and all the authorities unite and say with one voice that they will oppose that doctrine, and the whole of them would be damned." (Heber C. Kimball, Journal of Discourses, volume 5, p. 204, 1856)

"Some people have supposed that the doctrine of plural marriage was a sort of superfluity, or non-essential to the salvation or exaltation of mankind ... I want here to enter my solemn protest against this idea, for I know it is false." (Joseph F. Smith, Journal of Discourses 20:28, July 7, 1878)

"This doctrine of eternal union of husband and wife, and of plural marriage, is one of the most important doctrines ever revealed to man in any age of the world. Without it man would come to a full stop; without it we never could be exalted to associate with and become god..." (Joseph F. Smith, Journal of Discourses, 21:9, 1879

"...if plurality of marriage is not true or in other words, if a man has no divine right to marry two wives or more in this old, then marriage for eternity is not true, and your faith is all vain, and all the sealing ordinances, and powers, pertaining to marriages for eternity are vain, worthless, good for nothing; for as sure as one is true the other also must be true." (Orson Pratt, Journal of Discourses, 21:296, 1880)

"Doesn't the Book of Mormon teach that Polygamy is wrong?"

It appears that Joseph originally held a view of polygamy that was consistent with historical, orthodox Christianity! When writing the Book of Mormon and early documents that became part of the early versions of the Doctrines and Covenants, Joseph condemned the practice of polygamy:

- Ether 10:5 'And it came to pass that Riplakish did not do that which was right in the sight of the Lord, for he did have many wives and concubines...
- Jacob 3:5 Behold, the Lamanites your brethren, whom you hate because of their filthiness and the cursing which hath come upon their skins, are more righteous than you; for they have not forgotten the commandment of the Lord, which was given unto our father—that they should have save it were one wife, and concubines they should have none...'
- Jacob 24 'Behold, David and Solomon truly had many wives and concubines, which thing was abominable before me, saith the Lord.'

• **D&C Sec. 101** 'Insomuch as this church of Christ has been reproached with the crime of fornication and polygamy: we declare that we believe that one man should have one wife; and one woman but one husband, except in case of death, when either is at liberty to marry again...' (1835 edition, since removed)

"Doesn't the Bible also teach that Polygamy is wrong?"

Of course, biblical Orthodox Christianity has always been very clear on this issue and because of its clarity, Orthodox Christian communities have never been polygamous until the appearance of Mormonism (1840 years' worth of believers)! Why have orthodox Christians been so united on the issue of monogamy? Because the scripture is clear:

- **Genesis 2:24** "For this reason a man will leave his father and mother and be united to his wife, and they will become one flesh." (Notice that "wife" is singular.)
- Ephesians 5:31 "...and the two will become one flesh." (Notice the word "two," as opposed to "three," or "seven," or "thirteen.")
- 1 Timothy 3:2 (related to elders) "An elder must be blameless, the husband of but one wife..."
- Titus 1:6 (related to overseers) "Now the overseer must be above reproach, the husband of but one wife..."
- Deuteronomy 17:17 (related to the king of God's people) "He must not take many wives, or his heart will be led astray."

"Is it true that Brigham Young believed that Adam and Jesus were also Polygamists?"

In further defense of their new theological position related to plural marriage, Mormon leaders began to argue that Adam and Jesus were also polygamists and set the pattern for all believers who were to follow. Over 1800 years of Christians had apparently misunderstood the scriptures:

 "Now hear it, O inhabitants of the earth, Jew and Gentile, Saint and Sinner! When our father Adam came into the garden of Eden, he came into it with a celestial body, and brought Eve, one of his wives with him." (Brigham Young, Journal of Discourses, Vol. 1, page 50)

"Yes, one of the relics of Adam, of Enoch, of Noah, of Abraham, Of Isaac, of Jacob, of Moses, David, Solomon, the Prophets, of Jesus and His Apostles." (Brigham Young, Journal of Discourses, Vol. 11, page 328)

"The Scripture says that He, the LORD, came walking in the Temple, with his train; I do not know who they were, unless his wives and children..." (Brigham Young, Journal of Discourses, Vol. 13, page 309)

"Some LDS people say that polygamy was necessary because there were not enough men in Utah for all the women. Is that true?"

Over the years, Mormons have tried to justify the early behavior of the Church. After all, the current manifestation of the Mormon Church vehemently denies and condemns the practice of Polygamy. In fact, if men like Joseph Smith, Brigham Young, John Taylor, and Heber C. Kimball were to be alive today and behave as they did in their own day, they would be promptly ex-communicated from the Church! So how do modern believers explain the behavior of the founding fathers? Well, one excuse has been offered along the way. Mormons will often claim that polygamy was practiced in order to provide homes to a surplus of women in the church! But the Mormon

apostle John Widtsoe has 'de-bunked' this common explanation:

• "But then the proportion of the sexes in Utah would not, at present, admit of an extensive practice of plural marriage. When the census was taken five years ago, there were 143,963 souls in Utah Territory, not counting untaxed Indians. In this number there was an excess of 5,055 MALES over females. This does not have the appearance of permitting an extensive practice of plural marriage..." (LDS publication, Juvenile Instructor, Vol. 20, page 133)

Another conjecture is that the people were few in numbers and that the Church, desiring greater numbers, permitted the practice so that a phenomenal increase in population could be attained. This is not defensible, since there was no surplus of women." (Apostle John Widtsoe, Evidences and Reconciliations, 1960, page 392)





Family History Library and South Visitors' Center

"I have heard a lot about the emphasis of the church on families, but how many families actually get to go to heaven to begin with, considering the requirements of salvation are met by so few of them?"

Remember that only about half of Mormons who are listed on the rolls of the church are actually active in the church, and only half of these active members have completed their Temple Endowments, and less than half of these are presently deemed worthy enough (by virtue of having 'temple recommends') to return to the temple, and only half of these who are considered worthy actually participate in the Temple programs. That means that there is about an 85% to 90% failure rate! This system of requirements seems to prevent families from entering heaven, not assured that they will stay together!

God wants us to rest assured in our salvation, not be in bondage to a system of works:

 Matthew 11:29-30 "Come unto me, all ye that labour and are heavy laden, and I will give you rest. Take my yoke upon you and learn of me; for I am meek and lowly in heart: and ye shall find rest unto your souls. For my yoke is easy, and my burden is light." "I understand that you keep extensive records of genealogies so that the dead in everyone's family can be baptized after death. But why do you baptize for the dead when the Book of Mormon is silent about this and even teaches against it?"

In the Book of Mormon, the word "baptism" appears twenty-five times. The word "baptize" appears twenty-eight times. The word "baptized" appears eight-five times, and the word "baptizing" appears six times. In all those passages, the doctrine of baptism for the dead is never mentioned! While you may still argue that the doctrine of baptism of the dead has been removed from the Bible, it cannot be true that the doctrine was removed from the Book of Mormon, because the Catholics never had the Book of Mormon! In addition, the Book of Mormon condemns the very ideas that led to the practice of baptism for the dead. It clearly proclaims that there is no chance for a person t repent after death if he has known the gospel and has rejected it:

Alma 34:32-35 For behold, this life is the time for men to prepare to meet God; yea, behold the day of this life is the day for men to perform their labors... And now, as I said unto you before, as ye have had so many witnesses, therefore, I beseech of you that ye do not procrastinate the day of your repentance until the end; for after this day of life, which is given us to prepare for eternity, behold, if we do not improve our time while in this life, then cometh the night of darkness wherein there can be no labor performed. Ye cannot say, when ye are brought to that awful crisis, that I will repent, that I will return to my God. Nay, ye cannot say this; for that same spirit which doth possess your bodies at the time that ye go out of this life, that same spirit will have power to possess your body in that eternal world. For behold, if ye have procrastinated the day of your repentance even until death, behold, ye have become subjected to the spirit of the devil, and he doth seal you his; therefore, the Spirit of the Lord hath withdrawn from you, and hath no place in you, and

the devil hath all power over you; and this is the final state of the wicked. Strivings about the law; for they are unprofitable and vain.

"Is it true that the LDS church believes that families need to be formed around temple marriages in order to go to the top level of Celestial Kingdom? Why does the LDS Church place so much importance on marriage with the Bible tells us that there will be no marriage in Heaven?"

Again, the Bible is clear about the role of marriage in heaven, and there is no biblical support for the LDS notion of Eternal Marriage:

Luke 20:34-36 And Jesus answering said unto them, "The children of this world marry, and are given in marriage: But they which shall be accounted worthy to obtain that world, and the resurrection from the dead, neither marry, nor are given in marriage: Neither can they die any more, for they are equal unto the angels; and are the children of God, being the children of the resurrection.

The only eternal marriage in the Bible is the spiritual marriage of the believer to Christ.

• 2 Corinthians 11:2 I have espoused you to one husband [Christ], that I may present you [the Christians] as a chaste virgin to Christ.

Christians are to be united in a spiritual union with Jesus, not an actual marriage.

• Romans 7:4 Wherefore, my brethren, ye also are become dead to the law by the body of Christ; that ye should be married to another, even to him who is raised from the dead, that we should bring forth fruit unto God.

"The LDS church teaches that you must be married to go to Celestial Kingdom, but if this was true, why would Paul encourage us to stay single?"

It makes no sense that Paul would teach in direct opposition to a foundational requirement for LDS salvation, but that is exactly what happens when he teaches about staying single if one has the gift for single life:

1 Corinthians 7:1, 6-7, 32-35 Now for the matters you wrote about: It is good for a man not to marry. But since there is so much immorality, each man should have his own wife, and each woman her own husband. I say this as a concession, not as a command ... I wish that all men were as I am. But each man has his own gift from God; one has this gift, another has that. Now to the unmarried and the widows I say: It is good for them to stay unmarried, as I am. But if they cannot control themselves, they should marry, for it is better to marry than to burn with passion ... I would like you to be free from concern. An unmarried man is concerned about the Lord's affairs—how he can please the Lord. But a married man is concerned about the affairs of this world how he can please his wife—and his interests are divided. An unmarried woman or virgin is concerned about the Lord's affairs: Her aim is to be devoted to the Lord in both body and Spirit. But a married woman is concerned about the affairs of this world how she can please her husband. I am saying this for your own good, not to restrict you, but that you may live in a right way in undivided devotion to the Lord.

"The LDS church teaches that 'Families are Forever.' But if Mormon theology is correct, how is this possible?"

First of all, how can I be certain that every member of my family will follow the rules of the faith perfectly? If one of us fails to do this, that person won't be in heaven at all!

• LDS President Joseph Fielding Smith "To enter the celestial and obtain exaltation it is necessary that the whole law be kept..." (The Way to Perfection, p. 206).

But even if we all could keep the law perfectly, Mormon theology would still separate us! Imagine that my entire family is perfect and gets to heaven. My son, if he is a good Latterday Saint (who followed the laws and commandments of Mormonism and married a faithful Mormon girl), would be rewarded with his own kingdom or earth in the next life. He wouldn't be with me at all, because I would also have my own world! And my daughters (if they were good Mormons who married good Mormon men) would be off with their husbands ruling over their husband's worlds! And how about my wife? What if her dad is a good Mormon and attains Godhood? Would my wife spend eternity with her parents? Or would she be with me on my world? See, Mormon theology actually SEPARATES families!! After all, Mormon theology presupposes that God the Father also had parents. Where in the Mormon scriptures do you ever hear that God is still living with his parents? Where do you even hear about his parents?

Conversational Surveys

BYU Campus Talks
BYU Door to Door
Mormon Conversational Surveys
The Jesus Survey



BYU Campus Talks

Instructions

The Purpose...

- Eat lunch (sack lunch or purchase lunch in the cafeteria)
- Engage in meaningful conversations with BYU students (who may or may not be LDS).

The Do's...

- Be in small groups (minimum of 2 and maximum of 3).
- Take your lunch and approach a table of student(s).
- Introduce yourself. Say you are in the area studying religions/worldviews and ask if you can join them for lunch and conversation.
- Smile, be friendly, and start with small talk and questions (especially open-ended questions vs. yes/no questions).
 - "Where are you originally from?"
 - What year are you? What is your major? How do you like it?"
 - "What do you plan to do after you graduate?"
- Ask follow-up questions based on their responses.

- Transition into questions of religious background and beliefs.
 - Use a tool like the Conversational Survey or the Jesus Survey.
- If a conversation ends and you have additional time, find more students to talk to!
 - Approach another table in the cafeteria.
 - Head onto campus and find students lounging or congregating in other spaces.
- A good way to end the conversation is to ask if there's anything they need prayer for, and then pray with them!
- If there's any trouble (e.g., a student gets angry), end the conversation and leave the area.
- If security asks you to leave, leave immediately to the group meeting area.

The Do Not's...

- Do not go into a student's dorm room but instead, stay in public spaces.
- Do not stay in a situation you don't feel comfortable in.
- Do not hand out any literature. If a conversation goes well, you can exchange contact information.
- Do not implicate yourself or others including MAVEN staff. You have the right to withhold personal information.

Some Possible Conversation Questions...

- What are you studying?
- Have you been on a mission? When? Where? What did you like/dislike about it? Did you talk to any evangelical Christians?
- Why would someone want to become a Mormon?
- What is your story/testimony?
- I've been studying Mormonism and wondered if I could as you about...
 - the nature of God, Jesus, forgiveness, repentance, eternal life, the Book of Mormon, truth, or something else.
 - How does this match up with the biblical account?



BYU Door-to-Door

Instructions

The Purpose...

 Engage in meaningful conversations with BYU students (who may or may not be LDS).

The Do's...

- Knock on doors and introduce yourselves. Wait 30 seconds and then move on if no response.
- Introduction: "We are Christian missionaries from _______. Do you have a moment to talk?"
- Smile, be friendly, make small talk, and ask questions.
- Be prepared with a conversation starter and then lead the conversation with questions.
- Ask related and appropriate questions based on their responses and interests.
- Be assertive—you don't have to be diplomatic; you don't have to "beat around the bush."
- If they no longer want to continue the conversation, thank them for their time and move on to the next address.
- You can leave them with literature, challenge them to read specific Bible passages, and encourage them to think about what you have discussed.

- Before leaving, try to exchange contact information or at least leave them with your information for follow-up.
- Before leaving, ask them if there is anything they need prayer for ... and then pray with them!

The Do Not's...

- Do not expect to enter their homes. They may offer and it is fine to accept.
- Do not stay in a situation you don't feel comfortable in.

Some Possible Conversation Questions...

- What are you studying?
- Have you been on a mission? When? Where? What did you like/dislike about it? Did you talk to any evangelical Christians?
- Why would someone want to become a Mormon?
- What is your story/testimony?
- I've been studying Mormonism and wondered if I could ask you about...
 - the nature of God, Jesus, forgiveness, repentance, eternal life, the Book of Mormon, truth, or something else.
 - How does this match up with the biblical account?

Some General Suggestions...

- Pray! Pray before you knock on doors and pray after a conversation. Also, pray during the conversation, as other team members are speaking.
- Work together with your team members so everyone gets to experience asking questions.
- Be careful not to interrupt your team members, as they may be leading the conversation to a particular point.
- Laugh, have fun, joke around, and be winsome.
- If tensions arise, pause the conversation and try to decrease the tension. You can apologize for any offense and reiterate you're there because you love people and want them to discover the truth about God and the Gospel. Or you can try to introduce (or reintroduce) yourself, to reset the tone.



Mormon Conversational Survey

...On General Issues

Instructions: Make sure you are in groups of two or three. Use this survey to engage with Mormons enlightening conversations about critical ideas and beliefs.

- 1. Are you a member of the LDS Church?
 - O How long have you been a member?
 - O What made you decide to join the church?
- 2. What is required for LDS believers to get the best their religion has to offer?
 - O Can you do something in the next life to attain perfection?
 - O Do you know for sure that you will go to Celestial Kingdom if you died today?
 - Does the Bible say anything about whether or not you can know you are saved today?

3. Are you married?

O Do LDS church members believe that they have to be married in order to go to Celestial Kingdom?

4. What do you think that Evangelical Christians believe about salvation?

• Is it your understanding that Christians don't believe in good works?

5. What does "GRACE" mean to you?

- O How do you interpret passages in scripture that describe salvation as a "FREE" gift?
- O How can you contribute to something and it still be FRFF?

6. What does the cross of Christ mean to you?

• Why aren't there any crosses on Mormon assembly halls, wards, stakes, or temples?

7. Do you think the Bible is reliable?

- O Why or why not?
- Is the Book of Mormon as reliable as the Bible?
- Is there any archeological support for the history described in the Book of Mormon?
- 8. If you had one question that you could ask a Christian, what would it be?

The Jesus Survey

Short Answer

- Would you consider yourself to be a Christian who follows the teachings of Jesus? Yes / No
- 2. Are you a member of a Christian denomination Yes/No
 - a. If yes, what is the official name of your church?

Multiple Choice

- 3. How long has it been since you completely read all 4 Gospels—Matthew, Mark, Luke, and John?
 - a. Within the last year
 - b. Within the last 5 years
 - c. I have never completely read all four gospels
- 4. Jesus demonstrated on several occasions that even the most wicked of sinners would be forgiven...
 - a Eventually, through a repentance process which would lead then to righteous living.
 - b. Immediately, by simply coming to Jesus and exercising a humble faith in Him.
- In regard to pre-existence, Jesus stated that...

- a. He was the only person who had pre-existed in the presence of the Father and had come down to the earth.
- b. We all had pre-existed with our Father in heaven and should view the entire human race as sons and daughters of God.
- 6. In regard to priesthood, Jesus Christ...
 - a. Spoke often with His disciples about the importance of the priesthood and ordained them with priesthood authority to act in His name.
 - b. Never spoke about the importance of any priesthood nor is it recorded that He ordained his Apostles with priesthood authority.

True or False?

7.	Jesus taught His followers the sanctity and
	importance of an eternal marriage relationship which would
	extend far beyond the future resurrection.
8.	Jesus said that after his departure the Church
	would fall into a state of total apostasy because wicked
	men would arise who would take away many of the
	precious truths that He had taught.
7	
9.	Jesus taught that after death people will be
	given a second chance to receive the gospel—those who
	repent can move from a place of tortured remorse to a
	place of peace and comfort.

Jesus Survey ANSWERS

Multiple Choice: Questions 1-3 are your own answers.

4. Jesus demonstrated on several occasions that even the most wicked of sinners would be forgiven...

CORRECT ANSWER—B

Immediately, by simply coming to Jesus and exercising a humble faith in Him.

In Luke 7:36-50, Jesus forgave a prostitute because she simply worshiped Him—Jesus said, "Her sins, which are many, are forgiven" (also consider Matthew 9:2-8); also read about the Father's forgiveness in the story of the prodigal son in Luke 15:11-24; 1 John 1:9 says, "If we confess our sins, he is faithful and just to forgive us our sins, and to cleanse us from all unrighteousness." It is significant to note that all forgiven sins are totally forgotten, never to be remembered again—see Psalm 103:12; Isaiah 38:17; Micah 7:19; and Hebrews 8:12 & 10:17.

5. In regard to pre-existence, Jesus stated that...

CORRECT ANSWER—A

He was the only person who had pre-existed in the presence of the Father and had come down to the earth.

Jesus said, "Father ... You loved Me before the foundation of the world ... The world has not know You"—John 17:24-25; "The Father Himself, who sent Me, has testified of Me. You have neither heard His voice at any time, nor seen

His form"—John 5:37-38; "Not that any man has seen the Father, except He who is from God; He has seen the Father"—John 6:46; "He who sent Me is true, whom you do not know. But I know Him, for I am from Him"—John 7:28-29; "It is My Father who honors Me, of whom you say that He is your God. Yet you have not known Him"—John 8:54-59; And, Jesus said, "You are from beneath; I am from above. You are of this world; I am not of this world"—John 8:23-24.

Only once did Jesus discuss the topic of marriage in the afterlife

This narrative is found in Matthew 22:23-30. Read this passage for yourself and STOP AT VERSE 28—If eternal marriage was a principle of Jesus Christ's gospel, what important question would Jesus have asked these men?

JESUS WOULD HAVE ASKED, "Was the woman married to any of her husbands in the temple for time and all eternity?" But, Jesus did not ask that question because no one was ever married in a Jewish temple. Instead, Jesus answered, "Ye do err, not knowing the scriptures, nor the power of God. For in the resurrection they neither marry, nor are given in marriage, but are as the angels of God in heaven." The recorded scriptures make this point clear, neither Jesus, nor any of His Apostles, nor any ancient prophet ever taught the doctrine of eternal marriage. Can eternal marriage be a part of Jesus Christ's gospel if Jesus never taught it?

6. In regard to priesthood, Jesus Christ...

CORRECT ANSWER—B

Never spoke about the importance of any priesthood nor is it recorded that He ordained his Apostles with priesthood authority. Jesus never once spoke about priesthood. The authority that Jesus offers his disciples is not said to be through any priesthood but rather through the power of the Holy Spirit, (see Matthew 28:18-20 & Acts 1:4-8; 2:1-4, 36-39).

According to the writer of Hebrews, Jesus could not have held the Aaronic priesthood because He was from the wrong tribe of Israel; He was of Judah and not Levi. Also, according to the writer of Hebrews, Jesus was the only person that could or would arise after the similitude of Melchizedek and hold his priesthood. (Read Hebrews chapters 5-7).

True or False?

7. _____ Jesus taught His followers the sanctity and importance of an eternal marriage relationship with would extend far beyond the future resurrection.

CORRECT ANSWER—False

8. ______ Jesus said that after his departure the Church would fall into a state of total apostasy because. wicked men would arise who would take away many of the precious truths that He had taught.

CORRECT ANSWER—False

Jesus said, "I will build my church; and the gates of hell shall not prevail against it."

Matthew 16:18; "Heaven and earth shall pass away, but my words shall not pass away"—Matthew 24:35; "I am with you always, even unto the end of the world. Amen"—Matthew 28:20; "You shall receive power, after the Holy Ghost is come

upon you: and you shall be witnesses unto me both in Jerusalem, and in all Judea, and in Samaria, and unto the uttermost part of the earth"—Acts 1:8.

If the total apostasy of Christ's Church happened, then Jesus Christ proclaimed false Prophecies and is a liar.

 Jesus taught that after death people will be given a second chance to receive the gospel—those who repent can move from a place of tortured remorse to a place of peace and comfort.

CORRECT ANSWER—False

In Luke 16:19-26, Jesus eliminates any hope for second chances after death when he says, "Between us and you there is a great gulf fixed, so that those who want to pass from here [paradise] to you cannot, nor can those from there [hell] pass to us" (vs. 26). Jesus taught more about eternal destruction in hell than any other prophet; "broad is the way that leads to destruction, and there are many who go in by it" (Matthew 7:13); "...to go to hell, into the fire that shall never be quenched—where 'Their worm, does not die and the fire is not quenched" (Mark 9:43-48); "These shall go away into everlasting punishment: but the righteous into life eternal." (Matt. 25:46); And in John's Revelation he says, "And they will be tormented day and night forever and ever ... This is the second death." (Revelation 20:10-15). Jesus said, "He who rejects Me, and does not receive My words, has that which judges him—the word that I have spoken will judge him in the last day." John 12:47-48

Questions, Comments? Contact GospelTruth4U@hotmail.com

Helpful Articles, Charts, & Sheets

Continue Learning...

Terminology Differences Between LDS and the Bible

BY SANDRA TANNER

Introduction

Whenever an evangelical Christian and a Latter-day Saint engage in a doctrinal discussion they encounter the problem of terminology. LDS leaders use the standard vocabulary of Christianity but with radically different definitions. A Christian should never take for granted that his/her LDS friend understands common Christian terms in the biblical way.

Because the Bible has many warnings about false prophets (Matthew 24:11, 24; 2 Corinthians 11:4, 13; 1 John 4:1) and people teaching strange doctrines (2 Peter 2:12; Galatians 1:6-8; Hebrews 13:9), it is essential that we understand what the Bible says on various doctrines.

The references below will demonstrate that the LDS Church is indeed teaching a different god and a counterfeit gospel, thus offering a false hope.

The following list of Christian terms will be defined by LDS sources and then by biblical quotes. While this is not a complete list of terminology differences, it will cover the most basic ones.

Godhead

LDS: Father and Son are resurrected men with physical bodies. Holy Ghost is a separate man with a spiritual body. Three totally separate Gods. God is married. Other Gods for other worlds. (D&C 130:22; Teachings, pp. 345-346, pp. 370-373; Doctrines of Salvation, vol. 1, pp. 10-12)

BIBLE: God is not a man. (Num. 23:19) He has always been God. (Psa. 90:2; Mal. 3:6; Hab. 1:12; Rom. 1:22-25) Only one God. (Isa. 43:10-11; 44:6; 45:21-22) Father is Spirit and invisible. (John 4:24; 1 Tim. 1:17)

Jesus Christ

LDS: Literally our elder brother, born to Heavenly Parents in the premortal life. Jesus, Lucifer, and humans are all the same species and are brothers and sisters. (Gospel Principles, pp. 11, 17, 18)

BIBLE: Fully God, not a subordinate deity. Eternal. (Isa. 9:6; John 8:58; 1 Tim. 3:16; Heb. 13:8; John 1:1-4, 14; Col. 1:16-17)

Premortal Life

LDS: Teach that everyone existed in heaven before born on earth. We have existed eternally. (D&C 93:29; PGP:Bk of Abr 3:21-22; Teachings, pp. 352-354)

BIBLE: Only Christ existed before mortality, not man. (John 8:58; Col. 1:17) Our existence started on earth. (Zec. 12:1; 1 Cor. 15:46)

The Fall

LDS: Fall was a blessing. It brought mortality, ability to have children and physical death. Adam was given

conflicting commandments and was supposed to fall. (Doctrines of Salvation, vol. 1, pp. 111-116; Gospel Principles, pp. 31-33; 2 Nephi 2:25; Mormon Doctrine, pp. 268-269)

BIBLE: God intended obedience. Gen. 1:28. God tempts no one. (James 1:13-14). Man is sinful. (Rom. 5:12; 8:5-8; 1 Cor. 2:14)

Virgin Birth

LDS: Believe God, as a resurrected physical man, is literal Father of Jesus—same manner in which men are conceived on earth. Believe Matt. 1:18 is in error. (Mormon Doctrine, pp. 546-547,742)

BIBLE: Mary was "with child of the Holy Ghost." (Matt. 1:18; Luke 1:30-35)

Sin

LDS: Specific acts, not man's basic nature. Must know act is wrong to be a sin. (Mormon Doctrine, pp. 550, 735-736)

BIBLE: We are in spiritual rebellion until conversion. (Eph. 2:3; Rom. 5:6) We do not just commit sins; we are basically sinful. (Matt. 1:21; Jer. 17:9; Luke 5:32)

Forgiveness

LDS: Granted at end of process of repentance and reformed behavior (Mormon Doctrine, pp. 292-298; Gospel Principles, pp. 75-77, 123; Doctrine of Salvation, vol. 1, pp. 133-134)

BIBLE: Complete forgiveness granted the moment we turn to Christ. (Mark 2:5; Col. 2:13-14; Eph. 1:6-7)

Salvation by Grace

LDS: Believe Christ's death brought release from grave and universal resurrection. Salvation by grace is universal resurrection. Beyond this, man must earn his place in heaven. Saved by grace after all we can do. (Book of Mormon, 2 Nephi 25:23; Mormon Doctrine pp. 669-671)

BIBLE: Salvation is not limited to universal resurrection but gift of God to those who believe. (Rom. 1:16; Heb. 9:28; Eph. 2:8-9)

Redeemed

LDS: From mortal death only. Not same as Eternal Life. (Doctrine of Salvation, vol. 2, pp. 10-15)

BIBLE: Redeemed from more than mortal death; redeemed from spiritual death and given Eternal Life. (Rom. 6:23; Eph. 2:1; Gal. 4:4-5)

Gospel

LDS: Doctrines and commandments of the LDS Church. True gospel restored by Joseph Smith. (Mormon Doctrine, pp. 331, 334; Doctrine of Salvation, vol. 1, pp. 156-159)

BIBLE: Good news of Christ's death and resurrection as atonement for our sins. (1 Cor. 15:1-4; Gal. 1:6-8)

Born Again

LDS: Baptism into the LDS Church. (Mormon Doctrine, p. 101)

BIBLE: We are spiritually dead until our spiritual birth. (1 Peter 1:23; 2 Cor. 5:17; John 3:7, 14, 15)

True Church

LDS: Only the Mormon Church. The true church was taken from the earth until Joseph Smith restored it. (D&C 1:30; 115:3, 4; Mormon Doctrine, pp. 133, 136)

BIBLE: Not an organization; as born-again Christians we are part of God's Church. (1 Cor. 12:12-14; Matt. 16:18; 18:19-20)

Immortality

LDS: Universal gift. The ability to go to heaven and live forever but not same as Eternal Life. Lower level of heaven and unable to bear children. (D&C 14.7; Mormon Doctrine, pp. 237, 376-377, 670)

BIBLE: Makes no distinction between immortality and eternal life. No second-class citizens in heaven. (2 Tim. 1:10; John 3:15- 16)

Hell

LDS: Hell, as an institution is eternal—inmates come and go as in jail, but do not spend eternity there. Temporary. After debt is paid they will go to the Telestial Kingdom. (Mormon Doctrine, pp. 349-351)

BIBLE: No mention of people getting out of Hell. (Rev. 21:8; Matt. 13:24-43, 47-50; Luke 16:26)

Heaven

LDS: Divided into three kingdoms—Celestial, Terrestrial and Telestial. A place for almost everyone. (D&C 88:16-20; Misuse of 1 Cor. 15:40-41)

BIBLE: Only mentions two conditions—everlasting punishment or eternal life. (Matt. 25:31-46; 2 Thess. 1:7-10)

Kingdom of God

LDS: Means Celestial Kingdom. Only those in the Celestial Kingdom are in God's presence. Those in the Terrestrial or Telestial Kingdoms are not in the presence of the Father. (D&C 76:50-88; 131:1-4; 132:16-17)

BIBLE: All redeemed will be in God's presence. (Rev. 21:1-3) All believers are part of Kingdom. (Matt. 13:41-43)

Baptism

LDS: Must be performed by LDS priesthood. (Mormon Doctrine, pp. 69-72)

BIBLE: Emphasis is on Believer—not priesthood authority. (Matt. 28:19; Acts 2:37-41; 16:30-34)

Sons of God

LDS: We were all born in heaven, prior to earth, as literal spirit children of God and his wife. (Mormon Doctrine, pp. 589-590)

BIBLE: Spiritually adopted at conversion. (John 1:12; Gal. 3:26)

Eternal Life

LDS: Exaltation in Celestial Kingdom; godhood and ability to bear children in heaven. Must have a temple recommend and be sealed in Mormon temple. (D&C 131:1-4; 132:19-25, 30, 55)

BIBLE: Not limited to certain ones in the top part of heaven. No mention of parenthood or temple

marriage but is given to all true believers. (1 John 5:12-13; Luke 20:35-36)

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Bible and Book of Mormon Contradictions

BY SANDRA TANNER

 The Bible plainly states that the gospel, with its inclusion of Gentiles, was not fully revealed until after Christ's death.

Eph. 3:3-7 Paul writes: by revelation he made known unto me the mystery; (as I wrote afore in few words, whereby, when ye read, ye may understand my knowledge in the mystery of Christ) which in other ages was not made known unto the sons of men as it is now revealed unto his holy apostles and prophets by the Spirit; that the Gentiles should be fellow heirs, and of the same body, and partakers of his promise in Christ by the gospel: whereof I was made a minister... (See also Colossians 1:26; 1 Peter 1: 1-12; Romans 16:25-26)

However, the Book of Mormon maintains that this knowledge was had in 545 B.C.

- 2 Nephi 25:19 For according to the words of the prophets, the Messiah cometh... his name shall be Jesus Christ, the Son of God. ... (v. 23) For we labor . . . to persuade . . . our brethren, to believe in Christ, and to be reconciled to God; for we know that it is by grace that we are saved, after all we can do.
- 2 Nephi 26:12 And as I spake concerning the convincing of the Jews, that Jesus in the very Christ, it must needs be that the Gentiles be convinced also that Jesus is the Christ, the Eternal God;
- 2 Nephi 30:2 For behold, I say unto you that as many of the Gentiles as will repent are the covenant people of the Lord; and as many of the Jews as will not repent shall be cast off,

2 Nephi 31:17 For the gate by which ye should enter is repentance and baptism by water; and then cometh a remission of your sins by fire and the Holy Ghost.

2. During Jesus' ministry He spoke of His church as something in the future.

Matthew 16:18 And I say also unto thee, That thou art Peter, and upon this rock I will build my church; and the gates of hell shall not prevail against it.

After Christ's resurrection and the day of Pentecost we read: And the Lord added to the church daily such as should be saved. (Acts 2:47)

However, the Book of Mormon claims the Christian church was established as early as 147 B.C.

Mosiah 18:17 And they were called the church of God, or the church of Christ, from that time forward.

3. The Bible says believers were first called Christians after Paul's ministry in Antioch.

Acts 11:26 And it came to pass, that a whole year they assembled themselves with the church, and taught much people. And the disciples were called Christians first in Antioch.

However, the Book of Mormon claims people were known by this title as early as 73 B.C.

Alma 46:15 . . . yea, all those who were true believes in Christ took upon them, gladly, the name of Christ, or Christians as they were called, because of their belief in Christ who should come.

4. The Holy Ghost was bestowed on the Christians at the time of Pentecost.

Luke 24:49 And, behold, I send the promise of my Father unto you: but tarry ye in the city of Jerusalem, until ye be endued with power from on high.

Acts 2:1-4 And when the day of Pentecost was fully come, they were all with one accord in one place. . . . And they were all filled with the Holy Ghost...

Yet the Book of Mormon claims that people received the gift of the Holy Ghost as early as 545 B.C.

2 Nephi 31:12-13 ... the voice of the Son came unto me, saying: He that is baptized in my name, to him will the Father give the Holy Ghost, like unto me ... Wherefore, my beloved brethren ... by following your Lord and your Savior down into the water, according to his word, behold, then shall ye receive the Holy Ghost; yea, then cometh the baptism of fire and of the Holy Ghost...

5. In the Old Testament the only ones who could be priests were the descendants of Levi, one of the twelve sons of Israel.

Numbers 3:9-10 And thou shalt give the Levites unto Aaron and to his sons: they are wholly given unto him out of the children of Israel. And thou shalt appoint Aaron and his sons, and they shall wait on their priest's office: and the stranger that cometh nigh shall be put to death (see also Numbers 8:6-26).

However, the Book of Mormon story claims that descendants of the tribe of Manasseh (Alma 10:3) were made priests.

2 Nephi 5:26 And it came to pass that I, Nephi, did consecrate Jacob and Joseph, that they should be priests and teachers over the land of my people. 6. The Old Testament teaches that the first born of the flocks were to be given automatically to the Lord. Sacrifices were to be made from their remaining animals.

Exodus 13:12 That thou shalt set apart unto the Lord all that openeth the matrix, and every firstling that cometh of a beast which thou hast; the males shall be the Lord's (see also Exodus 13:2; 22:29-30; Numbers 3:13; 18:15-18; 2 Samuel 24:24).

Deuteronomy 12:6 And thither ye shall bring your burnt offerings, and your sacrifices, and your tithes, and heave offerings of your hand, and your vows, and your freewill offerings, and the firstlings of your herds and of your flocks.

The Book of Mormon claims that the Nephites were keeping the law of Moses. However, the Nephites broke the law of Moses by using the first of the flocks for burnt offerings. These should have already been given to the Lord as tithing.

Mosiah 2:3 And they also took of the firstlings of their flocks, that they might offer sacrifice and burnt offerings according to the law of Moses.

7. The Bible states that all of King Zedekiah's sons were killed.

Jeremiah 39:6 Then the king of Babylon slew the sons of Zedekiah in Riblah before his eyes.

Contrary to the Bible, the Book of Mormon claims that one son of King Zedekiah escaped destruction and came to the Americas.

Heleman 6:10 the land north was called Mulek, which was after the son of Zedekiah; for the Lord did bring Mulek into the land north (see also Heleman 8:21).

8. The Bible prophesied that Jesus would be born in Bethlehem.

Micah 5:2 But thou, Bethlehem Ephratah, though thou be little among the thousands of Judah, yet out of thee shall he come forth unto me that is to be ruler in Israel; whose goings forth have been from of old, from everlasting.

However, the Book of Mormon said he would be born at Jerusalem.

Alma 7:10 And behold, he shall be born of Mary, at Jerusalem which is the land of our forefathers, she being a virgin...

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SEVEN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN MORMONISM AND CHRISTIANITY

BY R.M. SIVULKA

Introduction

The purpose of this is to let you know seven differences between Mormonism and traditional Christianity (Catholic, Protestant, and Orthodox). Many would think that Mormonism is simply a part of Christianity, particularly since they are called "The Church of JESUS CHRIST of Latter-day Saints" (emphasis added). The problem is that we, as traditional Christians, think that Mormonism is teaching another Jesus than what the Bible teaches (cf. 2 Corinthians 11:3-4, 13-15).

The Seven Differences

1. Mormon scripture teaches that all the various Christian denominations, particularly the Presbyterians, Baptists, and Methodists, are all considered by Jesus Christ to be "wrong." When the Mormon prophet Joseph Smith, Jr. was questioning, as a 14-year-old boy, which of these churches to join, he claimed:

I was answered that I must join none of them, for they were all wrong; and the Personage who addressed me said that all their creeds were an abomination in his sight; that those professors were all corrupt; that: 'they draw near to me with their lips, but their hearts are far from me, they teach for doctrines the commandments of men, having a form of godliness, but they

deny the power thereof' (Joseph Smith--History 1:19, *Pearl of Great Price*, emphasis added, cf. 1:9).

Behold there are save two churches only; the one is the church of the Lamb of God, and the other is the church of the devil; wherefore, whoso belongeth not to the church of the Lamb of God belongeth to that great church, which is the mother of abominations; and she is the whore of all the earth (1 Nephi 14:10, Book of Mormon).

2. Mormon scripture, prophets and apostles teach that there is more than one god who created this world, that there are many gods who rule over other worlds, and that worthy Mormons may one day become gods themselves. Even though Mormons claim there is only one God for them, they still believe that the Father, Son, and Holy Spirit are separate gods who are only one in their purpose rather than in a personal being that they share eternally.

Three separate personages--Father, Son, and Holy Ghost--comprise the Godhead. As each of these persons is a God, it is evident, from this standpoint alone, that a *plurality of Gods* exists. To us, speaking in the proper finite sense, these three are the only Gods we worship. But in addition, there is an infinite number of holy personages, drawn from worlds without number, who have passed on to exaltation and are thus gods (Bruce R. McConkie, *Mormon Doctrine*, 576-7).

Here, then, is eternal life--to know the only wise and true God; and you have got to learn how to be Gods yourselves, and to be kings and priests to God, the same as all Gods have done before you, namely, by going from one small degree to another... until you attain to the resurrection of the dead, and are able to dwell in everlasting burnings, and to sit in glory, as do those who sit enthroned in everlasting power (Joseph Smith, Teachings of the Prophet Joseph Smith, 346-7).

"As man is God once was, as God is man may be" (Prophet Lorenzo Snow, *The Life of Lorenzo Snow* by Thomas C. Romney, 46).

"And then the Lord said: Let us go down. And they went down at the beginning, and they, that is the Gods, organized and formed the heavens and the earth" (Abraham 4:1, The Pearl of Great Price).

3. Mormon scripture, prophets and apostles teach that God the Father is an exalted man with flesh and bones.

God himself was once as we are now, and is an exalted man, and sits enthroned in yonder heavens! ...! say, if you were to see him today, you would see him like a man in form--like yourselves in all the person, image, and very form as a man; ...! am going to tell you how God came to be God. We have imagined and supposed that God was God from all eternity. I will refute that idea, and take away the veil, so that you may see (Smith, Teachings of the Prophet Joseph Smith, 345).

"The Father has a body of flesh and bones as tangible as man's" (Doctrine and Covenants 130:22).

4. Mormon prophets and apostles teach that God the Father has at least one wife by which we were all literally born from as spirit children prior to coming to this earth. Some of these prophets and apostles have even taught that Jesus had wives and children.

This glorious truth of celestial parentage, including specifically both a Father and a Mother, is heralded forth by song in one of the greatest of Latter-day Saint hymns. *O My Father* by Eliza R. Snow, written in 1843 during the lifetime of the Prophet, includes this teaching: *In the heavens are parents single?* No; the

thought makes reason stare! Truth is reason, truth eternal, Tells me I've a Mother there. When I leave this frail existence, When I lay this mortal by, Father, Mother, may I meet you In your royal courts on high? (McConkie, Mormon Doctrine, 516-7).

We have now clearly shown that God the Father had a plurality of wives, one or more being in eternity, by whom He begat our spirits as well as the Spirit of Jesus His First Born, and another being upon the earth by whom He begat the tabernacle of Jesus, as His Only Begotten in this world. We have also proved most clearly that the Son followed the example of his Father, and became the great Bridegroom to whom kings' daughters and many honorable Wives were to be married (Apostle Orson Pratt, *The Seer, 172*).

When our father Adam came into the garden of Eden, he came into it with a *celestial body*, and brought Eve, *one of his wives*, with him. He helped to make and organize this world. He is MICHAEL, the Archangel, the ANCIENT OF DAYS! about whom holy men have written and spoken--He is our FATHER and our God, and the only God with whom WE have to do (Prophet Brigham Young, Journal of Discourses, vol. 1, 50).

NOTE: Most Mormons are unaware that Brigham Young in fact taught that Adam was the God of this world. Only members of fundamentalist Mormon groups (not affiliated with The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter- day Saints) hold to this doctrine today. Regardless of this identification of God as being Adam, no one denies that Young believed that God the Father has more than one wife.

5. Mormon prophets and apostles teach that God the Father had a Father whom He followed as Jesus had followed Him. This follows from the preceding points.

If Abraham reasoned thus—If Jesus Christ was the Son of God, and John discovered that God the Father of Jesus Christ had a Father, you may suppose that He had a Father also. Where was there ever a son without a father? And where was there ever a father without first being a son? Whenever did a tree or anything spring into existence without a progenitor? And everything comes in this way. ...Hence if Jesus had a Father, can we not believe that He had a Father also? I despise the idea of being scared to death at such a doctrine, for the Bible is full of it.

I want you to pay particular attention to what I am saying. Jesus said that the Father wrought precisely in the same way as His Father had done before Him. As the Father had done before? He laid down His life, and took it up the same as His Father had done before (Smith, Teachings of the Prophet Joseph Smith, 373).

6. Mormon prophets and apostles teach that there are many things that Jesus did not create. For example, He did not create our spirits, nor did He create Lucifer, nor did He even create the planet that He was born on as a spirit. The reason for this is because Mormons believe that Jesus and Lucifer are literally brothers, and we as humans are all the younger brothers and sisters of them. We were all born of heavenly parents, who did the creating work of their world (not all worlds whatsoever) before we arrived spiritually in heaven.

The appointment of Jesus to be the Savior of the world was contested by one of the other sons of God. He was called Lucifer, son of the morning. Haughty, ambitious, and covetous of power and glory, this spirit-brother of Jesus desperately tried to become the Savior of mankind (Milton R. Hunter, *The Gospel through the Ages*, 15).

7. Mormon prophets and apostles teach that we should not pray directly to Jesus. Rather, they can only pray directly to the Father in the name of Jesus.

Apostle Bruce McConkie said concerning the Father, He is the one to whom we have direct access by prayer, and if there were some need -- which there is not -- to single out one member of the Godhead, for a special relationship, the Father, not the Son, would be the one to choose. Our relationship with the Son is one of brother or sister in the pre-mortal life. Referring to "others who have an excessive zeal," McConkie went on to say that they devote themselves to gaining a special, personal relationship with Christ that is both improper and perilous. ...Another peril is that those so involved often begin to pray directly to Christ because of some special friendship they feel has been developed. ...This is plain sectarian nonsense. Our prayers are addressed to the Father and to Him only (BYU Devotional [March 2, 1982], 17, 19 & 20).

A Christian Response

Some Mormons may quibble that some of these sources are non-scriptural, and are thus simply the opinions of men with no binding authority. But the Bible says that if so-called prophets and apostles teach other gods than what God has already clearly revealed about Himself, we are to consider them to be false (cf. Deuteronomy 13:1-5; 2 Corinthians 11:3-4, 13-15; & Galatians 1:6-9). What difference does it make if the preceding sources are deemed by the Mormon Church to be scriptural or not? If this is truly what they taught, then it seems quite obvious that these individuals are not teaching the God of the Bible, and thus should be considered as non-Christian (i.e., they are not following the true Christ).

Mormons also quibble that the Bible is full of errors and has been through many a translation such that many "plain and

precious truths" have been left out of the translation we have today. Thus, Mormons unauestionably rest their faith in what their church tells them to believe, so long as they receive affirmation from what is called a "burning in their bosoms." Christians, on the other hand, find no reason to think that many truths have been taken from Scripture. Why is it that all the various manuscripts of the Hebrew, Aramaic, and Greek Scriptures, from which all the various versions come, are remarkably consistent with each other? Where is all the evidence that these manuscripts were cut up in such a way so as to delete the "plain and precious truths" found today in the restored Mormon Scriptures? Christians find no reason to doubt the words of the Lord Jesus when He said, "Scripture cannot be broken" (John 10:35), and "[h]eaven and earth shall pass away but my words shall not pass away" (Mat. 24:35). It is the word of God, not our "burning in our bosoms," that is a light to our path (Psalm 119:105).

The Christian interpretation of the Bible teaches that there was only one Being (not a team of Gods that formed a Godhead) who did the creation work of any world in the entire universe (not some proper subset of it) (Isaiah 43:10; 44:6, 8, 24; 45:12; & 46:9). Of course, other "gods" are mentioned in Scripture, but they are consistently referred to as false gods or idols that are not gods by nature (Ps. 96:5; 1 Cor. 8:1-6; & Gal. 4:8). (Some Mormons have attempted to support their polytheism by likening themselves to early Christian fathers and other Christian theologians in their view of the deification of humans. But the latter still believe in only one true God by nature, and hold that humans can never attain the unique features of God like omnipotence, eternality, omnipresence, etc. Consequently, Christian deification does not teach that humans can literally become gods. Instead, it teaches that humans are "deified" in the sense that the Holy Spirit transforms Christian believers into the image of God, modeled perfectly in the human nature

of Christ, by endowing them in the resurrection with immortality and God's perfect *moral* character.)

The Bible also teaches that God is not *limited* to a body that He *needs* to become a God. He is too great for a body (1 Kings 8:27 & Jn. 4:21-24). He is God *unchangeably* from everlasting to everlasting (Malachi 3:6 & Ps. 90:2). This is why God has a completely different nature from man. He is not a mere man, nor an exalted man, since He is not a man at all (Hosea 11:9).

The Bible also teaches that Jesus created everything that was ever created from the beginning of heaven and earth (Jn. 1:1-3, 14 & Colossians 1:15-18). Hence, wherever humans or Lucifer were made, they were all made by Jesus. This is why Christians have no problem praying to Jesus (cf. Stephen's prayer in Acts 7:59).

Jesus told us not just to pray to the Father, but to Himself as well (Jn. 14:14—Greek says, "If you ask me anything in my name, I will do it"). Whether Jesus is physically present or not is irrelevant, since He claimed to be with us always anyway (Mat. 18:20 & 28:20). Though He became fully man, He has always been fully God and ought to be treated as such (Jn. 1:1 & 14; 5:18 & 23; Romans 9:5; Philippians 2:5-10; Col. 2:9; Revelation 1:8, 17-18; & 22:6-20). Since Jesus is the only Son of God with the nature of God ("only begotten" in Greek means "one of a kind or genus"), He is God the Son (Jn. 1:18).

More specifically, He is the *second* person of God. The Christian God is more than one person; *He* is actually three persons (Father, Son, and Holy Spirit) who are not unlike radically connected Siamese twins (compare Isa. 44:24 with Genesis 1:26--the being of God created *alone* with the plurality of persons that His being is comprised of). There was never a time when one of the persons was without the others. They are

eternally distinct persons while eternally inseparable in being as well as purpose.

Your eternal salvation depends on whether you really know God or not. Jesus said, "[I]f ye believe not that I am *he*, ye shall die in your sins" (Jn. 8:24). Please consider praying to God (Father, Son, or Holy Spirit), asking Him to cleanse you from all your sins, particularly of following another god and another Jesus, and then repent from those idols by leaving the Mormon Church. Then please consider committing yourself to a genuinely "Christian" denomination in order to grow in your new spiritual life.

All citations to **Teachings of the Prophet Joseph Smith** use the pre-2002 edition.

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FALL OF THE BOOK OF ABRAHAM

BY UTAH LIGHTHOUSE MINISTRY

According to Mormon writers, the "Book of Abraham" was supposed to have been written on papyrus by Abraham about 4,000 years ago. This very same papyrus, it is claimed, was acquired by Joseph Smith in 1835. Smith translated the papyrus and published it under the title, "The Book of Abraham." It was accepted by the Mormon Church as Scripture and is now published as part of the *Pearl of Great Price*—one of the four standard works of the church.

For many years Joseph Smith's collection of papyri was lost, but on Nov. 27, 1967, the Mormon-owned *Deseret News* announced that the "collection of papyrus manuscripts, long believed to have been destroyed in the Chicago fire of 1871, was presented to The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints here Monday by the Metropolitan Museum of Art."

The importance of this find cannot be overemphasized, for now Joseph Smith's ability as a translator of ancient Egyptian writing can be put to an absolute test. When the papyri were located many members of the church felt that Joseph Smith's work would be vindicated. As it turned out, however, within six months from the time the Metropolitan Museum gave the papyri to the church, the Book of Abraham had been proven untrue! The fall of the Book of Abraham was brought about by the identification of the actual fragment of papyrus from which Joseph Smith "translated" the Book of Abraham. This was made possible by comparing it with the handwritten manuscripts. Dr. James R. Clark, of Brigham Young University, gave this information:

... there are in existence today in the Church Historian's Office what seem to be two separate manuscripts of Joseph Smith's translations from the papyrus rolls. ... One manuscript is the Alphabet and Grammar. ... Within this Alphabet and Grammar there is a copy of the characters, together with their translation of Abraham 1:4-28... (*The Story of the Pearl of Great Price*, 1962, pp. 172-73)

In the publication, *Pearl of Great Price Conference*, Dec. 10, 1960, 1964 ed., pp. 60-61, Dr. Clark referred to a longer manuscript:

I have in my possession a photostatic copy of the manuscript of the Prophet Joseph Smith's translation of Abraham 1:1 to 2:18 ... The characters from which our present book of Abraham was translated are down the left-hand column and Joseph Smith's translation opposite, so we know approximately how much material was translated from each character.

All of the first two rows of characters on the papyrus fragment can he found in the manuscript of the Book of Abraham that is published in *Joseph Smith's Egyptian Alphabet and Grammar*. On the cover of this tract is a photograph of the original fragment of papyrus from which Joseph Smith was supposed to have translated the Book of Abraham. A careful examination of the original manuscripts in the handwriting of Joseph Smith's scribes reveals that Smith used less than four lines from this papyrus to make forty-nine verses in the book of Abraham. These forty-nine verses are composed of more than 2,000 English words!

Klaus Baer, an Egyptologist at the University of Chicago, concluded concerning the "Sensen" fragment: "Joseph Smith thought that this papyrus contained the Book of Abraham."

(*Dialogue*: A Journal of Mormon Thought, Autumn 1968, p. 111) Although the noted Mormon apologist Dr. Hugh Nibley later proposed some fantastic theories in an attempt to divorce the Egyptian papyri from the Book of Abraham, at a meeting held at the University of Utah on May 20, 1968, he frankly spoke of

the fact that, the very definite fact that, one of the fragments seemed to supply all of the symbols for the Book of Abraham. This was the little "Sensen" scroll.

When Egyptologists translated this piece of papyrus, they found that it contained absolutely nothing concerning Abraham. Instead, it turned out to be a pagan funerary text known as the "Book of Breathings," a work which actually evolved from the Egyptian Book of the Dead. The Book of Breathings did not come into existence until the later stages of Egyptian history—just a few centuries before the time of Christ. Like the Book of the Dead, it was buried with those who died in ancient Egypt. It is filled with magic and pagan gods. It was obviously written by a very superstitious people, and is quite different from the religion taught in the Bible.

The fact that the papyrus Joseph Smith used as the basis for his Book of Abraham is in reality the Book of Breathings cannot be disputed because the name "Book of Breathings" appears clearly on the fourth line of the fragment. In 1968 two Egyptologists from the University of Chicago's Oriental Institute, Professors John A. Wilson and Klaus Baer, identified the papyrus as the "Book of Breathings." A translation by Klaus Baer was printed in *Dialogue: A Journal of Mormon Thought*, Autumn 1968, pp. 119- 20. Professor Richard A Parker, Chairman of the Department of Egyptology at Brown University also translated the papyrus. Professor Hugh Nibley stated that "Parker is the best man in America for this particular period and style of writing" Professor Parker's translation reads as follows:

- 1. [......] this great pool of Khonsu
- 2. [Osiris Hor, justified], born of Taykhebyt, a man likewise.
- 3. After (his) two arms are fastened to his breast, one wraps the Book of Breathings, which is with writing both inside and outside of it, with royal linen, it being placed (at) his left arm
- 4. near his heart, this having been done at his
- 5. wrapping and outside it. If this book be recited for him, then
- 6. he will breath like the soul [s of the gods] forever and
- 7. ever.

(Dialogue A Journal of Mormon Thought, Summer 1968, p. 98)

Except for a few minor variations, other renditions of the text agree with Professor Parker's. The Book of Abraham, therefore, has been proven to be a spurious translation. Egyptologists find no mention of either Abraham or his religion in this text. The average number of words that the Egyptologist used to convey the message in this text is eighty-seven, whereas Joseph Smith's rendition contains thousands of words. In one case Joseph Smith derived 177 English words out of the word "Khon"— the name of an Egyptian moon god! It is impossible to escape the conclusion that the Book of Abraham is a product of Joseph Smith's imagination.

Since the original papyrus contains nothing about Abraham, some Mormon apologists have suggested that Joseph Smith may have obtained the Book of Abraham by way of direct revelation and not from the papyrus. Those who try to use this escape will find themselves trapped by the words of Joseph Smith himself. At the beginning of the handwritten manuscript, Joseph Smith asserted that it was a "Translation of the Book of

Abraham written by his own hand **upon papyrus** and found in the catacombs of Egypt." The introduction to the Book of Abraham still maintains that it was "**Translated From The Papyrus**, By Joseph Smith" (*Pearl of Great Price*, The Book of Abraham, Introduction). If the Book of Abraham is not an actual translation of the papyrus, then it is obvious that the introduction to it that appears in the *Pearl of Great Price* is a complete misrepresentation. Joseph Smith not only claimed that he translated it from the papyrus, but according to the *History of the Church*, vol. 2, p. 351, he affirmed that it was "a **correct translation**."

The contents of the Book of Breathings are certainly foreign to the teachings concerning Abraham found in the Bible. The Bible says he rejected paganism, whereas the Book of Breathings is filled with pagan gods and practices. The names of at least fifteen Egyptian gods or goddesses are mentioned on the "Sensen" papyri which Joseph Smith had in his possession, but there is not one word about Abraham.

The Mormon leaders face a serious dilemma. They cannot repudiate the Book of Abraham without raising the question of Joseph Smith's ability to "translate" the Book of Mormon.

For more information on the Book of Abraham and many other subjects see the book, *Major Problems of Mormonism*, available from Utah Lighthouse Ministry.

Utah Lighthouse Ministry

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CHEAT SHEET FOR WITNESSING TO MORMONS

BY R.M. SIVULKA

Familiarizing Yourself w/ the Book of Mormon

- 1. Read All Chapter Headings in B.O.M.
- 2. Read 1 Nephi; Alma 1-11; 3 Nephi; Moroni 8-10

Importance of Knowing God and Jesus

- 1. Deuteronomy 13
- 2. Exodus 20:3
- 3. Matthew 24:24
- 4. John 8:24
- 5. Jn. 17:3
- 6. 1 Corinthians 6:7-9; 2 Cor. 11:3-4; 5-13

One God

- 1. Isa. 40:12-26
- 2. Isa. 43:10
- 3. Isa. 44:6, 8, 24
- 4. Isa. 45:12
- 5. Jn. 17:3
- 6. Romans 11:6-33
- 7. Alma 11:24-31

God Is Triune

- 1. Genesis 1:26
- 2. Isa. 48:7-12
- 3. Mat. 3:16
- 4. Mat. 4:10
- 5. Mat. 28:16-20

Christ Created Everything

- 1. Jn. 1:1-3, 14
- 2. Rom. 9:5
- 3. Colossians 1:9-13
- 4. 3 Nephi 9:15

Saved by Grace

- 1. Rom. 3:20
- 2. Rom. 4:5
- 3. Rom. 11:6
- 4. Gal. 2:16
- 5. Ephesians 2:8-10
- 6. 1 Jn. 5:3-10

Searching Scripture to Test

- 1. Psalms 119:105
- 2. Proverbs 28:9
- 3. Isaiah 40:8
- 4. Jn. 10:35
- 5. Acts 17:1-10
- 6. Galatians 1:6-9
- 7. 1 Thessalonians 5:21
- 8. 2 Timothy 2:15

God Is Omnipresent

- 1.1 Kings 8:27
- 2. Jer. 23:24
- 3. Jn. 4:4-20

God Is Not a Man

- 1. Hosea 11:9
- 2. Ezekiel 28:2, 9
- 3. Acts 14:15

Jesus Is God and Man

- 1. Jn. 1:1, 14
- 2. Philippians 2:5-10
- 3. 1 Tim. 2:5

Beware of the Heart

- 1. Prov. 14:12
- 2. Prov. 28:26
- 3. Jeremiah 17:9
- 4. 2 Thes. 2:11

God Is Unchanging

- 1. Malachi 3:6
- 2. Hebrews 13:8
- 3. Mormon 9:9
- 4. Moroni 8:18

God Is God by Nature

- 1. Ps. 90:2
- 2. Gal. 4:8

Praying to Jesus

- 1. Jn. 5:18, 23
- 2. Jn. 14:14 (Greek—"ask me")
- 3. Acts 7:59
- 4. 1 Cor. 1:2
- 5. 1 Jn. 5:5-13

Baptism Not Necessary

- 1. Verses cited under "Saved by Grace"
- 2. Luke 23:39-43 (2 Cor. 12:2-4)
- 3. Acts 10:8-44
- 4. 1 Cor. 1:17



Saved by Works Also

- 1.1 Ne. 3:7
- 2. 2 Ne. 25:23
- 3. Mosiah 4:30
- 4. Alma 5:27-36
- 5. Alma 11:37
- 6. Moroni 10:32
- 7. D&C 1:2-31
- 8. D&C 25:6-15
- 9. D&C 58:3-42
- 10. D&C 82:7
- 11. 3rd Article of Faith

Cross

- 1. Lk. 9:23
- 2.1 Cor. 1:18
- 3. Gal. 6:14
- 4. 1 Pt. 2:24

No Total Apostasy

- 1. Mt. 16:18
- 2. Eph. 3:21

Racism in Book of Mormon

- 1. 2 Ne. 5:21
- 2. Alma 3:6
- 3. 3 Ne. 2:6-14

Contradicting Scriptures

- 1. Alma 11:24-31, 44 & D&C 132:20; Abraham 4-5
- 2. Alma 34:36 & D&C 130:3
- 3. Jacob 2:22-35 & D&C 132:9-38
- 4. 3 Ne. 30:2 & D&C 42:18

All Sins Are Paid

- 1. Mat. 18:2-21
- 2. 1 Cor. 15:3
- 3. 2 Cor. 5:14-21
- 4. 1 Jn. 1:8-2:2

Priesthood

- 1. Jn. 1:12
- 2. Gal. 3:9-26
- 3.1 Tim. 2:5
- 4. Heb. 4:4
- 5. Heb. 5:9-10
- 6. Heb. 7:11-8:2
- 7. 1 Peter 2:5, 9

Changes in Book of Mormon

- 1. Mosiah 21:28: "Mosiah" from "Benjamin" in 1830 ed. (200)
- 2. 2 Ne. 12:9: "boweth not" from "boweth" (87)
- 3. Alma 5:48: "Son, the Only Begotten of the Father" from "Son of the only begotten of the Father" (236)

Correcting Others

- 1. Prov. 27:6
- 2. Ezk. 33:1-11
- 3. Mat. 23
- 4. Lk. 13:17
- 5. Acts 17
- 6. 2 Tim. 4:2-3
- 7.1 Pe. 3:15
- 8. Jude 3
- 9. Helaman 13
- 10. D&C 71:7-8

Not All Sins Are Paid

- 1. D&C 42:18, 9-25
- 2. Journal of Discourses 3:247

False Prophecy

- 1. Deut. 18:2-21
- 2. D&C 84:3-5; 124:49-55
- 3. D&C 87:2-3

Book of Mormon Translated by God

1. D&C 1:29

Only This Life to Be God's or the Devil's

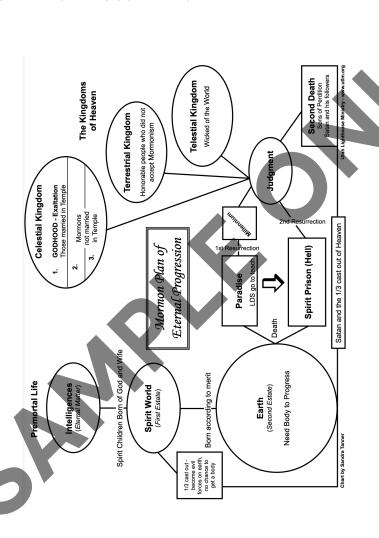
- 1. Rom. 1:18-2:16
- 2. Heb. 9:27
- 3. Mosiah 2:9-36
- 4. Alma 34:5-32

Compiled by R. M. Sivulka
President, Courageous Christians United MormonInfo.org



ETERNAL PROGRESSION CHART

BY UTAH LIGHTHOUSE MINISTRY



"Biblical Gift of Eternal Life" Chart

BY TRI-GRACE MINISTRIES

JESUS CHRIST'S GOSPEL – ETERNAL LIFE IS A FREE GIFT OF GRACE

Ephesians 2:8-9 "By grace are ye saved through faith; and that not of yourselves: it is the gift of God: Not of works, lest any man should boast."

JESUS CHRIST'S TESTIMONY OF ETERNAL LIFE

John 3:14-18, 36 "As Moses lifted up the serpent in the wilderness, even so must the Son of man be lifted up: That whosoever believeth in him should not perish, but have eternal life. For God so loved the world, that he gave his only begotten Son, that whosoever believeth in him should not perish, but have everlasting life. For God sent not his Son into the world to condemn the world; but that the world through him might be saved. He that believeth on him is not condemned: but he that believeth not is condemned already, because he hath not believed in the name of the only begotten Son of God... He that believeth on the Son hath everlasting life: and he that believeth not the Son shall not see life; but the wrath of God abideth on him."

GOD THE FATHER'S TESTIMONY OF ETERNAL LIFE

1 John 5:9-13 "If we receive the witness of men, the witness of God is greater: for this is the witness of God which he hath testified of his Son. He that believeth on the Son of God hath the witness in himself: he that believeth not God hath made him a liar; because he believeth not the record that God gave of his Son. And this is the record, that God hath given to us eternal life, and this life is in his Son. He that hath the Son hath life; and he that hath not the Son of God hath not life. These things have I written unto you that believe on the name of the Son of God; that ye may know that ye have eternal life, and that ye may believe on the name of the Son of God."

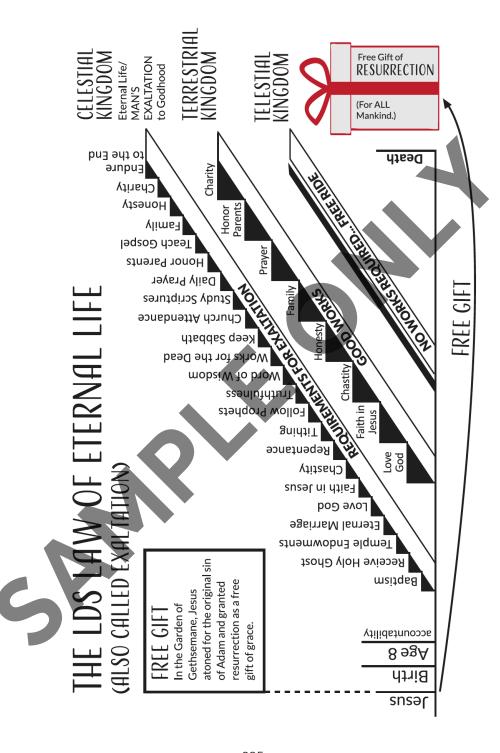
Romans 6:23 "The wages of sin is death; but the gift of God is eternal life through Jesus Christ our Lord"

Romans 3:24 "Being justified freely by his grace through the redemption that is in Christ Jesus."

John 6:28-29 "Then they said to him, "What must we do, to be doing the works of God?" Jesus answered them, "This is the work of God, that you believe in him whom he has sent."

The Biblical Gift of Eternal Life is obedience and EXALTS JESUS





LUCIFER'S FALSE GOSPEL - ETERNAL LIFE IS EARNED THROUGH SELF-EXALTATION

Isaiah 14:12-15 "How art thou fallen from heaven, O Lucifer, son of the morning! how art thou cut down to the ground, which didst weaken the nations! For thou hast said in thine heart, I will ascend into heaven, I will exalt my throne above the stars of God: I will sit also upon the mount of the congregation, in the sides of the north: I will ascend above the heights of the clouds; I will be like the most High. Yet thou shalt be brought down to hell, to the sides of the pit.

Lucifer's false gospel is self-exaltation—a desire for godhood.

ADAM AND EVE WERE DECEIVED BY LUCIFER'S FALSE GOSPEL

Genesis 3:1-6, 11 The Serpent, "said unto the woman, Yea, hath God said, Ye shall not eat of every tree of the garden? And the woman said unto the serpent, We may eat of the fruit of the trees of the garden: But of the fruit of the tree which is in the midst of the garden, God hath said, Ye shall not eat of it, neither shall ye touch it, lest ye die. And the serpent said unto the woman, Ye shall not surely die: For God doth know that in the day ye eat thereof, then your eyes shall be opened, and ye shall be as gods, knowing good and evil. And when the woman saw that the tree was good for food, and that it was pleasant to the eyes, and a tree to be desired to make one wise, she took of the fruit thereof, and did eat, and gave also unto her husband with her; and he did eat... [but the LORD said] Hast thou eaten of the tree, whereof I commanded thee that thou shouldest not eat?"

LUCIFER NEVER SPEAKS TRUTH OR PERSUADES TO DO GOOD

John 8:44 The Devil, "Abode not in the truth, because there is no truth in him. When he speaketh a lie, he speaketh of his own: for he is a liar, and the father of it."

(Book of Mormon) Moroni 7:17 "After this manner doth the devil work, for he persuadeth no man to do good, no, not one."

THE LORD ALONE WILL BE EXALTED IN THE FINAL DAY

Is. 2:11,17 "The loftiness of man shall be bowed down, and the haughtiness of men shall be made low: and **the LORD alone shall be exalted** in that day." **The LDS Law of Eternal Life is rebellion and EXALTS MAN**

Helpful Videos, Books, & Online Resources

Keep Learning, Keep Reading, Keep Growing...

Videos

Use these videos to help you in your knowledge.

- DNA us. the Book of Mormon. Joel Kramer and Jeremy Reyes. Living Hope Ministries, 2003.
- The Bible us. Joseph Smith. Joel Kramer. Living Hope Ministries
- The Book of Mormon us. the Bible. Joel Kramer and Scott. Johnson. Living Hope Ministries, 2005.

Books

Add these books to your bookshelf.

- Bill McKeever and Eric Johnson, Answering Mormons' Questions: Ready Responses for Inquiring Latter-day Saints (Grand Rapids: Kregel Purlishers, 2012).
- Eric Johnson & Sean McDowell, eds., Sharing the Good News with Mormons: Practical Strategies for Getting the Conversation Started (Eugene, OR: Harvest House, 2019)

Online Resources

Check out these websites as you search for the answers to you questions.

- Mormonism Research Ministry | www.mrm.org
- Utah Lighthouse Ministry | www.utlm.org



MAVEN



SECTION SIX

NOTES

WRITE, JOURNAL, DRAW, OR...

Use the following pages to take notes while listening to a speaker, while having a conversation, for journaling during trainings or just needing to remember something. Use these pages however you want!

This guidebook is yours and it will be one of your great treasures and souvenirs from this trip. Use these blank pages for whatever you need.

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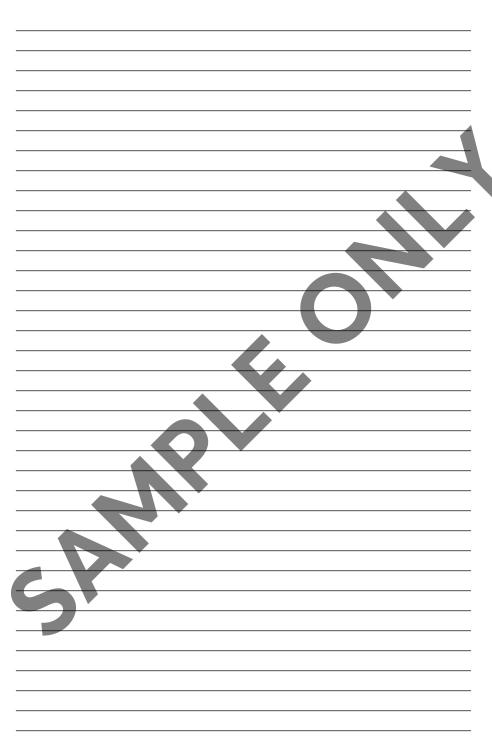
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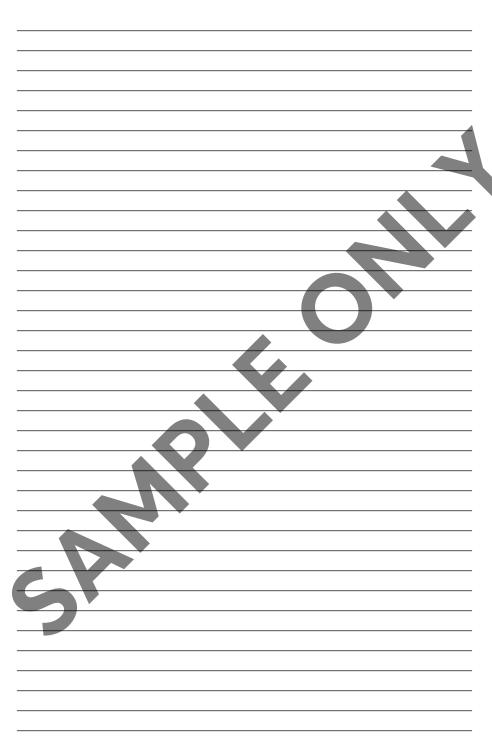
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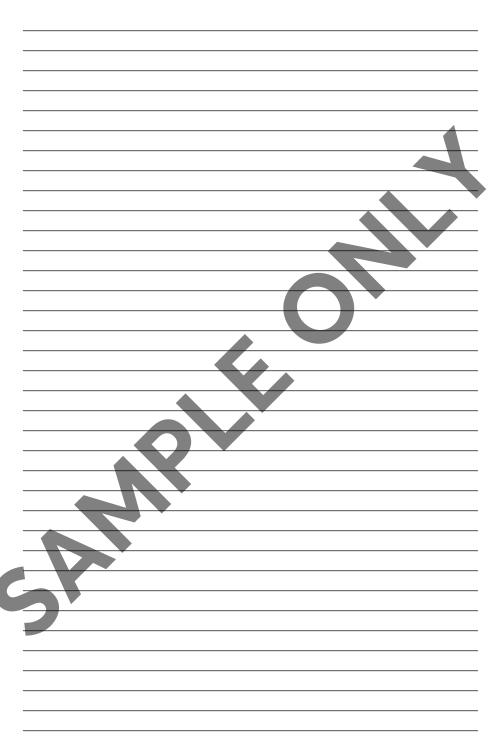
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Afterword

Around 2012, I met Brett Kunkle, who at the time was reaching youth all over America through Stand to Reason. Brett and his family began attending Grace Fellowship Church in Costa Mesa, California, where I was the youth pastor between 2008 and 2019. Brett and his wife Erin quickly began involving their five children in our youth ministry and started sharing their gifting with our youth as well.

God brought me into youth ministry months after getting my Bachelor of Arts from Oregon, where I studied business entrepreneurship and journalism. I had no formal Biblical, Worldview, or Apologetics training. Brett slowly took me under his wing and began to mentor me. When Brett first invited my youth group to attend an immersive experience with him to Salt Lake City, Utah, to talk with Mormons about their beliefs, I kindly rejected the offer. I told him it was because our schedule was already set for the next year and we wouldn't be able to make the change.

Although this was indeed true, the real reason was because I feared to introduce my students to something I myself was unfamiliar with and scared of. The next year I once again set up our schedule without an immersive experience included.

However, it was that year I took my students to Hume Lake Christian Camps, where Brett was teaching a breakout session for high school students to ask *any* question they had about God, faith, Christianity, or the Bible. This breakout session was during our free time where I'd paid and signed our group up for a high ropes course.

When Brett gave his seminar pitch during chapel that morning a few of my students approached me asking if they could skip our high ropes experience to attend his Q&A. I thought I would be sent to eternal damnation if I said *no*, so I obediently told them I'd be open to this but informed them we wouldn't get a refund. This was my attempt of throwing on a little guilt.

When free time came, not one of my fifty students showed up for our high ropes time together. All fifty went to sit in and hear Brett's Q&A seminar where my students and many others asked questions about sexuality, God, family, the Bible, and more. Each question was real and was hard. I couldn't believe Brett had the courage to put himself through this, but I soon realized the Q&A wasn't difficult for him and he was well-trained and equipped in understanding each argument and objection.

As I listened to the entire Q&A intently, I had the epiphany my high school students (and those from other churches) really wanted the church to answer the difficult questions they were asking due to being raised in a non-Christian culture.

It was right after this seminar Lapproached Brett and shared with him my epiphany and I was ready to introduce apologetics and his Immersive Experiences into my youth ministry. I was ready to humble myself and journey with my students in learning all we needed in order to appropriately defend our faith and converse tactfully and lovingly with non-believers.

I began taking students on these trips in the summer of 2014 and have not missed a trip since. I began with the Biblical Immersive Experience, then the Apologetics Immersive Experience, and lastly the Worldview Immersive Experience.

It was after the Apologetics Immersive Experience when Brett and I together created the Worldview Immersive Experience,

which created a three-year immersive experience cycle I continued with my students.

The youth ministry I served ran camps, retreats, events, traditional mission trips, and more, but none were proven to be more impactful than MAVEN's Immersive Experiences.

The Biblical Immersive Experience, which you are embarking on through this guidebook, has been a true gift to students, and especially to my seniors as they get ready to head off into colleges where their faith will be challenged to new levels.

I am proud of you for attending this trip and for having the courage to engage in an immersive experience, which will forever change you. You may have pushback from your church, parents, and/or peers but stay strong, be prayerful, and engage in this trip with everything you have.

Use this guidebook as a phenomenal tool as you prepare, embark on, and debrief your trip. This guidebook has been tweaked and perfected since 2014 to help attendees get as much out of this trip as possible.

My prayer is sincerely with you as you engage Mormons.

Chad Merrihew

Acknowledgments

MAVEN would like to thank OVERFLOW the Youth at Grace Fellowship Church in Costa Mesa, CA, and all the hands included in this publication for their belief in these trips and for the support and help in making this guidebook possible.

Thank you, Chad Merrihew and Jessica McDonald, for sharing your trip journal which you two have honed so thoroughly over the years with thousands of students. This section of the guidebook will help each student embarking on our Biblical Immersive Experience to faithfully process each day as they encounter atheists and skeptics who will challenge their faith.

Thank you to all those who have donated time, talent, and treasure to produce this guidebook and the associated training videos which are a critical part of our Biblical Immersive Experience. Your gift was a gift from the Lord.

Thank you Glenn Pinson (MAVEN's Immersive Experience Director) for your true belief and daily commitment to Maven's Immersive Experiences.

And, lastly, thank you to MAVEN's board for your time, support, and resources in making this Immersive Experience and guidebook possible.

